

**THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK**

Course Number:	SW 360K	Instructor:	Norton Armour, M.A., L.P.C.
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Semester:	Spring 2011	Phone:	(512) 371 7909
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LOSS AND GRIEF: Individual, Family and Cultural Perspectives

1. COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course will give students an opportunity to explore and understand their personal perceptions and beliefs about death and dying and how individual cultural differences influence that experience and prepare them for working with diverse clients on their losses and manifestations of grief.

The course examines issues of death, dying, and non-death losses that elicit grief responses and explores ways the mourner finds meaning in life after a significant loss. We look at a range of factors (involving the individual, family, community, and society) that can impact (impede or facilitate) the grief experience of individuals and families. Grief will be explored from lifespan developmental tasks perspective (from prenatal development through late adulthood) within the context of multiple types of family structure and socio-economic and cultural systems.

An emphasis will be placed on both personal and professional applications of course information. The philosophy underlying this course is in line with the “Statements on Death, Dying and Bereavement” (1994) of the International Work Group on Death, Dying and Bereavement. The introduction states: “Death, dying and bereavement are fundamental and pervasive aspects of the human experience. Individuals and societies can only achieve fullness of living by understanding and appreciating these realities. The absence of such understanding and appreciation may result in unnecessary suffering, loss of dignity, alienation, and diminished quality of living. Therefore, education about death, dying and bereavement is an essential component of the educational process at all levels, both formal and informal.” (IWG, 1994)

COURSE OBJECTIVES

By the end of the semester, students will be able to:

Critically analyze and assess values and ethical dilemma's regarding death, dying, loss and grief (such as end of life decision making);

Demonstrate and appraise diverse cultural, geographical, spiritual, ethnic, and psychosocial factors related to loss, grief, and mourning;

Demonstrate strategies designed to reduce discrimination and oppression regarding death and dying issues and explore the various determinants of grief and their impact on the tasks of mourning with various populations at risk;

Compare and contrast theories examining the developmental impact of bereavement, grief and mourning within the life span of an individual and family, and the influence of religion, social groups and communities;

Examine and critically evaluate various community referral networks for loss-specific services and policy implication for unavoidable losses such as end of life decision-making;

Identify their own loss histories and beliefs and differentiate their personal boundaries from their professional roles and apply a health perspective in assessments and clinical interventions;

Critically evaluate research issues relating to the emotional, behavioral, cognitive, physical and spiritual expression that accompany bereavement, grief and mourning;

Demonstrate practice competence in grief and loss issues within an ecological framework.

III. TEACHING METHODS AND CLASS ORGANIZATION

The teaching format will consist of experiential exercises, lectures, discussions, guest speakers, and audiovisual media to help students understand and integrate their own beliefs of loss, illness and disability, death and dying into their social work practice. Throughout the course, students will be asked to focus on cultural influences that include gender, age, sexual orientation, spiritual beliefs, socio-economic, and language differences and individuals with chronic illness and developmental disabilities. Ethics and values associated with the dying process, death and grief reactions will also be examined throughout the course with a variety of populations.

IV. REQUIRED TEXT AND OTHER REQUIRED READINGS

A **Required Text:** J. William Worden (2009) *Grief Counseling and Grief Therapy: A Handbook for the Mental Health Practitioner*
ISBN # 987 08261-0120-4 AND

B **Required Readings:** In addition to the required text. Copies of these other **required readings** have been *placed on E-Reserves* for students who prefer *computer access* for reading and/or downloading.

The password for accessing Required Readings on E-Reserves is “grief2011”.

For students who prefer *manual access* for reading and/or copying, a limited number of hard copies of the **required readings** have been placed in the Library Resource Center (LRC) located in the SSW building lower level. Ask for (1) “Norton Armour—Loss and Grief Required Readings” and (2) the particular required readings document # (or #'s) you wish to examine. A complete list of required readings (not including the required text) and the document # of each required reading is on the last pages of this syllabus.

V. COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Attendance and class participation are critical factors in the learning process for this course which contains substantial experiential and self-reflective exercises. It is expected that students will complete readings and assignments prior to class and come prepared to contribute to class discussions and be a full participant in class group activities. Attendance and class participation will be a significant part of the grading process. **Two papers** (a mid-term paper and a final paper) and a multiple-choice **exam** are required in addition to **in-class assignments** due throughout the semester.

Grade Distribution:

Assignment Points	Percentage	Points
Exam (multiple choice)	20%	60
Mid-term paper	30%	90
Final paper	30%	90
In-class assignments/ participation	10%	30
Class attendance	10%	30
TOTAL	100%	300

Grade and Grade Range:

GRADE	GRADE RANGE
A	279-300
A-	267-278
B+	258-266
B	249-257
B-	237-248
C+	228-236
C	219-227
C-	207-218
D+	198-206
D	189-197
D-	178-188
F	177 and below

1. MULTIPLE CHOICE EXAM:

This exam will cover (1) Types of Losses (death and non-death) and the development of grief theory from psychoanalytic (Freud, Bowlby, et al) to psycho-social theorists (Kubler-Ross, Rando, Worden, et al), including the significance of the level of attachment; (2) the purpose of using a Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM), emphasizing non-death as well as death losses, rather than other models to assess grief status and how the GRAM assists in determining the likelihood for an uncomplicated or complicated grief outcome; (3) how age and individual life stage development tasks (Erikson) can influence the meaning a person gives to a loss; and (4) the ability to apply the concepts of adversity (risk), assets, and protective factors to a person's grief status.

Date of Exam: Week 5: FEB 15, 2011

2. MID-TERM PAPER:

Title of paper: "Student and Family Reactions to Death and Dying of a Family Member"

Students will write a paper involving the death and dying of some family member going back, if necessary, two or three generations before the student's generation. In writing their paper, students will (a) *fill out and attach* to their paper a separate form of the Grief Resilience Assessment Model(GRAM) for each person interviewed and (b) *prepare and attach* to their paper a *self-developed question guide* they will use as a guide to assist them for each person interviewed.

Interview questions / Grief Resilience Assessment Model: Each student will interview **at least** two family members from **at least** two different life stages at the time of the family member's death. The questions asked (from the self developed question guide will cover (a) the family member's perception of events leading to the death and the dying process; (b) their experience of grief and bereavement

(immediate reactions); (c) the manifestations and intensity of the mourning experience; and (d) the perceived duration of the bereavement period

Your filled out Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM) form for each person interviewed and the interview questions you developed as your guide will be attached to your paper and evaluated as part of the grade, but will not count as part of the 10-12 pages for the paper. However, *your rationale* for the questions you put in your self developed question guide and *your critique of the degree of success* with your model and the questions asked, or lack of success, will count as part of the 10-12 page paper. Students are expected to refer to and cite readings, lectures, and class discussions that informed their approach and conclusions.

(b) Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM) Analysis / Discussion: Students will analyze, using their Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM), to discuss family grief reactions with specific reference to life stage developmental tasks and psychosocial crisis of that life stage as well as gender, cultural, religious and spiritual perspectives or other matters that, in your opinion, may have affected the grief process of those interviewed. Students will describe the event, their own reactions to the event if they were around at the time, and the reactions to the event of the persons interviewed. Please take into consideration the age, developmental stage, the level of attachment, the role(s) played by the decedent and surviving family members, the family belief systems about life and death, family communication patterns, the type of death, (i.e. sudden, accidental, violent, traumatic, anticipated, long-term illness, “in- time” normal).

(c) Tasks of uncomplicated mourning

Using Worden’s four tasks of uncomplicated mourning, students will evaluate the extent to which each of the family members interviewed did or did not, (have or have not), complete (d) any of the four tasks of mourning, and explain the rationale for their conclusions.

(d) Any complicated grief

Each student will discuss whether, in their opinion, the grief of any family member resulted in a complicated grief experience. If so, what were the factors (noted in your Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM) that may have contributed to the grief becoming complicated.

(e) Resources utilized

What resources, (individual, family, friends, community) were utilized during the grieving process by any family member interviewed? Were the resources utilized considered as helpful, not helpful, or made matters worse?

(e) New family information

What did you learn about yourself and members of your family as a result of doing this paper with respect to family belief systems, communication systems and

attitudes toward death, dying and bereavement. What did you learn about any differences in grief response or openness to talking with you based on whether the family member was female or male.

(f) Professional skill learning,

What did you learn as a result of this assignment that *might assist you* in becoming a more professionally qualified social worker?

NOTE 1: ALL STUDENTS WILL FORMAT their papers by placing each of the numbers (a) through (g) and their respective titles, as outlined above, at the beginning of each section that addresses the specific content requested.

NOTE 2: If it is not possible to use family members for this assignment, students can select an important death and dying event from a friend's life after first discussing the issue with the instructor.

Length of Paper: 10-12 pages, double-spaced

Your (i) Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM) for each person interviewed and (ii) self-developed interview question guide you prepared and used for each interview are required to be attached to the back of your paper. The paper must follow APA style.

Due Date: Week 10: March 22, 2011

3. FINAL PAPER

Title of paper: "Traumatic and Stigmatized Death in a Minority, At-Risk Population"

Students will write a *comprehensive* paper discussing the methodology of assessment and the development of an appropriate intervention involving a traumatic and/or stigmatized death in a fictional family situation that has lead to a complicated mourning situation for one or more members of a family.

(a) Briefly describe the family, the life stages involved, and the facts of the traumatic and stigmatized situation.

Each student will create a fact situation of a "family" consisting of *at least* 3 people (excluding the deceased), with the 3 people in the family representing *at least* two life stages. The sources of the family fact situation can come from a book, a news story, a movie, a real life situation, the student's imagination or a combination of any or all of the above, as long as the facts involve a traumatic and/or stigmatized death of one of its members. The person who died must be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgendered (GLBT), *and/or* represent an oppressed or discriminated against racial/ethnic or other marginalized minority group. More than one trauma and stigmatization may be applied to the deceased in your fact situation.

The selection of the particular traumas and stigmatizations chosen by each student will be discussed in class and approved by the instructor in order to gain a diversity of fact situations.

(b) Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM)

Using a GRAM form for each person interviewed be sure to discuss *life stages*, *developmental tasks and psychosocial crisis*, cultural and spiritual perspectives and *include risk, adversity and protective factors* to analyze and assess the loss and grief issues and to develop an appropriate intervention for each person interviewed. Indicate if the death was related to chronic illness or disability (e.g. HIV/AIDS, Alzheimer's, leukemia), suicide, murder, accident, or other out-of-time death? Discuss in what ways these factors may have lead to a complicated grief process that might *require prior addressing* in order to enable the uncomplicated grief process to proceed. What is your recommended intervention for any complicated grief issues (and your rationale) and what would be your advice for an intervention, if any at all, on the uncomplicated grief process of each family member?

(c) Local (Austin area) Resources:

Name the local bereavement-related resources, (address and contact numbers), and sources that you have personally contacted (at least 3) and describe the specific types of direct services they offer that may *actually* be available to be utilized in aid of your clients.

(d) If Social Worker is the only available resource

What, if anything, can you, a social worker, do (or recommend) if needed remedial resources are not available for your situation from family, community, or government?

(e) Ethical Issues

Identify and discuss the ethical decision-making, social work values and policy considerations that emerge from your situation, ncluding a realistic assessment of *effective* and *accessible* resources available to meet your clients' needs.

A one-page outline of the final paper including fact situation is due April 5, 2011.

Length of Paper: 14-16 pages (excluding bibliography), double-spaced

In writing your paper plan to put the letter (a) through (e) and their respective titles, as outlined above, at the beginning of each paragraph that addresses the specific content requested. **Attach a copy of the Grief Resilience Assessment Model GRAM to the back of your paper for each family member.**

Due Date: May. 3, 2011
(Last Day of Class)

UT Policies

- 1. The University of Texas Honor Code:** The core values of The University of Texas at Austin are learning, discovery, freedom, leadership, individual opportunity, and responsibility. Each member of the university is expected to uphold these values through integrity, honesty, trust, fairness, and respect toward peers and community.
- 2. UT Professional Conduct in Class** The professor expects students to act like professionals in class. A full and open discussion of issues and the exchange of differing opinions in the classroom are not only welcome but strongly encouraged. Such an open environment, however, requires the classroom to be a place where students, faculty and guest speakers feel safe to fully express themselves, ask and answer questions, and dialogue with each other. To achieve this end, students are expected to behave as professionals in the classroom and to treat guests, instructors and their peers with respect even as we may disagree with what they are saying or represent. A person can readily “respectfully” disagree with another person by keeping the interaction *issue oriented* and avoiding personalization of the subject matter.
- 3. Special accommodation for Students with a Disability.** The University of Texas at Austin provides upon request appropriate academic accommodations for qualified students with disabilities. Any student who requires special accommodations must obtain a letter that documents the disability from the Services for Students with Disabilities of the Division of Diversity and Community Engagement (471-6259 voice or 471-4641 TTY for users who are deaf or hard of hearing). Present the letter to the professor at the beginning of the semester so that needed accommodations can be discussed. The student should remind the professor of any testing accommodations no later than five business days before an exam. For more information, visit <<http://www.utexas.edu/diversity/ddce/ssd/>>
- 4. Policy on Scholastic Dishonesty**

Social work practitioners assume responsibility for themselves. Therefore it is expected that the work handed in by students will be their own. Students who violate University rules on scholastic dishonesty are subject to disciplinary penalties including the possibility of failure in the course and/or dismissal from the University. Since such dishonesty harms the individual, all students, and the integrity of the University, policies on scholastic dishonesty will be strictly enforced. For further information, the student may refer to the Web Site of the Student Judicial Services, Office of the Dean of Students (<http://www.utexas.edu/depts/dos/sjs/>).
- 5. Attendance, Participation, Assignments.** It is important for students to be punctual in both attendance and in meeting deadlines. Class attendance and participation are expected, as is handing in assignments on time. Roll will be taken each class period and students are expected to attend the full class to be considered present. Students are also expected to complete assigned reading prior to each class. Except in the case of emergencies, and then only with the permission of the instructor, late assignments will be subject to a penalty. Students are expected to turn in all required assignments on the scheduled due date at the beginning of class. Students will lose 3 points for each day that an assignment is late. If the due date is a problem, the student must see the instructor at least 24 hours prior to the regularly scheduled date, and negotiate another due date.
Students may not use laptop computers or other electronic equipment, e.g. cell phone, text messaging, etc., in class. “Ear buds” are also not allowed. Communication devices will be turned off or placed in “silent mode” while in class.

- 6. Policy on Unexcused Absences.** Students who fail to attend class on a regular basis (missing more than one class without a valid excuse, (e.g., medical documentation) may receive one course grade lower than their final grade when points are totaled. Students who are one or two points below the cut-off for a letter grade may receive the higher grade at the end of the semester based on attendance / participation.
- 7. Feedback is Encouraged.** Social work practitioners are assertive and function as team members. Therefore, timely feedback to the instructor about the course—i.e. what is working well and what is hindering the student’s learning --is welcome. The course is viewed as a joint effort between students and the instructor. Students are encouraged to provide feedback as they are comfortable in class, after class, during office hours and / or by appointment, or through anonymous surveys that are given to the class.
- 8. Policy on Confidentiality.** Information shared in class is considered covered by the NASW Code of Ethics regarding the sharing of information by Social Workers. Complete confidentiality of personal matters shared in class is expected.
- 9. Religious Holidays.** University of Texas at Austin policy requires students to notify the professor of a pending absence at least fourteen days prior to the date of observance of a religious holy day. If the student must miss a class, an examination, a work assignment, or a project in order to observe a religious holy day, the professor will give the student an opportunity to complete the missed work within a reasonable time after the absence.
- 10. Use of E-Mail for Official Correspondence to Students.** Email is recognized as an official mode of university correspondence; therefore, students are responsible for reading their email for university and course-related information and announcements. Students are responsible to keep the university informed about changes to the e-mail address. Students should check their e-mail regularly and frequently—daily, but at a minimum twice a week—to stay current with university-related communications, some of which may be time-sensitive. Students can find UT Austin’s policies and instructions for updating their e-mail address at <http://www.utexas.edu/its/policies/email/notify.php>
- 11. Safety.** As part of professional social work education, students may have assignments that involve working in agency settings and/or the community. As such, these assignments may present some risks. Sound choices and caution may lower risks inherent to the profession. It is the student’s responsibility to be aware of and adhere to policies and practices related to agency and/or community safety. Students should notify the professor regarding any safety concerns.
- 12. Behavior Concerns Advice Line (BCAL).** If students are worried about someone who is acting differently, they may use the Behavior Concerns Advice Line to discuss by phone their concerns about another individual’s behavior. This service is provided through a partnership among the Office of the Dean of Students, The Counseling and Mental Health Center (CMHC), the Employee Assistance Program (EAP), and the University of Texas Police Department (UTPD). Call 512-232-5050 or visit <http://www.utexas.edu/safety/bcal>.
- 13. Emergency Evacuation Policy.** Occupants of buildings on the UT Austin campus are required to evacuate and assemble outside when a fire alarm is activated or an announcement is made. Please be aware of the following policies regarding evacuation:
 - ◆Familiarize yourself with all exit doors and the classroom and the building.

Remember that the nearest exit door may not be the one you used when you entered the building.

- ◆ If you require assistance to evacuate, inform the professor in writing during the first week of class.
- ◆ Do not re-enter a building unless you're given instructions by the Austin Fire Department, the UT Austin Police Department, or the Fire Prevention Services office.

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 1</p> <p>Jan 18, 2011</p>	<p><u>Introduction</u> <u>Overview of Syllabus:</u> Course Assignments, In-Class Activities, Course Objectives. Confidentiality. HANDOUTS:--used extensively thru course..</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I .Individual Development Life Stages: developmental tasks and psycho-social crisis of each life stage. (ref. Erikson / Newman) ▪ II. "Traditional" Family Life Cycle Events (ref. Walsh & McGoldridch) ▪ III. Grief Resilience Assessment Model for Grief . (ref. Hooeyman & Kramer) ▪ IV. The Psychosocial Typology of Illness Model (Roland) 	<p>TEXT: Worden -Introduction (pp 1-56)</p> <p>-Ch 1, Attachment, Loss and the Experience of Grief</p> <p>-Ch 2 Understanding the Mourning Process</p> <p><u>REQ'D READINGS:</u></p> <p>#1. Walsh & McGoldrich, (Eds.) (2004) <i>Living Beyond loss: Death in the Family</i>, (2nd Ed.) New York: W.W.Norton.</p> <p>Ch. 2, A Time to Mourn: Death and the Family Life Cycle. (pp.28-46</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 2 Jan 25, 2011</p>	<p>WEEK 2 Lecture: Types of Losses—death and non-death losses, likely to result in Grief; Difference between Primary and Secondary Losses; Define Ambiguous losses; Acute Grief Manifestations; Differences in the Traditional Psychoanalytic and the more current Psychosocial theories of grief, assessment and intervention; Functions of the Normal (uncomplicated) Mourning Process promoted by each of Worden’s Four Tasks of Mourning;; The Dangers of Generalizations of what is normal , abnormal, pathological in the way individuals grieve and for how long, how intensely, or how intermittently they grieve; Whether the Passage of Time brings a guaranteed relief from the pain of grief.</p>	<p>WEEK 2 HANDOUT: 4 Tasks of Mourning (Worden)—to be used extensively thru course.</p> <p>WEEK 2 In-class Exercise: Students will assess a client’s grief status using the Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM)</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 3</p> <p>Feb 1, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Worden's Four Tasks of Uncomplicated Grief: The lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What makes the life stage tasks of adolescent development and the psychosocial crisis so unique? • The impact of losses on mourner's life stage developmental tasks and potential influence on the <i>assessment</i> of grief status and determination of appropriate interventions. • What types of Disenfranchised Grief might occur in adolescence? What is the significance of the <i>resilience</i> approach to grief counseling in taking into account adversity, assets, and protective factors? <p>Video: Camp Braveheart: Adolescent Loss of a Parent Bereavement Group.</p> <p>In Class Exercise: Using examples in the Video and other examples provided, assess the grief status using the Grief Resilience Assessment Model (and Worden's mediators of mourning) to determine where the mourners have progressed to or are stuck in one or more of Worden's four tasks.</p>	<p>TEXT:-Worden</p> <p>-Ch 3 The Mourning Process: Mediators of Mourning.</p> <p>-Ch. 4 Grief Counseling: Facilitating Uncomplicated Grief (pp. 57-125)</p> <p>REQ'D READINGS:</p> <p>#2 Hooyman & Kramer, (2006) <i>Living through loss: Intervention across the life span</i>. New York, Columbia University Press</p> <p>-Ch. 3 Resilience and Meaning Making (pp. 63-86)</p> <p>#3 Doka, K.J. (Ed.). (2002), <i>Disenfranchised grief: New directions, challenges and strategies for practice</i>. Champaign Illinois: Research Press</p> <p>-Ch.22. (Doka, & Martin) How We Grieve: Culture, Class and Gender. (pp. 337-347)</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 4</p> <p>Feb 8, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Complicated Grief for Adolescents and Young Adults: The lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are the differences in Life Stage developmental tasks in Adolescent and Young Adult Developmental Stages that are more likely to complicate a grieving process? • What is society's recognition of losses and support for a grief response from prenatal and natal issues: abortion, SIDS, stillbirth, miscarriage? • What is the role of the social worker when dealing with these issues with different life stages and different populations? (SW Ethics and Values). <p>Video: Parent support group for children with HIV/AIDS.</p> <p>In-Class Group Exercise: Identifying non-death Stigma and Trauma issues of Loss and Grief in the Video and the Social Worker's approach to facilitation.</p>	<p>TEXT: Worden</p> <p>Ch. 5 Abnormal Grief Reactions: Complicated Mourning. (pp. 127-152)</p> <p>Ch. 7 Grieving Special Types of Losses (pp.179—216)</p> <p>READINGS:</p> <p>#4 Neimeyer (Ed), Meaning reconstruction & the experience of loss (2002) Wash. D.C.: American Psychological Association -CH 5 (Nadeau, J. W.). Family Construction of Meaning (pp. 95-111)</p> <p>Hand out in Class: Comprehensive Question Guide from which to select your own questions to fit the family members you are interviewing for your papers and for interviewing clients generally.</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 5</p> <p>Feb 15, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Infant and Children's Experience of Loss and Grief. The lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The unique life stage development issues (limited cognitive, emotional control and language abilities) of infants and young children in their capacity to comprehend the death of a parent or sibling or other non-death attachment loss events and the complications that may arise if their needs are not promptly and properly addressed. • How do you reach children who are grieving a major loss but have not developed sufficiently to comprehend or have language to express what they are feeling? • What task or tasks of grief are you working with when employing Play or Art Therapy? <p>Video: Techniques to reach grieving children. (My Healing Place)</p> <p>In class Small Group Exercise: Assessing the grief status of very young children who have suffered a significant non-death or death loss.</p> <p><u>MULTIPLE CHOICE EXAM:</u> 26 questions (at beginning of class) Questions to be based on the following: Understanding differences in Grief Theory and grief process from a psychoanalytic / medical approach and a psychosocial approach. Application of the five handouts distributed in class: (1) Life Stages, Developmental Tasks and Psychosocial Crisis of each life stage (Erikson & Newman) (2) Family Life Cycle Events (Walsh & McGoldrich) (3) Grief Resilience Assessment Model (GRAM) (Informed by Hooyman & Kramer) (4) Four Tasks of the Mourning Process (Worden) (5) Psychosocial Typology of Illness (Roland)</p>	<p>TEXT: Worden <i>Review Ch.8: Grief and Family Systems.</i> (pp. 217-245)</p> <p>-</p> <p><u>REQ'D READINGS:</u></p> <p>#5 Webb (Ed.) (2002). <i>Helping bereaved children: A handbook for practitioners.</i> (2nd Ed.) New York: Guilford Press.</p> <p>-Ch 10 (Tait, & Depta) Play Therapy Group for Bereaved Children (pp.169-185)</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 6 Feb 22, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Distinguish between a Stigmatized situation and a Disenfranchised situation as related to Loss and Grief? This lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How Stigmatized Losses and Disenfranchised Grief impede an uncomplicated mourning process. <p>Guest Speaker: A mother dealing with Complicated Grief resulting from the struggle with choices involving non-death losses, stigma, strong belief systems, and parental love.</p>	<p>REQ'D READINGS:</p> <p># 9 Doka,(Ed. (2002), <i>Disenfranchised grief: New directions, challenges and strategies for practice</i>. Champaign Illinois: Research Press</p> <p>-Ch. 21. (Doka, K.J.) How We Die: Stigmatized Death and Disenfranchised Grief. (pp.323-336)</p>
<p>WEEK 7 March 1, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Loss, Trauma, and Grief from Violent Death including Natural, Community and National Disasters. This lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distinguish how the impact of mass violence differs from the impact of violence experienced by children and adults • In what ways can mass deaths from terrorist attacks, train or airplane crashes, impact the scope of the grief experience differently from a cause of death that takes one or a few individuals? • In what ways might a social worker become involved in such situations? <p>In-Class Exercise: Planning My Own Funeral</p>	<p>#8 Straussner & Phillips (Eds.) (2004) <i>Understanding mass violence: A social work perspective</i>. New York: Pearson.</p> <p>-Ch. 3 (Steele, W.) Helping Traumatized Children (pp.41-56)</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 8</p> <p>March 8, 2011</p>	<p>Guest Speaker: The Impact of Murder of a Loved One on survivors' grief process and the implications of intervention.</p> <p>In-Class Exercise</p> <p>Mid-Course Evaluation</p>	<p>#7 Armour, M.(2003) Meaning Making in the Aftermath of Homicide. <i>Death Studies</i> Vol. 27 pp. 519-540</p> <p>#11 Handout in Class-- Advanced Directives, Medical Power of Attorney, Do- Not-Resuscitate Order <i>to be filled out and brought to class next week</i> for discussion.</p>
<p>WEEK 9</p> <p>March 15, 2011</p>	<p><i>SPRING BREAK</i></p>	
<p>WEEK 10</p> <p>March 22, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Loss issues of the Elderly: Definition of Death, the Process and Impact of Dementia and Alzheimer's Disease, Hospice Care. Who Makes the Decisions? Where to Die? Organ Donations? Ethical and Legal Issues.</p> <p>This lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pain and Cure or Comfort in the Last Days? How does a person qualify for Hospice Care? Who makes the decision whether to seek Hospice Care? • What are the different personal, legal, ethical, and professional issues involved in Assisted Suicide or Euthanasia? • At what point is someone considered dead? Who has the legal authority to decide? (i.e. Terri Shaivo case). • What may be the role of a social worker in these types of situations? <p>Guest Speaker: Dr. Leigh Fredheim, Medical Director, Hospice Austin</p> <p>Small Group Exercise: Discussion of personal decisions on Advanced Directives, Medical Power of Attorney and Do- Not Resuscitate.</p>	<p>#10 Corr, C.A., Nabe C.M., & Corr, D.M. (2003) <i>Death and dying Life and living</i> (4th Ed.) Belmont CA:Wadsworth / Thomson.</p> <p>-Ch.18 Assisted Suicide and Euthanasia: Intentionally Ending a Human Li (pp.484-512)</p> <p>#11: Readings and Assignment</p> <p>Read and complete the forms handed out.</p> <p>Advance Directive, Medical Power of Attorney, DNR. Be prepared to discuss the basis for your choices and how you would advise your clients on these matters.</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 11</p> <p>March 29, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Loss and Grief in Different Cultures.</p> <p>Discussion of Class Objectives.</p> <p>The lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What are the major religions, beliefs and ritual within each of the following groups with respect to life, death, illness, loss and grief? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) African Americans? (b) Asian Americans? © Hispanic Americans? (d) Native Americans? • Are generalizations about any of these populations concerning their grief process reliable? Why or why not? • In what ways may the different bereavement-related beliefs and rituals of the other cultures be helpful to (or hinder) the completion any of Worden's 4 tasks of uncomplicated mourning? <p>Small group exercise: Answer the questions with respect to two of the above (assigned) populations and make a presentation to the class of your conclusions and rationale.</p> <p><u>OUTLINE OF FINAL PAPER DUE</u></p>	<p>#12 Corr, C.A. Nabe, C. M. & Coddrr , D. M. (2003) Death and Dying : Life and Living. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Thomson</p> <p>CH. 5 Cultural Differences and Death (pp 99-125)</p> <p>OUTLINE OF FINAL PAPER DUE</p>
<p>WEEK 12</p> <p>April 5, 2011</p>	<p>Lecture: Discrimination, Oppression and Marginalization. The lecture will address the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -When considering the effect of losses on an individual's or family's grief experience, how do discrimination, oppression, poverty, lo socio-economic status lack of opportunities interact differently with particular races, cultures, alternative life styles in the U.S.? -What role con the social worker play when confronted by such conditions in a loss and grief situation? -Consider death and non-death losses. Where do non-death losses such as illness and disability fit for these populations in terms of the experience of loss? 	<p>Review: Req'd Readings</p> <p># 9, (Doka)</p> <p># 10 (Corr Nabe & Corr)</p> <p># 12 Corr, Nabe, & Corr</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
WEEK 13 April 12, 2011	<p>Each student will bring an item of importance and meaning that evokes a welcome, if sad, memory of someone or something that is no longer in their life. The student will share the significance of the item with the class. The entire period of the class will be conducted as a Grief Support Group with an appropriate safe and warm environment. Each group member will share the item and it's personal meaning. Each student will provide empathetic listening to the other group members. The special item can be a poem, an heirloom, a photo, a recipe , a song, an event---anything that evokes a strong memory of someone or something that was once especially meaningful and is no longer physically around.</p>	<p>Assignment is to bring to class an item of importance and meaning that evokes a strong memory of someone or something that is no longer a part of your current life.</p>
WEEK 14 April 19, 2011	<p>Each student will have the opportunity to request additional discussion on specific situations and/or areas of loss and grief on which she or he would like more information.</p>	
WEEK 15 April 26 2011	<p>Lecture: What do Social Workers have to watch out for in promoting their own mental and physical health, and well-being, This lecture will address the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social workers deal not only with their clients issues of loss and grief, but, at the same time, to render professional service need to contend with and address their own personal losses and grief. <p>Small / Large Group Exercise: How to deal with complex issues involving legal, ethical, and potentially conflicting personal and professional conundrums facing social workers?</p> <p>Large Group Exercise: Observations on large and small group experience in class.</p>	<p>TEXT: Worden -Ch. 9 The Counselor's Own Grief</p>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REQ'D TEXT & REQ'D READINGS</u>
<p>WEEK 16</p> <p>May 3, 2011</p>	<p>LAST CLASS</p> <p>Short In-Class Essay (20 minutes)</p> <p>My Reconciliation of Differences As a social worker, in dealing with clients' loss and grief, how do I personally reconcile and professionally adapt to differences, personal disagreements, or even moral repugnance, between my personal beliefs, and values, and biases and those clients having different cultural, religion, and lifestyle beliefs, values and behaviors? If I believe my career goal is to become a highly qualified professional who delivers best practice services uniformly to all clients, what, if any, circumstances, <i>for the protection of the client</i>, might I choose to draw a professional boundary for myself and make a referral or not undertake assigned or requested services?</p> <p>FINAL PAPER DUE</p> <p>CLASS EVALUATION</p>	<p>FINAL PAPER DUE</p>

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Recommended Texts:

- Becker, E. (1973) *The denial of death*. New York: Free Press.
- Becvar, D.S. (2001) *In the presence of grief: Helping family members resolve death, dying and bereavement issues*. New York: Guilford Press
- Boss, P. (1999) *Ambiguous loss*. Cambridge: Harvard University.
- Corr, C.A., Nabe, C.M.& Corr, D.M. (2003) *Death and dying Life and living* (4th ed). Belmont CA: Wadsworth/Thomson:
- Doka, K.J. & Davidson, J.D. (1998) *Living with grief: Who we are How we grieve*. Philadelphia: Brunner/Mazel
- Doka, K.J. (Ed.) (2002). *Disenfranchised grief: New directions, challenges and strategies for practice*. Champaign IL: Research Press.
- Hooyman, N. R. & Kramer, B.J. (2006) *Living through loss: Intervention across the life span*. New York: Columbia University Press.
- Meyer, C. (2000). *Surviving death: A practical guide to caring for the dying & bereaved*. Mystic: Twenty-Third Publications.
- Pomeroy, E.& Garcia, R.B.(2009) *The grief assessment and intervention workbook: A strengths perspective*. Wadsworth Cengage Learning
- Rando, T.A. (1993). *Treatment of complicated mourning*. Champaign, IL: Research Press.
- Rando, T.A. (2000). *Clinical dimensions of anticipatory mourning: Theory and practice in working with the dying, their loved ones, and their caregivers*. Champaign, IL: Research Press
- Rolland, J.S. (1994) *Families, illness, & disability. Basic Books*
- Sprang, G., & McNeil, J. (1995). *The many faces of bereavement: The nature and treatment of natural, traumatic, and stigmatized grief*. New York: Brunner/Mazel
- Viorst, J. (1998). *Necessary losses*. New York: Fireside
- Worden, J. W. (2009) *Grief counseling and grief therapy* (4th Ed.). New York: Springer Publishing.
- Walsh, F. & McGoldrich (Ed.) (2004). *Living beyond loss: Death in the family* (2nd Ed.). New York: W.W. Norton

McGoldrick, M., Carter, B. & Garcia-Preto N. (Ed.) (2010) *The expanded family life cycle* . (4th Ed),
New York: Allyn & Bacon

Webb, N.B. (Ed.) (2002). *Helping bereaved children: A handbook for practitioners* (2nd Ed). New York:
Guilford Press

LIST OF REQUIRED READINGS IN ADDITION TO THE TEXT

These REQUIRED READINGS are the same as listed in the Weekly Course Schedule and may be accessed on E-Reserves : (PASSWORD: “Grief2011”)

<u>WEEK</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>REQUIRED READING</u>
Week 1 and	01/18/11	#1	Walsh & McGoldrich: Living beyond loss: Death in the family - Ch. 2 A Time to Mourn: Death and the Family Life cycle (pp. 28-46)
Week 2	01/25/11		
Week 3	02/01/11	#2	Hooyman & Kramer: Living through loss: Intervention across the life span - Ch. 3 Resilience and Meaning Making (pp. 63-86) -Ch.6 Grief and Loss in Adolescence (pp139-161)
		#3	Doka: Disenfranchised grief: New directions, challenges and strategies for practice -Ch.22 How We Grieve: Culture, Class and Gender (pp 337-347)
Week 4	02/08/11	#4	Neimeyer: Meaning reconstruction and the experience of loss -Ch.5 Family Reconstruction & the Experience of Loss (pp. 95-111)
Week 5	02/15/11	#5	Webb: Helping bereaved children: A handbook for practitioners -Ch. 10 Play Therapy Group for Bereaved Children (pp. 169-185)
Week 6	02/22/11	#9	Doka: Disenfranchised grief: New directions challenges and strategies for practice -Ch. 21 How We Die: Stigmatized Death and Disenfranchised Grief (pp 323-336)
Week 7	03/01/11	#8	STRAUSSNER & PHILLIPS: Understanding mass violence: A social work perspective -Ch.3 Helping Traumatized Children (pp. 41-56)
Week 8	03/08/11	#7	Armour M. Meaning Making in the Aftermath of Homicide -Death Studies, Vol. 27, (pp. 519-540)
Week 10	03/22/11	#10	Corr, Nabe, & Corr, Death and dying Life and living -Ch. 18 Assisted Suicide and Euthanasia: Intentionally Ending a Human Life (pp.484-512)
Week 12	03/25/11	#12	Corr, Nabe & Corr, Death and dying Life and living -Ch. 5 Cultural Differences and Death