

**THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS  
STEVE HICKS SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK**

<b>Course Number:</b>	SW 388R12	<b>Instructor's name:</b>	Catherine Cubbin, PhD <a href="mailto:ccubbin@austin.utexas.edu">ccubbin@austin.utexas.edu</a>
<b>Unique Number:</b>	60380	<b>Office:</b>	SWB 3.208G
<b>Semester:</b>	Spring, 2024	<b>Office Phone:</b>	512-232-0625
<b>Meeting Time/Place:</b>	Tuesdays, 8:30-11:30 SSW 1.212	<b>Office Hours:</b>	Tuesdays 11:30am-12:30pm Or by appointment

**HIERARCHICAL LINEAR MODELING**

**I. Course Description**

This applied, hands-on course for doctoral students provides an introduction to the basic concepts and applications of hierarchical linear models. The course will cover applications in social sciences research (e.g., neighborhood effects research, school effects research), growth curve modeling (e.g., repeated measures on individuals), as well as introduce models for dichotomous outcomes. Topics will include multilevel data structures, model building and testing, fixed and random effects, and interpretation of results. Students are expected to have taken regression analysis. Depending on the software selected for the course, students may be required to complete training in the form of a workshop or tutorials before the first day of class.

**II. Course Objectives**

At the end of this course, students should be able to:

1. Specify a social science research question requiring hierarchical linear modeling
2. Understand when and why hierarchical linear models should be used
3. Apply hierarchical linear models to nested data
4. Correctly interpret analysis results from hierarchical linear models
5. Effectively communicate analysis results in writing

**III. Teaching Methods**

The primary means of instruction will be interactive lectures, guest lectures, hands-on in-class and take-home exercises, computer exercises working with SAS, and class discussions from the assigned readings. Students will be expected to have done the assigned reading and activities before class and to actively participate in class.

**IV. Required Texts and Materials**

Hox, J. J. (2010). *Multilevel analysis: Techniques and applications* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). New York, NY: Routledge.  
Luke, D. A. (2004). *Multilevel Modeling*. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage. ISBN: 9780761928799

Provided on Canvas:

Beretvas SN. Cross-Classified Random Effects Models, Chapter of *Multilevel Analysis of Educational Data*.

- Carroll-Scott A, Gilstad-Hayden K, Rosenthal L, Eldahan A, McCaslin C, Peters SM, Ickovics JR. Associations of neighborhood and school socioeconomic and social contexts with body mass index among urban preadolescent students. *American Journal of Public Health* 2015; 105: 496-502.
- Cubbin C, Pickle LW and Fingerhut L. Social context and geographic patterns of homicide among U.S. Black and White males. *American Journal of Public Health* 2000; 90: 579-587.
- Cubbin C and Winkleby MA. Protective and harmful effects of neighborhood-level deprivation on individual-level health knowledge, behavior changes, and risk of coronary heart disease. *American Journal of Epidemiology* 2005; 162: 559-568.
- Cummins S, et al. Understanding and representing 'place' in health research: A relational approach. *Social Science & Medicine* 2007; 65: 1825-1838.
- Diez-Roux AV. Multilevel analysis in public health research. *Annu Rev Public Health* 2000; 21: 171-192.
- Division of Statistics + Scientific Computation, 2015. Multilevel Modeling Tutorial Using SAS, Stata, HLM, R, SPSS, and Mplus.
- Duncan C, Jones K, Moon G. Context, composition and heterogeneity: Using multilevel modeling in health research. *Soc Sci Med* 1998; 46: 97-117.
- Dunn EC, Milliren CE, Evans C, Subramanian SV, Richmond TK. (2015). Disentangling the relative influence of schools and neighborhoods on adolescents' risk for depressive symptoms. *American Journal of Public Health* 2015; 105: 732-740.
- Ene, M, Leighton, EA, Blue, GL, Bell, BA. Multilevel models for categorical data using SAS® PROC GLIMMIX: The basics. SAS Paper 3430-2015.
- Goodman E, Huang B, Wade TJ, & Kahn RS. (2003). A multilevel analysis of the relation of socioeconomic status to adolescent depressive symptoms: does school context matter? *The Journal of Pediatrics*, 143(4), 451-456.
- Han W and Huang C. The forgotten treasure: bilingualism and Asian children's emotional and behavioral health. *American Journal of Public Health* 2000; 100: 831-838.
- Hofmann, David A., and Mark B. Gavin. Centering decisions in hierarchical linear models: Implications for research in organizations. *Journal of Management* 1998; 24: 623-641.
- Hong L et al. Neighborhood socioeconomic context and emergency department visits for dental care in a U.S. Midwestern metropolis. *Public Health* 2015; 129: 252-257.
- Kim YS, Lo CC. Short- and Mid-Term Effects of Violent Victimization on Delinquency: A Multilevel Growth-Curve Modeling Approach. *J Interpers Violence*. 2016 Oct;31(16):2643-65.
- Kim Y, Vohra-Gupta S, Margerison CE, Cubbin C. Neighborhood Racial/Ethnic Composition Trajectories and Black-White Differences in Preterm Birth among Women in Texas, *Journal of Urban Health* 2020. DOI: 10.1007/s11524-019-00411-y.
- Kubik MY, Lytle LA, Hannan PJ, Perry CL, & Story M. (2003). The association of the school food environment with dietary behaviors of young adolescents. *American Journal of Public Health*, 93(7), 1168-1173.
- Lee Y, Muenning P, Kawachi I and Hatzenbuehler ML. Effects of racial prejudice on the health of communities: A multilevel survival analysis. *American Journal of Public Health* 2015; 105: 2349-2355.
- Marsiglia FF, Kulis S, Yabiku ST, Nieri TA and Coleman E. When to intervene: Elementary school, middle school or both? Effect of *keepin' it REAL* on substance use trajectories of Mexican heritage youth. *Prev Sci* 2011, 12: 48-62.
- Muntaner C, Li Y, Xue X, O'Campo P, Hae JC, Eaton WW. Work organization, area labor-market characteristics, and depression among U.S. nursing home workers: A cross-classified multilevel analysis. *International Journal of Occupational and Environmental Health*. 2004 Oct; 10(4): 392-400.
- Riskind RG, et al. Sexual identity, partner gender, and sexual health among adolescent girls in the United States. *American Journal of Public Health* 2014; 104: 1957-1963.

- Singer JD. Using SAS PROC MIXED to Fit Multilevel Models, Hierarchical Models, and Individual Growth Models. *Journal of Educational and Behavioral Statistics* 1998; 23: 323-355.
- Subramanian SV. The relevance of multilevel statistical methods for identifying causal neighborhood effects. *Social Science & Medicine* 2004; 58: 1961-1967.
- Umberson U, Liu H, Powers D. Marital status, marital transitions, and body weight. *Journal of Health and Social Behavior* 2009; 50: 327-343.
- Weisz JR, Kuppens S, Eckshtain D, Ugueto AM, Hawley KM, Jensen-Doss A. Performance of evidence-based youth psychotherapies compared with usual clinical care: A multilevel meta-analysis. *JAMA Psychiatry*. 2013; 70 (7): 750-761.
- Woltman H, Feldstein A, MacKay JC, Rocchi M. An introduction to hierarchical linear modeling. *Tutorials in Quantitative Methods for Psychology* 2012; 8:52-69.
- Xiao H, Tan F and Goovaerts P. Racial and geographic disparities in late-stage prostate cancer diagnosis in Florida. *J health Care Poor Underserved* 2011; 22: 187-199.

### **Recommended Texts**

- Delwiche LD, Slaughter SJ (2012). *The Little SAS Book: A Primer*, 5<sup>th</sup> edition. Cary, NC: SAS Institute.
- Garson, GD. *Multilevel modeling: Applications in STATA, IBM SPSS, SAS, R, & HLM*. Los Angeles, CA: Sage, 2020.
- Hancock, Gregory R., and Ralph O. Mueller. *The reviewer's guide to quantitative methods in the social sciences*. Routledge, 2010.
- Littell RC, et al (2006). *SAS for Mixed Models* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Cary, NC: SAS Institute.
- O'Connell, A.A. & McCoach, D.B. (2008). *Multilevel modeling of educational data*. (Eds.) Charlotte, NC: Information Age Publishing.
- Raudenbush SW, Bryk AS (2002). *Hierarchical linear models: Applications and data analysis methods* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Singer JD, Willett JB (2003). *Applied Longitudinal Data Analysis: Modeling change and event occurrence*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Snijders TAB, Bosker R (2011). *Multilevel Analysis: An Introduction to Basic and Advanced Multilevel Modeling* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.

### **V. Course Requirements**

1. Exams (60 points): There will be three in-class exams (a mix of closed and open book), 20 points each. Some exams involve data analysis using pre-specified datasets.
2. Journal club (10 points): Students will be expected to present a critical overview of several journal articles based on HLM analysis and lead the discussion on the selected articles. Journal articles will be selected by the instructor. Each student will present twice.
3. "Journal-ready" interpretation of results (20 points): The final assignment will be based on an HLM analysis of a provided dataset and research question. Students will be required to conduct the analyses and submit an annotated SAS program, write a detailed data analysis plan, present the results in table format, and interpret the results. APA style is recommended.

*Further guidelines on the exams, journal club, and final assignment will be given in class.*

4. Class attendance/participation/homework assignments (10 points): You are expected to learn from interacting with other students in the class. Thus, students are expected to attend all classes and to arrive on time. Students who miss multiple classes without medical documentation during the semester and/or show up late will lose points. Leaving class early will be counted as an absence unless the student provides a reasonable cause for doing so in advance (i.e., before the day of class) and receives the instructor's permission. Students are expected to do assigned readings before the class time and actively participate in class discussions. Homework assignments are to be uploaded to Canvas by 8am on the day they are due.

**VI. GRADES**

94.0 and Above	A
90.0 to 93.999	A-
87.0 to 89.999	B+
84.0 to 86.999	B
80.0 to 83.999	B-
77.0 to 79.999	C+
74.0 to 76.999	C
70.0 to 73.999	C-
67.0 to 69.999	D+
64.0 to 66.999	D
60.0 to 63.999	D-
Below 60.0	F

**VII. Class Policies**

LATE ASSIGNMENT POLICIES: Except in the case of emergencies, and then only with the permission of the instructor, late assignments will not be accepted without penalty. Students are expected to turn in all required assignments on the specified due date at the beginning of class. If the due date is a problem, then the student must contact the instructor and negotiate another due date at least 48 hours PRIOR to the date specified in the course syllabus.

**VIII. University Policies**

**Grading Scale**

[No A+]		90 to 89.999	B+	77.0 to 79.999	C+	67.0 to 69.999	D+
94.0 and Above	A	90 to 86.999	B	74.0 to 76.999	C*	64.0 to 66.999	D
90.0 to 93.999	A-	80 to 83.999	B-	70.0 to 73.999	C-	60.0 to 63.999	D-
				<i>*minimum to pass course</i>		below 60.0	F

**Attendance and Academic Behavior.** At the University of Texas at Austin, regular attendance at all class meetings is expected. Instructors are responsible for implementing an attendance policy and must notify students of any special attendance requirements. See more information at <https://catalog.utexas.edu/general-information/academic-policies-and-procedures/attendance/>. Furthermore, students are expected to abide by the Standards for Social Work Education (available at <https://socialwork.utexas.edu/student-resources/bsw/policies-and-procedures/>). The student shows potential for responsible and accountable behavior by being punctual and dependable, prioritizing responsibilities, attending class regularly, observing deadlines, completing assignments on time, and keeping appointments or making appropriate arrangements.

**Religious Holy Days.** A student who misses classes or other required activities, including examinations, for the observance of a religious holy day should inform the instructor as far in advance of the absence as possible so that arrangements can be made to complete an assignment within a reasonable period after the absence. A reasonable accommodation does not include substantial modification to academic standards, or adjustments of requirements essential to any program of instruction. Students and instructors who have questions or concerns about academic accommodations for religious observance or religious beliefs may contact the Center for Access and Restorative Engagement at <https://community.utexas.edu/care/>. The University does not maintain a list of religious holy days.

**The University of Texas Honor Code.** The core values of The University of Texas at Austin are learning, discovery, freedom, leadership, individual opportunity, and responsibility. Each member of the university is expected to uphold these values through integrity, honesty, trust, fairness, and respect toward peers and community.

**Policy on Academic Integrity.** Students who violate University rules on academic dishonesty are subject to disciplinary penalties, including the possibility of failure in the course and / or dismissal from the University. Since such dishonesty harms the individual, all students, and the integrity of the University, policies on academic dishonesty will be strictly enforced. For further information, please visit the Student Conduct and Academic Integrity website at: <http://deanofstudents.utexas.edu/conduct>.

**Use of Course Materials.** The materials used in this course, including, but not limited to exams, quizzes, and homework assignments, are copyright protected works. Any unauthorized duplication of the course materials is a violation of federal law and may result in disciplinary action being taken against the student. Additionally, the sharing of course materials without the specific, express approval of the professor may be a violation of the University's Student Honor Code and an act of academic dishonesty, which could result in further disciplinary action. This sharing includes, among other things, uploading class materials to websites for the purpose of distributing those materials to other current or future students.

**University Electronic Mail Student Notification.** Electronic mail (email), like postal mail, is a mechanism for official University communication to students. The University will exercise the right to send email communications to all students, and the University will expect that email communications will be received and read in a timely manner. Students can find UT Austin's policies and instructions for updating their e-mail address at <https://it.utexas.edu/policies/university-electronic-mail-student-notification-policy>.

## **Steve Hicks School of Social Work Policies**

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**Professional Conduct and Civility in the Classroom.** The professor expects students to act as professionals in class. This means students should arrive on time for class, be prepared to participate in the class discussion, and show respect for one another's opinions. A course brings together a group of diverse individuals with various backgrounds. Students are influenced and

shaped by such factors as race, ethnicity, gender, sex, physical abilities, religious and political beliefs, national origins, and sexual orientations, among others. We expect to learn from each other in an atmosphere of positive engagement and mutual respect. This atmosphere includes working intentionally to recognize and dismantle racism, sexism, heterosexism, and ableism in the classroom. Social Work also deals with complex and controversial issues. These issues may be challenging and uncomfortable, and it would be impossible to offer a substantive classroom experience that did not include potentially difficult conversations relating to challenging issues. In this environment, we will be exposed to diverse ideas and opinions, and sometimes we will not agree with the ideas expressed by others. Nevertheless, the professor requires that students engage one another with civility, respect, and professionalism.

**Classroom Confidentiality.** Information shared in class about agencies, clients, and personal matters is considered confidential per the NASW Code of Ethics on educational supervision and is protected by regulations of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) as well. As such, sharing this information with individuals outside of the educational context is not permitted. Violations of confidentiality could result in actions taken according to the policies and procedure for review of academic performance located in sections 3.0, 3.1, and 3.2 of the Standards for Social Work Education.

**Unanticipated Distress.** Students may experience unexpected and/or distressing reactions to course readings, videos, conversations, and assignments. If so, students are encouraged to inform the professor. The professor can be responsive and supportive regarding students' participation in course assignments and activities, but students are responsible for communicating clearly what kind of support is desired. If counseling is needed, students may contact a service provider of their choosing, including the UT Counseling and Mental Health Center at 512-471-3515 or online at <https://cmhc.utexas.edu/>.

**Policy on Social Media and Professional Communication.** Public social networks are not private. Even when open only to approved or invited members, users cannot be certain that privacy will exist among the general membership of sites. If social work students choose to participate in such forums, please assume that anything posted can be seen, read, and critiqued. What is said, posted, linked to, commented on, uploaded, subscribed to, etc., can be accessed and archived, posing potential harm to professional reputations and prospective careers.

Social work students who use social media (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Instagram) and other forms of electronic communication (e.g. blogs) must be mindful of how their communication may be perceived by clients, colleagues, faculty, and others. Social work students are expected to make every effort to minimize material which could be considered inappropriate for a professional social worker in training. Because of this, social work students are advised to manage security settings at their most private levels and avoid posting information/photos or using any language that could jeopardize their professional image.

Students are asked to consider the amount of personal information posted on these sites and are obliged to block any client access to involvement in the students' social networks. Client material should not be referred to in any form of electronic media, including *any* information that might lead to the identification of a client or compromise client confidentiality in *any* way. Additionally, students must critically evaluate any material that is posted regarding community

agencies and professional relationships, as certain material could violate the standards set by the School of Social Work, the Texas Code of Conduct for Social Workers, and/or the NASW Code of Ethics.

Social work students should consider that they will be representing professional social work practice as well as The University of Texas at Austin School of Social Work program while in the classroom, the university community, and the broader area communities.

## **Resources, Prevention of Discrimination, and Safety**

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**Disability Accommodation Statement.** If you are a student with a disability, or think you may have a disability, and need accommodations please contact Disability and Access (D&A). You may refer to D&A's website for contact and more information: <https://community.utexas.edu/disability/>. If you are already registered with D&A, please deliver your Accommodation Letter to me as early as possible in the semester so we can discuss your approved accommodations and how they apply in my class.

**Behavior Concerns and Covid-19 Advice Line (BCCAL).** If students have concerns about their behavioral health, or if they are concerned about the behavioral health of someone else, students may use the Behavior Concerns and COVID-19 Advice Line to discuss by phone their concerns. This service is provided through a partnership between the Office of the Dean of Students, the Counseling and Mental Health Center (CMHC), the Employee Assistance Program (EAP), and The University of Texas Police Department (UTPD). Call 512-232-5050 or visit <https://safety.utexas.edu/behavior-concerns-advice-line>. The Behavior Concerns and COVID-19 Advice Line has been expanded to support The University of Texas at Austin community during the COVID-19 pandemic. By calling 512-232-5050 - Option 2 for COVID-19, students, faculty and staff can be assisted in English and Spanish with COVID-19 support.

**Covid-19 Related Information.** The University's policies and practices related to the pandemic may be accessed at: <https://protect.utexas.edu/>

**Title IX Reporting.** In accordance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, the University of Texas at Austin is committed to maintaining a learning environment that is free from discriminatory conduct on the basis of sex <https://titleix.utexas.edu/>. Faculty, field instructors, staff, and/or teaching assistants in their supervisory roles are mandated reporters of incidents of sex discrimination, sexual harassment, sexual violence, stalking, dating violence, or any other forms of sexual misconduct. Students who report such incidents will be informed of University resources. Incidents will be reported to the University's Title IX Coordinator. Further information, including student resources related to Title IX, may also be found at <https://titleix.utexas.edu/>.

***Title IX Accommodations for Those Pregnant, Nursing and Parenting.*** *Pregnant, nursing and parenting students, faculty, and staff are eligible for accommodations through the Title IX Office that support equal access to education and work and prevent discrimination. Students may reach out to the Title IX Office for help with accommodations to make up missed classes, complete missed coursework, keep them safe in the classroom, apply for leaves of absence,*

*receive priority registration and other related support. Faculty and staff, including undergraduate students who work on campus and graduate student employees, may reach out for assistance with job or schedule restructuring and obtaining modified or additional work equipment. Visit the [Title IX pregnancy and parenting resource page](#) for more information or contact the [Title IX Support and Resources team](#) connect with a Case Manager.*

**Campus Carry Policy.** The University's policy on campus carry may be found here: <https://campuscarry.utexas.edu>.

**Safety.** As part of professional social work education, students may have assignments that involve working in agency settings and/or the community. As such, these assignments may present some risks. Sound choices and caution may lower risks inherent to the profession. It is the student's responsibility to be aware of and adhere to policies and practices related to agency and/or community safety. Students should notify the professor regarding any safety concerns.

**Emergency Evacuation Policy.** Occupants of buildings on the UT Austin campus are required to evacuate and assemble outside when a fire alarm is activated or an announcement is made. Please be aware of the following policies regarding evacuation:

- Familiarize yourself with all exit doors in the classroom and the building. Remember that the nearest exit door may not be the one you used when entering the building.
- If you require assistance to evacuate, inform the professor in writing during the first week of class.
- In the event of an evacuation, follow the professor's instructions.
- Do not re-enter a building unless you are given instructions by the Austin Fire Department, the UT Austin Police Department, or the Fire Prevention Services office.



## IX. Course Schedule

Date	Content and Assignments	Readings	Homework assignment
Week 1 1/16	Overview of the course Overview of HLM  <i>Review SAS pre-work</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Luke, pgs. 1-9</li> <li>• Duncan et al, 1998</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SAS Basics exercise</li> <li>• SAS: data cleaning and checking assumptions</li> </ul>
Week 2 1/23	Theoretical & statistical considerations for multilevel models  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hox, Chapter 1</li> <li>• Luke, pgs. 9-15</li> <li>• Woltman et al, 2012 (<i>ignore HLM tutorial at end</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SAS: regression</li> </ul>
Week 3 1/30	Building a full HLM model  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hox, Chapters 2-3</li> <li>• Diez-Roux, 2000</li> <li>• Division of Statistics + Data Sciences, 2015 (<i>only the SAS-related material</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HLM equations</li> </ul>
Week 4 2/6	Two Level HLM Models: School Effect Centering Checking residuals  Distribute Test #1 Objectives  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hox, Chapter 4</li> <li>• Luke, pgs. 15-53</li> <li>• Hofmann, 1998</li> </ul>	<i>Study for Exam</i>
Week 5 2/13	Review for Exam #1 <b>Exam #1</b>  Distribute Journal Club guidelines		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Centering</li> </ul>
Week 6 2/20	Two Level HLM Models: School Effect  <u>Journal Club #1</u>  <i>Review exam</i> <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Singer, School effect example only, pgs. 323-339</li> <li>• Goodman, 2003 (JC)</li> <li>• Kubik, 2003 (JC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replicate Singer, school effects</li> <li>• Equations &amp; interpreting coefficients</li> </ul>
Week 7 2/27	Two level HLM Models: Neighborhood Effect  SAS skills: merging data, etc. Checking model fit  <u>Journal Club #2</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cummins, 2007</li> <li>• Subramanian, 2004</li> <li>• Kim, 2020 (JC)</li> <li>• Cubbin, 2005 (JC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Shdatppnew</i> dataset exercise on two level models (modeling and assessing fit)</li> </ul>

Date	Content and Assignments	Readings	Homework assignment
	<i>Review homework</i>		
Week 8 3/5	Two Level HLM Models: Growth Models  <u>Journal Club #3</u>  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Luke, pgs. 62-72</li> <li>• Hox, Chapter 5</li> <li>• Singer, Growth model example only, pgs. 340-351</li> <li>• Han, 2010 (JC)</li> <li>• Marsiglia, 2011 (JC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Replicate Singer, growth models</li> <li>• Long and wide data transformation</li> <li>• Checking model assumptions</li> </ul>
March 11-15 Spring Break			
Week 9 3/19	Two Level HLM Models: Growth Models  <u>Journal Club #4</u>  Distribute Test #2 Objectives  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Umberson, 2009 (JC)</li> <li>• Kim and Lo, 2016 (JC)</li> </ul>	<i>Study for Exam</i>
Week 10 3/26	Review for Exam #2 <b>Exam #2</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Growth models modeling exercise</li> </ul>
Week 11 4/2	Two Level Models: Binary, Categorical, & Count Outcomes Modeling demo – diverse neighborhoods paper  <u>Journal Club #5</u>  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hox, Chapters 6-7</li> <li>• Luke, pgs. 53-58</li> <li>• Cubbin, 2000</li> <li>• Ene, 2015</li> <li>• Hong, 2015 (JC)</li> <li>• Riskind, 2014 (JC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Two level binary model using <i>Shdppdatnew</i> dataset</li> <li>• Plotting cross-level interactions</li> </ul>
Week 12 4/9	Cross-classified Models  Distribute Final Assignment  <u>Journal Club #6</u>  <i>Review homework</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hox, Chapter 9</li> <li>• Beretvas chapter</li> <li>• Carroll-Scott, 2015 (JC)</li> <li>• Dunn, 2015 (JC)</li> <li>• Muntaner, 2004 (JC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cross-classified models</li> <li>• Exercises on two level linear models, logistic models, growth curve models, and cross-classified models</li> </ul>
Week 13 4/16	Review homework  Distribute Test #3 Objectives  <i>Guest lecture</i>	Reading(s) related to guest lecture will be posted on Canvas if needed	<i>Study for exam</i>
Week 14 4/23	Review for Exam #3 <b>Exam #3</b>		<i>Work on Final Assignment</i>

Date	Content and Assignments	Readings	Homework assignment
	Course de-brief		
Time-permitting	Other multilevel applications: Three-level Models, Survival models, meta-analysis  <u>Journal Club #7 – Extra Credit</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Luke, pgs. 59-62</li> <li>• Hox, Chapter 8</li>   <li>• Xiao, 2011 (JC)</li> <li>• Weisz, 2013 (JC)</li> <li>• Lee, 2015 (JC)</li> </ul>	

**Final assignment is due on April 30<sup>th</sup> at noon.**