THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK

Course Number: 360K/393R23

Unique Number: 62270/63035

Semester: Fall 2012

Meeting Time: Tuesday 5:30-8:30pm

Meeting Place: SSW 2.122 **Office Number:** SSW1.218G

Office Phone: 471-0520

Office Hours: By appointment

Instructor's name:



Clay Shorkey, LCSW, PhD Josleen and Frances Lockhart Professor of Direct Practice in Social Work

TREATMENT OF CHEMICAL DEPENDENCE

I. Standardized Course Description

The course is designed to provide a basic understanding of contemporary treatment methods used in work with a diverse range of clients recovering from alcohol and/or drug dependence. Emphasis will be placed on integrating the use of Gestalt Therapy, Rational Emotive Therapy, and Behavior Therapy with the 12 Step Program of Recovery/ Minnesota model, Faith-based Models, Pharmacological Model, the Therapeutic Community Model and the Drug Court Model.

II. Pre and/or Co-Requisites

Students who plan to specialize in chemical dependence and wish to obtain state licensing as a chemical dependence counselor (LCDC), should take a minimum of three (3) courses in this area. It is suggested that the sequence include: "Dynamics of Chemical Dependence," "Treatment of Chemical Dependence" and one or more from "Dual Diagnosis", "Adolescent Chemical Dependence Prevention/ Intervention", "Relapse and Recovery" or "Women and Chemical Dependence."

III. Standardized Course Objectives

By the end of the semester,

- 1. The student should be able to work with a broad range of clients with understanding, affirmation, and respect for the positive value of diversity.
- 2. The student should be familiar with basic theoretical concepts and treatment techniques of selected contemporary counseling theories, adjunctive methods and medically supervised programs for treatment of chemically dependent clients.
- 3. The student should be able to describe the concepts, procedures and preliminary outcome data related to six major models for treatment of chemical dependence: Pharmacological, 12 Step, Minnesota, Faith-based, Therapeutic Community and Drug Court.
- 4. The student should be able to describe basic concepts, propositions, treatment techniques, and procedures of major psychosocial theories including: Gestalt, Rational Emotive, and Behavioral.
- 5. The student should be able to integrate counseling techniques derived from psychosocial theories covered in the course with the Pharmacological, 12 Step, Minnesota, the Faith-based, Therapeutic Community, and Drug Court models.

IV. <u>Teaching Methods</u>

Teaching methods will include lecture, group discussion, group exercises, audio-visual materials, field trips, and guest lecturers.

V. Required Texts, and Materials

Required:

- Reading package University Copy Center in the School of Social Work (Telephone 471-8281).
- The Anonymous Press Mini Edition of Alcoholics Anonymous (2010) The Anonymous Press: Malo, WA (this little book can be purchased in class for 1\$)

Dr. Shorkey's website (http://www.utexas.edu/research/cswr/tattc/) resources related to:

- 1. Social work and chemical dependence (social work knowledge, values and practice methods)
- 2. Chemical dependence with diverse population groups: African Americans, Hispanics, Native Americans, Asian Americans, Gays and Lesbians, persons with disabilities, and Dual Diagnosis.
- 3. Models and frameworks of chemical dependence
- 4. Psychosocial theories related to chemical dependence treatment.

AA and other related websites:

Alcoholics Anonymous http://austinaa.org/

Al-Anon/Alateen http://www.austinalanon.org/

Narcotics Anonymous http://www.ctana.org/

Secular Organizations for Sobriety http://www.cfiwest.org/sos/index.htm

http://www.cfiwest.org/sos/intro.htm

http://www.sossobriety.org/meetings/states.htm#Texas

Lamda (LGBT Friendly Group) http://lambdaaustin.org/index.htm

Women for Sobriety http://www.womenforsobriety.org/

Smart Recovery http://www.smartrecovery.org/

APA Resources Learning Resource Center (LRC) Reference Book

VI. Course Requirements

Reading assignments should be completed prior to class and will provide the basis for discussion. Students are encouraged to ask questions and make comments during lectures. Student's questions and comments provide the instructor an important assessment tool for whether or not readings are being completed outside of class.

Mid-Semester and Final Quiz

The quizzes will test students' knowledge of the therapeutic approaches covered in the course and students ability to critically analyze and compare these models. The test formats will include short answer questions and essay questions. The mid-semester quiz will be a take-home quiz whereas the second quiz will be an open book quiz that takes place in the classroom. Quizzes are scheduled at the times indicated on the course outline.

Quizzes: 30 points each

Field Trips

Field trips are scheduled during the regular class times unless community agencies schedule does not fit the class time. Students will be made aware of these changes at the first class session. In the even that the alternate time of the field trip conflicts with another class or commitment, please make an appointment with professor to discuss an alternate assignment.

VII. Class Policies

Attendance

Class attendance is required to complete all of the assignments. Students may miss no more than two (2) class sessions. Students who fail to attend class on a regular basis (missing more than 2 classes without a valid excuse, e.g., medical documentation) will

receive one course grade lower than their final grade when points are totaled. Students who miss more than three unexcused classes may receive two grades lower than their final grade. Students who leave at the mid-point break of the class will be counted as attending ½ of the only class. Students who are one or two points below the cut-off for a letter grade may receive the higher grade at the end of the semester based on class participation.

Late Assignments

Assignments are due on the dates indicated in the course syllabus. Late assignments will not be accepted without penalty. One point will be deducted from the assignment for each day past the due date.

Student Concerns

Students who would like to discuss a concern with either the professor or the teaching assistant related to the class should make an appointment at a time mutually convenient.

Undergraduates

Graduates

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	Oldergraduates	Graduates
2 Quizzes	60 (30 pts. each)	60 (30 pts. each)
10 Assignments	100 (10 pts. each)	100(10 pts each)
Graduate Assignment (TBA)		25 pts.
Attendance	15 pts.	15 pts.
		
	175	200

Attendance:

0 to 1 missed class:	15 points	164-175 (94%-100%) = A	188-200 (94%-100%) = A
1½ -2 missed classes:	10 points	157-163 (90%- 93%) = A-	180-187 (90%-93%) = A-
		152-156 (87%-89%) = B+	174-179 (87%-89%) = B+
		147-151 (84%-86%) = B	168-173 (84%-85%) = B
		140-146 (80%-83%) = B-	160-167 (80%-83%) = B-
		135-139 (77%-79%) = C+	154-159(77%-79%) = C+
		129-134 (74%-76%) = C	148-153 (74%-76%) = C
		122-128 (70%-73%) = C-	140-147(70%-73%) = C-
		117-121 (67%-69%) = D+	134-139(67%-69%) = D+
		112-116 (64%-66%) = D	128-133(64%-66%) = D
		105-111 (60%-63%) = D-	120-127(60%-63%) = D-
		104 & below (59% & below) =F	119& below (59%&below= F

<u>Grading Scale</u>: (Grades are rounded up to the next number at .5). Grading of all written assignments will take into account the quality of the writing as well as the content. The current APA format should be followed. Written material should be carefully proofread corrected for

errors in punctuation, typographical errors, and spelling errors. Good writing requires a reiterative process that must be followed if quality is to improve. It is a good idea to read your paper several times and if possible have someone else read it.

Students requesting an incomplete for medical problems or family emergencies must fill out the required form available in the Student Service office and discuss their request with the instructor.

School of Social Work Policy

Read the School of Social Work Safety statement: As part of professional social work education, students may have assignments that involve being in agency settings and/or the community. As such, these assignments may present some risks. Sound choices and caution may lower risks inherent to the profession. It is the student's responsibility to be aware of and adhere to policies and practices related to agency and/or community safety.

Students should notify instructors regarding any safety concerns. Information shared in class about agencies and clients is considered to be covered by the NASW Code of Ethics regarding the sharing of information for supervisory purposes. Agencies are aware that information is shared in class for this purpose. However, discussion outside of class with individuals not in this class or with other class members in settings where you cannot assure that no one else may overhear the conversation is considered a breach of confidentiality and will result in recommendation against admission to the BSW program.

University Policy

The University of Texas at Austin is proud of its students' commitment to academic integrity and their pledge to abide by its policy on scholastic dishonesty. The tradition of intellectual honesty is maintained by the cooperation of students and faculty members. School policy on this subject can be found in <u>General Information 2007-2008</u> Scholastic dishonesty in this class may result in a grade of F for the course with possible reporting to the Dean of the School of Social Work and the Dean of the Graduate School.

The University of Texas at Austin provides upon request, appropriate academic accommodations for qualified students with disabilities. Any student with a documented disability (physical or cognitive) who requires academic accommodations should contact the Service for Students with Disabilities area of the Office of the Dean of Students at 471-6259 (voice) or 471- 4641 (TTY for users who are deaf or hard of hearing) as soon as possible to request an official letter outlining authorized accommodation

Religious Holidays: By UT Austin policy, you must notify me of your pending absence at least fourteen days prior to the date of observance of a religious holy day. If you must miss a class, an examination, a work assignment, or a project in order to observe a religious holy day, you will be given an opportunity to complete the missed work within a reasonable time after the absence.

Required Assignments: 10 points each – Due on assigned date. All assignments must adhere to APA format and reference all sources as well as include in-text citations.

- 1. 2-3 page reaction paper related to presentation by Bill Wigmore Due September 18
- 2. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the presentation by Mary Boone Due September 25
- 3. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the field visit to Drug Court Due October 9
- 4. 2-3 page reaction paper related the field visit to Austin Recovery for the Musical Journey. Due October 17
- 5. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the field visit to Phoenix Academy Due October 23
- 6. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the field visit to Kyle Correctional Facility. Due October 30
- 7. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the field visit to Salvation Army. Due November 6
- 8. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the presentation by Michael Uebel Due November 13
- 9. 2-3 page reaction paper related to the presentation by Reid Minot Due November 20
- 10. 2-3 page reaction paper related to an <u>open</u> "12-step meeting."

 Due November 27 (you are strongly encouraged to turn this in prior to the due date)

Special Note on Assignments

Regular Reaction Papers are not required for the session on Gestalt Therapy, Behavioral Couples Therapy, Contingency Management & Rational/Emotive Cognitive Therapy. However, if you missed a previous class and you have a valid excuse (e.g. doctor's note) for one missed class, you may make up a reaction paper based on this presentation. This does not apply to the assignment related to attending an <u>open</u> "12-step meeting".

Reaction Paper Outline

2-3 pages, double spaced, 12pt Times New Roman (not including works cited), in-text citations, APA works cited, include headings

I. Observations (3-4 paragraphs, 3 points)

In this section the student will briefly describe the proceedings of the event in which they attended. This includes the components of the event and the order in which they occurred.

II. Analysis and Interaction of Reading (3-4 paragraphs, 5 points)

The student will also identify the treatment modality or practice model in which the event is classified and explain specifically how the event was an example of the model or modality. What elements of the specific event that you attended concur with the characteristics of its model as explained by the readings? Discuss your reactions to the event. Did the event deviate from the readings' account of its practice model? How did it differ and why? How did attending the event differ or concur with your expectations?

III. Brief Personal Reaction (1-2 paragraphs, 2 points)

Did you agree or disagree with certain elements of the event? Why? How did you feel about attending the event? Would you recommend it to a client faced with chemical dependence? Why or why not? The student is expected to provide thorough rationale for points of agreement and disagreement. In this process, the students are free to use their personal opinion and are encouraged to cite in-class readings as well. Personal opinions can use life experiences or practice wisdom. However, multiple sides of the issue must be examined. Why would some individuals/clients find this treatment beneficial if you do not? The student is also expected to conclude their assignment with a 1-2 sentence summary of the main things they learned from attending the event.

Date	Description	Text/Readings
Sept 4	Definitions and Entrance into	Course Syllabus
Class 1	Treatment	
	 New definition of addiction 	ASAM, New definition of addiction.
	 Barriers to treatment 	p. 1-7.
	 Stages of change 	
	Motivational Interviewing	The NSDUH Report, Alcohol
	• Intervention	treatment: Need, utilization, and
	Spontaneous/Natural Recovery	barriers. p.1-10
	Court-mandated treatment	
		Cunningham, Why do people stop
	Handouts: DSM-IV Diagnostic Criteria,	their drug use? p.695-710.
	Motivational Interviewing & Stages of	
	Change	Ludwig, Cognitive processes
	- 8	associated with "spontaneous"
	Video: Motivational Interviewing	recovery from alcoholism, p. 57-62.
		Whitten, Court-mandated treatment
		works as well as voluntary, p. 1 & 6
		works as well as voluntary, p. 1 & o
Sept 11	12 Step or Self-Help Models	Alcoholics Anonymous
Class 2		Alcoholics Anonymous, ch.1-5.
	12 Step, Minnesota Model,	
	Spontaneous Recovery/Natural Recovery,	Krentzman, Evidence base for
	Secular Organization for Sobriety,	effectiveness of Alcoholics
	Women for Sobriety, Smart Recovery.	Anonymous, p. 27-48.
		N
	Cuast Lastura, Day, Dill Wigman	Minnesota Model Shorkey & Ushal Minnesota Model
	Guest Lecture: Rev. Bill Wigmore	Shorkey & Uebel, Minnesota Model,
		p. 547-549.
		Other 12-Steps Groups
		Shorkey, C. & Uebel, M. Secular
		Organizations for Sobriety, p. 815-
		816
		Shorkey & Uebel, Women for
		Sobriety, p. 1007-1008.
		Smart Recovery:
		www.smartrecovery.org
Sept 18	The Family & Intervention	Johnson, Intervention: How to help
Class 3	The Luminy & Intel vention	someone who does not want help, p.
	Guest Lecture: Mary Boone, LCDC,	61-87.
	LCSW	
		Liepman, Nirenberg & Begin,
		Evaluation of a program designed to

Sept 18 Class 3 Cont.	Assignment #1 Due: Reaction to Bill Wigmore's Presentation	help family and significant others to motivate resistant alcoholics into recovery, p. 209-221. Loneck, Garrett & Banks, A Comparison of Johnson intervention with four other methods of referral to outpatient treatment, p. 233-246.
Sept 25 Class 4	Recovery Systems Guest Lecturer: Communities for Recovery Assignment #2 Due: Reaction to Mary Boone's Presentation	SAMHA's working definition of recovery from mental disorders and substance use disorders. p.1-3 Walsh, Lifestyle and mental health. p.1-14
Oct 2 Class 5	Drug Court No class at regular time on Oct 2 Field visit: Appear at 5:45, starts at 6:00 p.m. Dress professionally (no jeans or sneakers) and bring ID and release form Attend on (Mon) Oct 1 or (Wed) Oct 3	Finn & Newlyn, Miami's "Drug court": A different approach. p.1-15 Patra, Factors associated with treatment compliance and its effects on retention among participants in a court-mandated treatment program, p. 289-313. Longshore, et al., Drug Court: A Conceptual Framework p. 7-26. Kerl & Parsons (under supervision of Shorkey, C.), Rearrest and retention in the Travis County Drug Court, p. 1-17.
Oct 9 Class 6	Alternate Therapies & Culturally Competent Services Integrative Art, Music, and Breathwork-Musical Journey Field Visit: Tour of Austin Recovery & Musical Journey Tour: Ilana Zivkovich, LMSW Guest Lecturer: Maryse Saffle, LCDC Personal pillow and blanket encouraged for exercise. Assignment #3 Due: Reaction to Drug Court	Dingle, Gleadhill, & Baker, Can music therapy engage patients in group cognitive behaviour therapy for substance abuse treatment? p. 190-196. Rhinewine & Williams, Holotropic breathwork, p. 771-776. Shorkey, Windsor & Spence, Assessing Culturally Competent Chemical Dependence Treatment Services for Mexican Americans, p. 61-74.

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Oct 9		
Class 6		Shorkey, Windsor & Spence,
Cont.		Systematic Assessment of Culturally
		Competent Chemical Dependence
		Treatment Services for African
		Americans, 113-128.
		,
Oct 16	Therapeutic Community: Session 1	DeLeon, The therapeutic community
Class 7		and behavioral science, p. 74-99.
Class 7	Field Visit: Phoenix Academy	and benevioral science, p. 71 33.
	Tiota + ion.	Gudyish, Werdegar, Sorensen, Clark
	Assignment #4 Due: Reaction to Austin	
	Recovery/Musical Journey	& Acampora, A day of treatment
		program in a therapeutic Community
		setting: Six month outcomes-the
		Walden House day treatment
		program, p. 441-447.
		Waters, Fazio, Hernandez & Segarra,
		The story of CURA, a
		Hispanic/Latino drug therapeutic
		community, p. 113-134.
Oct 23	Therapeutic Community: Session 2	Burdon, Differential effectiveness of
Class 8		residential vs. outpatient aftercare for
Class o	Field Visit: Kyle Correctional Facility	parolees from prison-based
	Dress professionally & bring picture ID	therapeutic community treatment
	Diess professionally & ornig picture in	_
	Assistant #5 Duras Basetian 4a	programs, p. 2-16.
	Assignment #5 Due: Reaction to	IZ : 14 C: 0 II:II TI
	Phoenix Academy	Knight, Simpson & Hiller, Three-
		year reincarceration outcomes for an
	Begin completing midterm quiz	in-prison therapeutic community
		treatment in Texas, p. 337-351.
Oct 30	Faith-Based Programs: Session 1	Neff, Shorkey, & Windsor,
Class 9		Contrasting faith-based and
	<u>Field visit</u> : Salvation Army	traditional substance abuse treatment
		programs, p. 49-61.
	Assignment # 6 Due: Reaction to Kyle	
	Correctional Facility	Shorkey, C., Uebel, M. & Windsor,
		L. (2008). Measuring dimensions of
		spirituality in chemical dependence
		treatment and recovery, p. 286-305.
Nov 6	Faith-Based Programs: Session 2	Bowen, et al, Mindfulness meditation
Class 10		and substance use in an incarcerated
J1435 10	Duddhist Dhilosophy and Dayahalaay	population, p. 343-347.
	T BUOONS PHIOSOPHY AND PSYCHOLOGY	I DODUIAUOII. D. JTJ-JT/.
	Buddhist Philosophy and Psychology,	F - F
	Mindful Meditation and Acceptance and	
	1 0 00	Groves, Paramabandhu & Farmer,
	Mindful Meditation and Acceptance and	

	LCSW	
Nov 6 Class 10 Cont.	Assignment #7 Due: Reaction to Salvation Army	Heffner, Valued directions: Acceptance and commitment therapy in the treatment of alcohol dependence, p. 378-383.
		Kabat-Zinn, Mindfulness-Based Interventions in Context: Past, Present, & Future, p. 144-156.
Nov 13 Class 11	Detoxification & Pharmacotherapuetic Treatment of Chemical Dependence and Coexisting Psychiatric Disorders	Parran, et al., Long-term outcomes of office-based buprenorphine / naloxone maintenance therapy, p. 56-60.
	Including: Methadone, Disulfram/Antabuse, Buprenorphine, Naltrexone & Clonidine	Rawson, McCann & Hasson, Pharmacotherapies for substance abuse, p. 18-24.
	Guest Lecture: Reid Minot, Pharmacotherapy, Nurse Practitioner with Prescription Authority	Roman, Abraham & Knudsen, Using medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders, p. 584-589.
	Assignment #8 Due: Reaction to Michael Uebel's Presentation	Rubio et al, Clinical predictors of response to naltrexone in alcoholic patients: who benefits most from treatment with naltrexone? P. 227-233.
Nov 20 Class 12	 Empirically Supported Approaches: Session 1 • SAMHSA's National Registry of Evidence-based Programs and Practices (www.nrepp.samhsa.gov) • Gestalt Therapy • Behavioral Couples Therapy • Contingency Management • Rational Emotive/Cognitive Therapy 	Evidence Based Practice SAMHSA, Reducing wait time improves treatment access, retention, p. 1-5 (Network for the Improvement of Addiction Treatment- NIATx, Strengthening Treatment Access and Retention-State Implementation-STAR-SI) Sindelar & Ball, Cost Evaluation of Evidence-Based Treatments, p. 44-51.
	Assignment #9 Due: Reaction to Reid Minot Midterm Quiz Due	Gestalt Therapy Buchbinder, Gestalt therapy and its application to alcoholism treatment, p.49-67. Shorkey & Uebel, Gestalt Therapy, p. 1-6.

Nov 20 Class 12 Cont.		Behavioral Couples Therapy O'Farrell & Fals-Stewart, Behavioral couples therapy for alcoholism and drug abuse, p. 49-58. Powers, Vedel & Emmelkamp, Behavioral Couples Therapy: A Meta
		Analysis, p. 952-962.
		Contingency Management Higgins et al., Contingent reinforcement, p. 64-72.
		Rawson et. al., A comparison of contingency management and cognitive behavioral approach, p. 267-274.
		Promoting Awareness of Motivational Incentives Training Website: www.ATTCnetwork.org/PAMI
		Rational Emotive / Cognitive Therapy Ellis, McInerney, DiGiuseppe & Yeager, Rational emotive therapy with alcoholics and substance abusers, p. 22-37.
		McHugh et. al., Cognitive behavioral therapy for substance use disorders, p. 511-525.
Nov 27 Class 13	Graduate Student Assignments & Presentations	GCATTC-Post Form
	Assignment #10 Due: Reaction to an open "12-step meeting"	
Dec 4 Class 14	In Class Second Quiz	GCATTC-Follow-up form
		UT Course Evaluation

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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Spontaneous Recovery/Natural Recovery

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- Ludwig, A. (1985). Cognitive processes associated with "spontaneous" recovery from alcoholism. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 46, 53-58.

Intervention

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12-Step

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Minnesota Model & Support Groups

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- Shorkey, C. & Uebel, M. (Sage, 2008). Rational Recovery. *Encyclopedia of Substance Abuse Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery*, 1759-761.

Drug Court

- Finn, P. & Newlyn, A. K. (June 1993). Miami's "Drug court": A different approach, Dade County diverts drug defendants to court- run rehabilitation program. *Program Focus*. Miami: National Institute of Justice, 1-15.
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Therapeutic Communities

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Pharmacological Treatment Approaches

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Faith-Based Programs/Mindfulness/ACT

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Special Populations

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