THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN SCHOOL OF SOCIAL WORK

Course Number: UGS 302 Instructor: Lori Holleran Steiker, Ph.D, ACSW

Unique Number: 61455 E-mails: lorikay@mail.utexas.edu;

Semester: Fall, 2015 Office Room: 3.122A

Phone: (512) 232-9330 **Office Hours:** Mondays & Wednesdays by appt.

Meeting Times: Mondays 11am-12pm & Wednesdays 11am-1pm Meeting Place: MAI 220E

TA:

Peer Mentor:

UT SIGNATURE COURSE YOUNG PEOPLE AND DRUGS (YPAD)

I. COURSE DESCRIPTION

In our society, drug experimentation has become normative for many adolescents. It is likely that most of the students sitting in this classroom have had experiences with drugs or alcohol that have impacted their lives – if not their own, then someone close to them. The complexity of decisions about drugs and alcohol defies traditional, "Just Say No" mantras. This course provides an interdisciplinary examination of the choice to use. It will explore incidence and etiology of chemical use and dependence and its impact on adolescents, families, and society. The course addresses physiological, psychosocial, and cultural aspects of psychoactive substances in relation to adolescents, adolescent assessment techniques and classification of substance use disorders, and special characteristics of adolescents of diverse population groups, particularly those at high risk. Lecturers from social work, nursing, pharmacy, and psychology will help students explore adolescent drug use through a variety of lenses. The course is organized using a bio-psycho-social-spiritual framework with aspects of the trans-theoretical model. The course is built on the identification, analysis, and implementation of empirically based prevention and treatment interventions designed to achieve adolescent client/family goals. The instructor's history as an adolescent therapist and present research with adolescents is utilized to spark discussion of issues that have been studied and research yet to be done. The development of skills in data collection, assessment, and problem identification is also emphasized. Students will have an opportunity to use their own experiences and perspectives to examine the issue of drugs and alcohol and will consider realistic problems, responses, and interventions, "where the rubber hits the road." Students in the class will get numerous opportunities to witness both those struggling

with alcohol/drug problems and those in recovery. They will think critically in order to bridge research and practice issues. *The course has a substantial writing component*. Throughout the course, special attention is given to understanding, affirming, and respecting people from diverse backgrounds.

II. COURSE OBJECTIVES

By the end of the semester, students should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the incidence of adolescent chemical dependence and its impact on youth, families, and communities;
- 2. Compare and critically evaluate major models and theories of chemical dependence including the bio-psycho-social-spiritual impact of ecological factors on development, incidence, maintenance, and treatment of substance abuse and dependence;
- 3. Discuss the physiological and psychological effects of drugs and alcohol on youth, particularly considering developmental frameworks;
- 4. Grounded in the ethical decision-making process, identify, utilize, and understand the rationale behind empirically-supported prevention and intervention approaches.
- 5. Demonstrate an understanding of assessment and classification of adolescent psychoactive substance dependence and abuse and the concept of multiple diagnoses;
- 6. Identify and describe the effects of chemical dependence on families and communities with an understanding of the pursuit of social and economic justice including strategies to address discrimination, oppression, and economic deprivation for individuals and families with special attention to characteristics including but not limited to involvement with the criminal justice system, gender, age, culture, socioeconomic status, sexual orientation, and ability;
- 7. Discuss and evaluate methods designed to motivate chemically dependent adolescents and their families to use available treatment programs, multiple roads to harm reduction and recovery, and community self-help resources in order to help alleviate social problems related to adolescent chemical dependency and to promote client well-being.

III. METHODS OF INSTRUCTION

The primary means of instruction are informal lectures (students are encouraged to ask questions and make comments during lectures) and class discussions. Students will be encouraged to share their experiences and perspectives (without incriminating themselves or putting their privacy at risk). Films and exercises will also be used. Guest speakers will augment class sessions with their expertise. Experiential exercises will be utilized readily to practice learned skills.

IV. TEXTS

REQUIRED TEXTS:

Erickson, C. K. (2007). *The Science of Addiction: From Neurobiology to Treatment*. New York: W.W. Norton and Company, Inc.

Sheff, D. (2008). *Beautiful Boy: A Father's Journey Through His Son's Addiction*. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.

Holleran Steiker, L. (2016). Youth and Substance Use: Prevention, Intervention & Recovery. Lyceum Books, Inc.

OTHER VALUABLE RECOMMENDED TEXTS FOR CONSIDERATION:

- Kuhn, C., Swartzwelder, S., Wilson, W. (2008). *Buzzed: The Straight Facts about the Most Used and Abused Drugs from Alcohol to Ecstasy.* New York: Norton & Company.
- Leukefeld, C. G., Gullotta, T. P., & Staton-Tindall, M. (2009). *Adolescent substance abuse: Evidence-based approaches to prevention and treatment.* New York, NY: Springer.

V. COURSE AGENDA

Date	Description	Text / Readings "read by date shown"
Aug. 26 W	Introductions and review of syllabus	Read Chapter 1 of <i>Youth and Substance Use</i> (Holleran Steiker, 2016)
Sept. 2 W	Theories and models of chemical dependence: Moral, Bio-psycho-social-spiritual, developmental model	Ar. : A L : CAL NA: 1
Sept. 7 M	LABOR DAY	Visit the website of the National Institute on Drug Abuse at www.nida.nih.gov/DrugAbuse.html
Sept. 9 W	Discussion of drug and alcohol perspectives, experiences, and impressions Movie: The Anonymous People	Read Chaps. 2 & 3 Youth and Substance Use (Holleran Steiker, 2016)
Sept. 14 M	The brain and the neurobiology of chemical dependence: Understanding the pathways to addiction <i>Carlton Erickson</i>	Chapters 1 & 2 in Erickson, C. K. (2007). The Science of Addiction Explore drug myths on http://www.utexas.edu/research/asrec/ Be prepared to take notes

Sept. 16 W	Nexus of Development and Drug Cultures: Intro to diversity (i.e., cultural, age, class, gender, spirituality, and sexual orientation considerations.)	Choose an article from the bibliography in this syllabus or on your own (preferably within the last 10 years) that addresses some aspect of adolescent substance abuse and a unique population – read before class. Article to be handed out: Holleran, L., & MacMaster, S.A. (2005). Applying a Cultural Competency Framework to Twelve Step Programs. Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly, 23, (4), 107-120.
Sept. 21 M	 Treatment –Systems of Care Motivating adolescents for change What works? Does treatment matter? Community Approaches Treatment and recovery support: 12 Step Programs Other groups and recovery mechanisms Spiritual/Religious approaches Recovery Month events Speaker on 12-Step program attendance 	Read Chap. 8 in Youth and Substance Use (Holleran Steiker, 2016) Kelly, J.F.; Myers, M.G.; Brown, S.A.(2002). Do adolescents affiliate with 12-step groups? A multivariate process model of effects. Journal of Studies on Alcohol, 63(3), 293-304. Also See: http://www.alcoholics-anonymous.org/http://www.na.org/
Sept. 23 W	Understanding the chemically dependent Adolescent: An Ecological Perspective (case studies)	

Sept. 28 M	SIGN UP TO PARTICIPATE IN RECOVERY CAPITAL CONFERENCE – choice of John Kelly's opening plenary or a break-out discussion section. http://www.recoverycapitalconference.org/ Guest Panel of recovering young people. Submit Paper 1 by the end of class	
Sept. 30 W	Screening, diagnosis & assessment	Read Chap. 6 in Youth and Substance Use, (Holleran Steiker, 2016) SAMHSA/CSAT: Screening and Assessing Adolescents for Substance Use Disorders – to be handed out by professor
Oct. 5 M	Stages of Change and Motivational Enhancement/Interviewing Videotapes: Motivational Interviewing	Read Chap. 7 (Holleran Steiker, 2016) DiClemente, C. C., Schlundt, D. and Gemmell, L.(2004) Readiness and Stages of Change in Addiction Treatment. <i>American Journal on Addictions</i> , 13:2, 103-119. http://pdfserve.informaworld.com/811736_731196266_714111001.pdf

Oct. 7 W	Visit to one of the following UT Addictions Research Labs: Juan Dominquez Neural and endocrine mechanisms that regulate motivated behaviors Jeff Luci Facilities Manager for the Imaging Research Center Michela Marinelli Biological basis of addiction lab S. John Mihic Molecular sites of action of drugs of abuse on ligand-gated ion channels Kim Fromme Studies young adult behaviors under the influence in her SAHARA "Bar Lab" Adron Harris Head of Waggoner Center for Alcohol and Addiction Research. Focuses on the molecular changes in the brain and how they are related to alcohol dependence.	You are expected to find the researchers website and lab description online and come with an index card with a question – you will hand that in as your attendance confirmation.
Oct. 12 M	Interventions using the Transtheoretical Model of Change and Motivational Interviewing Submit Paper 2 by the end of class	
Oct. 14 W	Continuum of Care: Treatment & Interventions Panel of addictions clinicians	
Oct. 19 M	Addiction Treatment: Phoenix House visit for tour and discussion of adolescent treatment	Review Chap. 7 (Holleran Steiker, 2016) Erickson, C. (2007) Science of Addiction – Chapter 8
Oct. 21 W	Advertising: Youth, Drugs, Alcohol, Music, & Media Mike Mackert and SMITs	Consider the alcohol and medication ads you know and see – think critically about their goals, impact, target audience

Oct. 26 M	Prevention: "Primary, Secondary, Tertiary" College Alcohol Prevention Programs & Culturally grounded prevention interventions: Dr. Holleran's research presentation	Read Chap. 4 Youth and Substance Use (Holleran Steiker, 2016) Article to be handed out: Holleran, L.K., Reeves, L., Marsiglia, F. F., & Dustman, P. (2002). Creating culturally grounded videos for substance abuse prevention: A dual perspective on process. Journal of Social Work Practice in the Addictions, 2(1), 55-78.
Oct. 28 W	Family and Youth Substance Use QUIZ 1	Read Chapter 5 Youth and Substance Use (Holleran Steiker, 2016)
Nov. 2 M		
Nov. 4 W		
Nov. 9 M	PRESENTATIONS	Each presentation will provide handout
Nov. 11 W		Zava precentation was provided national
		Read pages on Harm Reduction in <i>Youth</i>
	Harm reduction and other alternatives to traditional treatment Other current social issues: HIV/AIDS,	and Substance Use (Holleran Steiker, 2016) MacMaster, S.; Holleran Steiker, L., Chaffin, C. (2005). Empirical and
Nov. 16 M and Nov. 18 W	needle exchange, FASD, methamphetamine epidemic, Media campaigns etc. Local harm reduction representatives: Kim Comstock (MARS, INC.), Mark	Theoretical Support for the Inclusion of Non-Abstinence Based Perspectives in Prevention Services for Substance Using Adolescents. <i>Journal of Evidence Based Social Work</i> 2(1/2), 91-111.
	Kinzley (opiate overdose prevention expert) and Robert Love, Austin Harm Reduction Coalition	Marlatt, G.A. & Witkiewitz, K. (2002). Harm reduction approaches to alcohol use: Health promotion, prevention, and treatment. <i>Addictive Behaviors</i> , 27(6), 867-886. Find on internet or get from professor

Nov. 23 M	Policy and Legal Issues – Russ Jones, Retired Narcotics Officer, speaker for the Law Enforcement Against Prohibition (LEAP) and Drug Policy Forum of Texas Submit Paper 3 by the end of class	Read Chap. 10 & 11 Youth and Substance Use (Holleran Steiker, 2016)
Nov. 25 W	Policy and Legal Issues (Continued)	
Nov. 30 M	QUIZ 2	
Dec. 2 W	Current Issues and Course Wrap-Up Evaluation	Read Holleran Steiker Epilogue and hand in Addendum for course credit

VI. ASSIGNMENTS AND STUDENT EVALUATION

Your grade in this course will be based on 3 graded papers (the learning assessment is not graded, but will result in a 10-point penalty on the final course grade if it is not submitted.)

Papers

Unless a length is stated below, papers should be about 3-6 pages. In order to satisfy the university's criteria for a substantial writing component course, these writing activities must total approximately 16 typewritten, double-spaced pages, or about 4,000 words. Papers should be typed in 12-point Times Roman font and double-spaced. References (primarily current journal articles published since 1993 expected, books/chapters acceptable, websites only to enhance the prior to sources) should be clearly cited. Make sure that the full citation to the work is included in the reference list at the end of your paper; for journal articles include author(s), title of the article, journal name, volume,

number, and page numbers; for books include author(s), title, city, publisher and date; for book chapters include the chapter author(s), chapter title, and page numbers, as well as the citation information for the book. These papers should be a **critical analysis** of the material. You are expected to *do more than summarize the material*. Discuss questions that the material raises for you; address the usefulness of the material; appraise what the writer is saying, etc.

Paper 1: [choose one of the following two choices]

With permission, interview an adolescent who has at least experimented with drugs. The paper should begin with sections of the transcript which best illustrate the adolescents' perspective on drugs/alcohol, prevention, addiction, treatment, etc. The bulk of the paper should address impressions of the interview data. You must have at least 10 references with information cited in your paper, which relate to your impressions of the interview. As above, please take the utmost care in writing this paper to ensure that you do not reveal anyone's identity. It is not appropriate to retell detailed "stories" that the interviewee may have relayed during the interview in your paper. If you are going to audio-tape the interview for paper-writing purposes, please see the instructor for a contract that the interviewee must sign.

OR

Write about your own alcohol and drug experiences. The paper should begin with experiences that best illustrate your perspective on drugs/alcohol, prevention, addiction, treatment, etc. The bulk of the paper should critically examine your experiences in light of the research on adolescents and drugs. You must have at least 10 references with information cited in your paper. As above, please take the utmost care in writing this paper to ensure that you do not reveal more than you are comfortable with. If this is a problematic area of your life and you have never addressed it, please see the professor before tackling this assignment.

Paper 2:

Attend three meetings of a 12-Step program for addiction recovery [i.e., Alcoholics Anonymous (AA) or Narcotics Anonymous (NA) or Cocaine Anonymous (CA)]. Meeting schedules for self-help groups will be made available and preparation for the assignment will be discussed in class in order to help you select an appropriate meeting (e.g., non-alcoholics should attend an *open* meeting of AA). The paper should begin with a brief, general summary of the meeting. The bulk of the paper should contain your impressions of the meeting including thoughts on topics such as whether or not you would make adolescent referrals to the group based on this initial experience, the types of adolescents you think might do well in this particular group, and how you felt as an individual attending for the first time or how you think an adolescent with a chemical dependency problem might feel attending for the first time. You must have at least 5 references with information cited in your paper, which relate to your impressions of the meeting. Please take the utmost care in writing this paper to ensure that you do not reveal anyone's identity. It is not appropriate to retell "stories" that speakers may have relayed during the meeting in your paper. Do not bring a tape recorder or take notes during the meeting. We will discuss other protocol issues in class. Attendance

at these meetings is voluntary and is entirely at your own risk.

Paper 3: Done in Dyads

Contributing to the Movement: In dyads, write a proposal for a way to change something in the world related to addiction, recovery, or substance use/abuse. Professor will give additional details on assignment sheet to be distributed in class.

Final Assignment, Addendum: Write a two-page assessment of what you have learned during the semester. You might organize the paper in terms of the 3 or 4 things you learned that you feel will be most important for social work practice or your chosen field and why you believe this is so. (This section of your assignment is your personal learning assessment; it is not intended to be a critique of the course.) **There is no grade for this assignment, but failure to submit it will result in ten points being subtracted from your final grade.**

Presentations:

Each student will get the opportunity to present one controversial or complex area of drugs and adolescents in the following format:

- (1) The student will present an outline of the research in this area and arguments on both (or numerous) sides of related controversy or debate. If a student is more interested in clinical intervention, he/she is welcome to present a certain intervention with the pros and cons of the intervention.
- (2) Students will practice their presentation in front of a classmate, peer mentor, or TA to be sure they are prepared adequately, organized, and clear.
- (3) The student will hand out a synopsis of this issue along with a current reference list of research and commentary in this area.
- (4) The student will then facilitate 10 minutes of class discussion on this topic, being sure to elicit questions, critical thinking, and challenges to the audience.

Participation:

At the end of the semester I will judge your overall contribution to class discussion. This portion of your participation grade will be based on your: (a) familiarity with readings; (b) ability to hear and understand what others say; (c) ability to express yourself clearly; (d) ability to synthesize the thoughts of others to form new insights, conclusions, or questions; (e) ability to disagree constructively; (f) cooperation in building a stimulating and supportive intellectual atmosphere in class; and (g) ability to use Socratic questioning. Because a significant portion of your grade is based on class participation, it is obvious that attendance is crucial; you cannot participate if you aren't physically present. Missed classes will be addressed on a case-by-case basis. If you have to miss a class and have a good excuse, please let me know as soon as possible.

In order to respect the course, professor, and fellow students, cell phones must be put away during class and computers may be used only for note-taking or for class activities. Students who use electronics for non-class related activities will be marked absent and asked to leave for the remainder of that class. There will be no warnings or exceptions.

University Lecture Series

All students must attend a Fall 2015 University Lecture Series (ULS) being held in Hogg Memorial Auditorium on September 21 and 22. An exciting enhancement this year is that our presenters will give an encore performance of their lecture each night in order to be sure to accommodate our anticipated attendance (times TBA). On Monday, September 21 we will have a unique opportunity to watch and listen to the minds behind the hit NPR radio series Two Guys on Your Head. On Tuesday, September 22, we will focus on an interdisciplinary approach to leadership. See more detailed information about the lectures http://www.utexas.edu/ugs/uls.

To satisfy the expectations for this course, a paragraph of impressions and any connections made between the course and the lectures will be collected to document attendance.

Criteria for Grading Papers

Each paper will be graded on the following criteria:

- 1. Adherence to the instructions for the assignment.
- 2. Quality of the writing: organization, clarity, syntax and grammar, and so forth. (Your ability to express a substantial amount of information succinctly is critical to these assignments.)
- 3. Quality of material chosen for review (journal articles are the best references, due to their peer-reviewed status; books are acceptable; websites other than federal agencies based in research are variable and must be viewed critically see instructor to assess viability of website references).
- 4. Appropriate referencing.
- 5. Quality of the ideas presented.
- 6. Originality of the ideas presented.

Criteria for Grading Presentations:

Each presentation will be graded on the following criteria:

- 1. Adherence to the instructions for the assignment.
- 2. Quality of the synopsis and research (i.e., breadth, depth, relevance and timeliness of citations, etc.)
- 3. Quality of material chosen for review (journal articles are the best references, due to their peer-reviewed status; books are acceptable; websites other than federal agencies based in research are variable and must be viewed critically see instructor to assess viability of website references).
- 4. Appropriate referencing.
- 5. Quality and articulation of ideas presented.
- 6. Consideration of various perspectives.
- 7. Facilitation of class input.

Grading Scale and Calculation of Final Grades

The grading scale for all tests and papers and the final grade is as follows:

Student Performance Evaluation

Course Requirement	% of grade
Papers (3)	50%
Presentation	25%
Quizzes (averaged together)	10%
Participation (expected)	15%
TOTAL	100%

Grading Scale

94. 0 and Above	Α
90.0 to 93.999	A-
87.0 to 89.999	B+
84.0 to 86.999	В
80.0 to 83.999	B-
77.0 to 79.999	C+
74.0 to 76.999	С
70.0 to 73.999	C-
67.0 to 69.999	D+
64.0 to 66.999	D
60.0 to 63.999	D-
Below 60.0	F

COURSE REQUIREMENTS: Contract of Expectations

- 1. Students are expected to attend class sessions promptly and regularly. Members will participate in an interactive framework between collegiate students and professor.
- 2. Students are expected to <u>complete the readings prior to class</u>, and should be well prepared to participate in discussions and experiential learning assignments.
- 3. Failure to regularly attend the class and demonstrate through discussions that one has comprehended the readings will be considered in assigning the final grade.

 ***Students will be allowed **two unexcused absences**.
- 4. In cases where a student missed more than the allotted two absences, the professor reserves the right to lower that student's final grade. In extenuating circumstances of absences, students are to notify the professor. Students are responsible for any material missed due to absences.
- 5. Except in the case of extreme emergencies, and then only with the permission of the professor, late assignments will not be accepted without penalty. Students are expected to turn in all required assignments on the agreed upon due date at the beginning of class. Assignments turned in after class starts will be considered late. If accepted, late assignments will be assessed point penalties at the rate of 3 points each day late. If the due date is a problem, then the student should see the professor and negotiate another due date well in advance
- 6. Regardless of the reason, even if excused, students that miss taking a test on the scheduled date as outlined below in the course outline will take a make-up exam that will be **essay** in nature. The make-up exam, will be taken by the student as soon as possible following the administration of the regularly scheduled test. The

- reason for this is that once the multiple-choice test has been administered to the class, the integrity of that test is then jeopardized.
- 7. If students are concerned about their class performance, the professor is more than willing to work with students to help them improve their course grades *prior to the end of the semester*. **FINAL GRADES ASSIGNED IN THE COURSE ARE NOT NEGOTIABLE.**
- 8. Small groups are expected to resolve challenges within their group context. The professor is willing to serve as a consultant if group members are unable to resolve their differences.
- 9. Group work can raise emotional issues. The professor and students have the ethical responsibility to their colleagues to see that the class environment is maintained as a respectful and confidential setting. Student feedback is welcome. All NASW Code of Ethics values will be upheld.
- 10. A mid-semester course evaluation will be conducted and input considered for course adjustments. Students are encouraged to provide feedback during office hours and by appointment if they desire.

Writing

This course carries the Writing Flag. Writing Flag courses are designed to give students experience with writing in an academic discipline. In this class, you can expect to write regularly during the semester, complete substantial writing projects, and receive feedback from your instructor to help you improve your writing. You will also have the opportunity to revise one or more assignments, and you may be asked to read and discuss your peers' work. You should therefore expect a substantial portion of your grade to come from your written work. Writing Flag classes meet the Core Communications objectives of Critical Thinking, Communication, Teamwork, and Personal Responsibility, established by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board.

Grading of all written assignments will take into account the quality of the writing as well as the content. The American Psychological Association $(APA) - 4^{th}$ edition format should be used. Written material should be carefully proofread and errors (punctuation, typographical, spelling) corrected.

UNIVERSITY POLICIES

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS HONOR CODE. The core values of The University of Texas at Austin are learning, discovery, freedom, leadership, individual opportunity, and responsibility. Each member of the university is expected to uphold these values through integrity, honesty, trust, fairness, and respect toward peers and community.

PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT IN CLASS. The professor expects students to act as professionals in class. This means students should arrive on time for class, be prepared to participate in the class discussion, and show respect for one another's opinions. We will not, nor should we, always agree with one another. In this environment we should be

exposed to diverse ideas and opinions, and sometime we will not agree with the ideas expressed by others. However, the professor does require that students engage one another with respect and professionalism.

CLASSROOM CIVILITY. A course brings together a group of diverse individuals with various backgrounds. Students are influenced and shaped by such factors as ethnicity, gender, sex, physical abilities, religious and political beliefs, national origins, and sexual orientations, among others. We expect to learn from each other in an atmosphere of positive engagement and mutual respect. Social Work deals with complex and controversial issues. These issues may be challenging and uncomfortable, and it would be impossible to offer a substantive classroom experience that did not include potentially difficult conversations relating to challenging issues.

UNANTICIPATED DISTRESS. Students may experience unexpected and/or distressing reactions to course readings, videos, conversations, and assignments. If so, students are encouraged to inform the instructor. The instructor can be responsive and supportive regarding students' participation in course assignments and activities, but students are responsible for communicating clearly what kind of support is desired. If counseling is needed, students can contact a service provider of their choosing, including the UT Counseling Center at 512-471-3515 or online at www.utexas.edu/student/cmhc/.

POLICY ON SOCIAL MEDIA AND PROFESSIONAL

COMMUNICATION. Public social networks are not private. Even when open only to approved or invited members, users cannot be certain that privacy will exist among the general membership of sites. If social work students choose to participate in such forums, please assume that anything posted can be seen, read, and critiqued. What is said, posted, linked to, commented on, uploaded, subscribed to, etc., can be accessed and archived, posing potential harm to professional reputations and prospective careers.

Social work students who use social media (i.e. Facebook, Twitter, etc.) and other forms of electronic communication (i.e. blogs, etc.) must be mindful of how their communication may be perceived by clients, colleagues, faculty, and others. Social work students are expected to make every effort to minimize material, which could be considered inappropriate for a professional social worker in training. Because of this, social work students are advised to manage security settings at their most private levels and avoid posting information/photos or using any language that could jeopardize their professional image. Students are asked to consider the amount of personal information posted on these sites and are obliged to block any client access to involvement in the students' social networks. Client material should not be referred to in any form of electronic media, including any information that might lead to the identification of a client or compromise client confidentiality in any way. Additionally, students must critically evaluate any material that is posted regarding community agencies and professional relationships, as certain material could violate the standards set by the School of Social Work, the Texas Code of Conduct for Social Workers, and/or the NASW Code of Ethics.

Social work students should consider that they will be representing professional social

work practice as well as the University of Texas at Austin School of Social Work program while in the classroom, the university community, and the broader area communities.

POLICY ON SCHOLASTIC DISHONESTY. Students who violate University rules on scholastic dishonesty are subject to disciplinary penalties, including the possibility of failure in the course and/or dismissal from the University. Since such dishonesty harms the individual, all students, and the integrity of the University, policies on scholastic dishonesty will be strictly enforced. For further information, the student may refer to the Web Site of the Student Judicial Services, Office of the Dean of Students (http://deanofstudents.utexas.edu/sjs/).

USE OF CLASS MATERIALS. The materials used in this class, including, but not limited to, exams, quizzes, and homework assignments are copyright protected works. Any unauthorized copying of the class materials is a violation of federal law and may result in disciplinary actions being taken against the student. Additionally, the sharing of class materials without the specific, express approval of the instructor may be a violation of the University's Student Honor Code and an act of academic dishonesty, which could result in further disciplinary action. This includes, among other things, uploading class materials to websites for the purpose of sharing those materials with other current or future students.

DOCUMENTED DISABILITY STATEMENT. Any student who requires special accommodations must obtain a letter that documents the disability from the Services for Students with Disabilities area of the Division of Diversity and Community Engagement (471- 6259 voice or 471-4641 TTY for users who are deaf or hard of hearing). Present the letter to the professor at the beginning of the semester so that needed accommodations can be discussed. The student should remind the professor of any testing accommodations no later than five business days before an exam. For more information, visithttp://www.utexas.edu/diversity/ddce/ssd/.

USE OF E-MAIL FOR OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO STUDENTS. Email is recognized as an official mode of university correspondence; therefore, students are responsible for reading their email for university and course-related information and announcements. Students are responsible to keep the university informed about changes to their e-mail address. Students should check their e-mail regularly and frequently—daily, but at minimum twice a week—to stay current with university-related communications, some of which may be time- sensitive. Students can find UT Austin's policies and instructions for updating their e-mail address at http://www.utexas.edu/its/policies/emailnotify.php.

SAFETY. As part of professional social work education, students may have assignments that involve working in agency settings and/or the community. As such, these assignments may present some risks. Sound choices and caution may lower risks inherent to the profession. It is the student's responsibility to be aware of and adhere to policies and practices related to agency and/or community safety. Students should notify the professor regarding any safety concerns.

BEHAVIOR CONCERNS ADVICE LINE (BCAL). If students are worried about someone who is acting differently, they may use the Behavior Concerns Advice Line to discuss by phone their concerns about another individual's behavior. This service is provided through a partnership among the Office of the Dean of Students, the Counseling and Mental Health Center (CMHC), the Employee Assistance Program (EAP), and The University of Texas Police Department (UTPD). Call 512-232-5050 or visithttp://www.utexas.edu/safety/bcal.

EMERGENCY EVACUATION POLICY. Occupants of buildings on the UT Austin campus are required to evacuate and assemble outside when a fire alarm is activated or an announcement is made. Please be aware of the following policies regarding evacuation:

- Familiarize yourself with all exit doors of the classroom and the building. Remember that the nearest exit door may not be the one you used when you entered the building.
- If you require assistance to evacuate, inform the professor in writing during the first week of class.
- In the event of an evacuation, follow the professor's instructions.
- Do not re-enter a building unless you are given instructions by the Austin Fire Department, the UT Austin Police Department, or the Fire Prevention Services office.

Utilizing University Resources

It is an expectation that students will use this course to explore and further their knowledge and use of University resources. Our UT has a number of "Gems" that can enhance your academic, social, and holistic success at college. Here is a list of samples – the professor will discuss this further in class:

- Blanton Museum of Art
- Center for American History
- The Fine Arts Library
- Harry Ransom Humanities Research Center
- Lyndon Baines Johnson Library and Museum
- The Nettie Lee Benson Latin American Collection
- Texas Natural Science Center
- The Department of Astronomy's Star Parties
- UT Campus Telescopes
- UT Press
- The SAHARA "Bar" Lab
- The Performing Arts Center
- The Waggoner Center for Alcohol and Addiction Research

Writing Center:

I strongly encourage you to use the Undergraduate Writing Center, FAC 211, 471-6222: http://www.uwc.utexas.edu/). The Undergraduate Writing Center offers free, individualized, expert help with writing for any UT undergraduate, by appointment or on a drop-in basis. Any undergraduate enrolled in a course at UT can visit the UWC for assistance with any writing project. They work with students from every department on campus, for both academic and non-academic writing. Whether you are writing a lab report, a resume, a term paper, a statement for an application, or your own poetry, UWC consultants will be happy to work with you. Their services are not just for writing with "problems." Getting feedback from an informed audience is a normal part of a successful writing project. Consultants help students develop strategies to improve their writing. The assistance they provide is intended to foster independence. Each student determines how to use the consultant's advice. The consultants are trained to help you work on your writing in ways that preserve the integrity of your work.

Religious Holidays:

Religious holy days sometimes conflict with class and examination schedules. If you miss an examination, work assignment, or other project due to the observance of a religious holy day you will be given an opportunity to complete the work missed within a reasonable time after the absence. It is the policy of The University of Texas at Austin that you must notify each of your instructors at least fourteen days prior to the classes scheduled on dates you will be absent to observe a religious holy day.

Details about Signature Courses:

For more information about the design and rationale for Signature Courses, please feel free to see the memo from the vice-provost about the legal requirements, http://www.utexas.edu/provost/policies/Course_Syllabus_Mem_2CDD6E.pdf and the Signature Course syllabus checklist, http://www.utexas.edu/ugs/sig/faculty/resources/syllabus_checklist

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTOR

Students will have two opportunities to evaluate the instructor, at mid-term and at the end of the term. I am also available during office hours and at other mutually agreeable times to discuss the course with you. PLEASE share your perspective before the end of the semester so I can attempt to accommodate your needs!

BIBLIOGRAPHY

An extensive collection of alcohol and drug journals is available in the Learning Resource Center of the School of Social Work. Alcohol and drug journals are also found on campus in the Life Science Library, the Chemistry Library, the Public Affairs Library, the Law Library, and the Perry Casteñada Library.

Adolescents and Chemical Dependency Reference Bibliography

(For more references, see the Gulf Coast Addiction Technology Transfer Center GCATTC site: http://wnt.cc.utexas.edu/~spence/attc.htm)

Aas, H. N., Leigh, B. C., Anderssen, N., & Jakobsen, R. (1998). Two-year longitudinal study of alcohol expectancies and drinking among Norwegian adolescents. *Addiction*, *93*(3), 373-384.

Abderlrahman, A. I., Rodriguez, G., Ryan, J. A., French, J. F., & Weinbaum, D. (1998). The epidemiology of substance use among middle school students: The impact of school, familial, community and individual risk factors. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 8(1), 55-76.

Adalbjarnardottir, S., & Rafnsson, F. (2001). Perceived control in adolescent substance use: concurrent and longitudinal Analyses. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *15* (1), 25-32.

Adalbjarnardottir, S. & Rafnsson, F. D. (2002). Adolescent anti-social behavior and substance abuse: longitudinal analyses. *Addictive Behaviors*, *27* (2), 227-240.

Adlaf, E. M., & Ivis, F. J. (1996). Structure and relations: The influences of familial factors on adolescent substance use and delinquency. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *5*(3), 1-20.

Adlaf, E. M., & Smart, R. G. (1997). Party subculture or dens of doom? An epidemiological study of rave attendance and drug use patterns among adolescent students. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *29*(2), 193-198.

Adlaf, E. M., & Zdanowicz, Y. M. (1999). A cluster-analytic study of substance problems and mental health among street youths. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, *25*(4), 639-660.

Akers, R., & Lee, G. (1996). A longitudinal test of social learning theory: Adolescent smoking. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 26(2), 317-343.

Ammereman, R., Lynch, K., Donovan, J., Martin, C., & Maisto, S. (2001). Constructive thinking in adolescents with substance use disorders. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 15 (1), 89-96.

Andrews, J. A., & Duncan, S. C. (1998). The effect of attitude on the development of adolescent cigarette use. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, 10(1), 1-8.

Ashby, J. S. (1995). Impact of contextual variables on adolescent situational expectation of substance use. *Journal of Drug Education*, 25(1), 11-22.

Atkinson, J. S., Richard, A. J., & Carlson, J. W. (2001). The influence of peer, family, and school relationships in substance abuse among participants in a youth jobs program. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse, 11* (1), 45-54.

- Au, J. G. & Donaldson, S. I. (2000). Social influences as explanations for substance use differences among Asian-American and European-American adolescents. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 32(1), 15-24.
- Augustyn, M., & Simons-Morton, B. G. (1995). Adolescent drinking and driving: Etiology and interpretation. *Journal of Drug Education*, *25*(1), 41-60.
- Azrin, N. H. et al. (2001). A controlled evaluation and description of individual-cognitive behavior therapies in dually-diagnosed conduct-disordered and substance-dependent youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (1), 1-44.
- Baer, J. S., Barr, H. M., Bookstein, F. L., Sampson, P. D., & Streissguth, P. (1998). Prenatal alcoholic exposure and family history of alcoholism in the etiology of adolescent alcohol problems. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 59(5), 533-543.
- Baer, P., & Bray, J. (1999). Adolescent individuation and alcohol use. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol, Supplement (13)*, 52-62.
- Bahr, S. J., Marcos, A. C., & Maughan, S. L. (1995). Family, educational and peer influences on the alcohol use of female and male adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *56*(4), 457-469.
- Bailey, S. L., Martin, C. S., Lynch, K. G., & Pollock, N. K. (2000). Reliability and concurrent validity of DSM-IV subclinical symptom ratings for alcohol use disorders among adolescents. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, *24*(12), 1795-1802.
- Barnes, G. M., Welte, J. W., & Hoffman, J. H. (2002). Relationship of alcohol use to delinquency and illicit drug use in adolescents: gender, age, and racial/ethnic differences. *Journal of Drug Education*, 32 (1), 153-178.
- Barnow, S., Schuckit, M. A., Lucht, M., John, U., & Freyberger, H. J. (2002). The importance of a positive family history of alcoholism, parental rejection and emotional warmth, behavioral problems and peer substance use for alcohol problems in teenagers: a path analysis. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 63 (3), 305-315.
- Bastiaens, L., Francis, G., & Lewis, K. (2000). The RAFT as a screening tool for adolescent substance use disorders. *The American Journal on Addictions*, 19(1), 10-16.
- Bates, M. E., & Labouvie, E. W. (1995). Personality-environment constellation and alcohol use: A process-oriented study of intraindividual change during adolescence. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *9*(1), 23-35.
- Bates, S. C., Plemons, B. W., Jumper-Thurman, P. & Beauvais, F. (1997). Volatile solvent use: Patterns by gender and ethnicity among school attenders and dropouts. *Drugs and Society*, 10(1/2). 61-78.
- Bauman, K. E., & Ennet, S. T. (1996). On the importance of peer influence for adolescent drug use: Commonly neglected considerations, *Addiction*, *91*(2), 185-198.
- Bauman, S., Merta, R. & Steiner, R. (1999). Further validation of the adolescent form of the SASSI. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *9*(1), 51-72.
- Bauman, S., Merta, R. J., & Steiner, R. (2001). The development of a measure of motivation to change in adolescent substance users: preliminary psychometric findings. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse, 11* (2), 19-40.
- Beauvais, F., Wayman, J. C., Jumper-Thurman, B., Plested, B., & Helm, H. (2002). Inhalant abuse among American Indian, Mexican American and non-Latino white adolescents. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 28* (1), 171-188.
- Beck, K. H., & Treiman, K. A. (1996). The relationship of social context of drinking, perceived social norms, and parental influence to various drinking patterns of adolescents. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 21(5), 633-644.

- Benda, B. B., Schroepfer, T., Turturro, C., & Ballard, K. (1995). Heavy use of alcohol by adolescents: A conceptual model of use. *Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly*, 13(3), 81-96.
- Benedict, J., Evans, W., & Calder, J.C. (1999). An exploratory study of recreational drug use and nutrition-related behaviors and attitudes among adolescents. *Journal of Drug Education*, 29(2), 139-156.
- Berkowitz, M. W., Begun, A. L., Giese, J. K, Mulry, G., Horan, C., Wheeler, T., Gimenez, J. & Piette, J. (1995). Assessing how adolescents think about the morality of substance use. *Drugs and Society*, 8(3/4), 111-124.
- Barrera, M., Castro, F. G. & Holleran Steiker, L. (in press, 2011). A Critical Analysis of Approaches to the Development of Preventive Interventions for Subcultural Groups. *American Journal of Community Psychology*.
- Bonomo, Y. et al. (2001). Adverse outcomes of alcohol use in adolescents. *Addiction*, *96* (10), 1485-1496.
- Botvin, G. J., Epstein, J. A., Baker, E., Diaz, T. & Ifill-Williams, M. (1997). School-based drug abuse prevention with inner-city minority youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *6*(1), 5-20.
- Botvin, G., Griffin, K., Diaz, T., & Williams, M. (2001). Preventing binge drinking during early adolescence: one- and two- year follow up of a school-based preventative intervention. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *15* (4), 360-372.
- Botvin, G. J., Schinke, S. P., Epstein, J. A., Diaz, T., & Botvin, E. M. (1995). Effectiveness of culturally focused and generic skills training approaches to alcohol and drug abuse prevention among minority adolescents: Two-year follow-up results. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *9*(3), 183-194.
- Bradizza, C.M., Reifman, A., & Barnes, G.M. (1999). Social and coping reasons for drinking: Predicting alcohol misuse in adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(4), 491-499.
- Braun, B. L., Wolfson, M., Jones-Webb, R. & Wagenaar, A. C. (1997). Civic participation by 18- to 20-year-olds as a predictor of support for alcohol control policies: The Community Mobilizing for Change on Alcohol project. *Contemporary Drug Problems*, 24(1), 39-56.
- Bray, J. H., Getz, J. G., & Baer, P. E. (2000). Adolescent individuation and alcohol use in multi-ethnic youth. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 61(4), 588-597.
- Brener, N. D. & Wilson, T. W. (2001). Substance use on school property among students attending alternative high schools in the United States. *Journal of Drug Education*, *31* (4), 329-343.
- Brinson, J. (1995). Group work of Black adolescent substance users: Some issues and recommendations. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 4(2), 49-59.
- Brook, D.W. et al. (2002). Marijuana use among the adolescent children of high-risk drug-abusing fathers. *The American Journal of Addictions, 11* (2), 95-110.
- Brown, J. H. (2001). Youth, drugs and resilience education. *Journal of Drug Education*, 31 (1), 83-122.
- Brown, S. A., Glenhorn, A., Schuckit, M. A., Myers, M. G., & Mott, M. A. (1996). Conduct disorder among adolescent alcohol and drug abusers. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *57*(3), 314-325.

- Brown, S. A., DÕAmico, E. J., McCarthy, D. M., & Tapert, S. F. (2001). Four-year outcomes from adolescent alcohol and drug treatment. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (3), 381-389.
- Brown, S. A., Myers, M. G., Lippke, L., Tapert, S. F., Stewart, D. G. & Vik, P. W. (1998). Psychometric evaluation of the customary drinking drug use record (CDDR): A measure of adolescents alcohol and drug involvement. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *59*(4), 427-438.
- Brown, S. A., Tapert, S. F., Granholm, E., & Delis, D. C. (2000). Neurocognitive functioning of adolescents: Effects of protracted alcohol use. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, *24*(2), 164-171.
- Brown, T. L., Parks, G. S., Zimmerman, R. S., & Philips, C. M. (2001). The role of religion in predicting adolescent alcohol use and problem drinking. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (5), 696-706.
- Bucholz, K. K., Heath, A. C., & Madden, P. A. F. (2000). Transitions in drinking in adolescent females: Evidence from the Missouri adolescent female twin study. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, *24*(6), 914-923.
- Bui, K. V. T., Ellickson, P. & Bell, R. M. (2000). Cross-lagged relationships among adolescent problem drug use, delinquent behavior, and emotional distress. *Journal of Drug Issues*, *30*(2), 283-304.
- Bukstein, O. G. (2000). Disruptive behavior disorders and substance use disorders in adolescents. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 32(1), 67-80.
- Cady, M. E., Winters, K. C., Jordan, D. A., Solberg, K. B. & Stinchfield, R. D. (1996). Motivation to change as a predictor of treatment outcome for adolescent substance abusers. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *5*(1), 73-91.
- Castro, F. G.; Barrera, M. & Holleran Steiker, L. (2010). Issues and Challenges in the Design of Culturally-Adapted Evidence-Based Interventions. *Annual Review of Clinical Psychology*, 6, 213–39.
- Catalano, R. F., Kosterman, R., Hawkins, D., Newcomb, M. D., & Abbott, R. D. (1996). Modeling the etiology of adolescent substance use: A test of the social development model. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 26(2), 429-456.
- Cavaiola, A. A. & Schiff, M. M. (2000). Psychological distress in abused, chemically dependent adolescents. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse, 10* (2), 81-93.
- Chen, L., Anthony, J. C. & Crum, R. M. (1999). Perceived cognitive competence, depressive symptoms, and the incidence of alcohol-related problems in urban school children. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 8(4), 37-54.
- Chung, T., Colby, S.M., Barnett, N.P., & Monti, P.M. (2002). Alcohol use disorders identification test: Factor structure in an adolescent emergency department sample. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, 26 (2), 223-231.
- Chung, T., Colby, S. M., Barnett, N. P., Rohsenow, D. J., Spirito, A., & Monit, P. M. (2000). Screening adolescents for problem drinking: Performance of brief screens against DSM-IV alcohol diagnoses. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *61*(4), 579-587.
- Chung, T., & Martin, C.S. (2002). Concurrent and discriminant validity of DSM-IV symptoms of impaired control over alcohol consumption in adolescents. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, *26* (4), 485-492.

- Chung, T., Martin, C. S., Winters, K. C., & Langenbucher, J. W. (2001). Assessment of alcohol tolerance in adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (5), 687-696.
- Ciesla, J. R., Spear, S. F., & Skala, S. Y. (1999). Reliability over time of self-reports given by adolescents and their parents in substance abuse outcome research. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 9(2), 57-73.
- Clark, D. B., & Bukstein, O. G. (1998). Psychopathology in adolescent alcohol abuse and dependence. *Alcohol Health and Research World*, 22(2), 117-121.
- Clapp, J. D. & Shillington, A. M. (2001). A public health model of alcohol use and related problems: data from the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse, 10* (3), 21-42.
- Collier, C. R., Czuchry, M., Dansereau, D. F., & Pitre, U. (2001). The use of node-link mapping in the chemical dependency treatment of adolescents. *Journal of Drug Education*, 31 (3), 305-318.
- Collingwood, T. R., Sunderlin, J., Reynolds, R., & Kohl, H. W. (2000). Physical training as a substance abuse prevention intervention for youth. *Journal of Drug Education*, 30(4), 435-452.
- Cooper, M. L. & Orcutt, H. K. (2000). Alcohol use, condom use, and partner type among heterosexual adolescents and young adults. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 61(3), 413-419.
- Cornelius, J. R., Pringle, J., Jemmigan, J., Kirisci, L. & Clark, D. B. (2001). Correlates of mental health service utilization and unmet needs among a sample of male adolescents. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 26,(1), 11-20.
- Cornelius, M. D., Lebow, H. A., & Day, N. L. (1997). Attitudes and knowledge about drinking: Relationships with drinking behavior among pregnant teenagers. *Journal of Drug Education*, 27(3), 231-244.
- Corwyn, R.F. & Benda, B.R. (2002). The relationship between use of alcohol, other drugs, and crime among adolescents: An argument for a delinquency syndrome. *Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly*, 20 (2), 35-50.
- Corwyn, R. F., Benda, B. B., & Ballard, K. (1997). Do the same theoretical factors explain alcohol and other drug use among adolescents? *Alcoholism Treatment Ouarterly*, 15(4), 47-62.
- Corwyn, R. F., Benda, B. B., Clowers, R. L., & Liu, Y. (1999). Drug use and sexual behavior: A syndrome among adolescents? *Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly*, 17(3), 25-36.
- Costa, F. M., Jessor, R., & Turbin, M. S. (1999). Transition into adolescent problem drinking: The role of psychosocial risk and protective factors. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(4), 480-490.
- Crimmins, S. M., Cleary, S. D., Brownstein, H. H., Spunt, B. J., & Warley, R. M. (2000). Trauma, drugs, and violence among juvenile offenders. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *32*(1), 43-54.
- Crum, R. M., Ensminger, M. E., Ro, M. J., & McCord, J. (1998). The association of educational achievement and school dropout with risk of alcoholism: A twenty-five-year prospective study of inner-city children. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *59*(3), 318-326.

- Dakof, G.A. (2000). Understanding gender differences in adolescent drug abuse: Issues of comorbidity and family functioning. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 32(1), 25-32.
- DÕAmico, E. J. & Fromme, K. (2002). Brief prevention for adolescent risk-taking behavior. *Addiction*, *97* (5), 563-574.
- Danseco, E. R. & Marques, P. R. (2002). Development and validation of a POSIT-short form: screening for problem behaviors among adolescents at risk for substance use. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (3), 17-36.
- Deas, D., Riggs, P., Langenbucher, J., Goldman, M., & Brown, S. (2000). Adolescents are not adults: Developmental considerations in alcohol users. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, *24*(2), 232-237.
- Deas-Nesmith, D., Brady, K. T., White, R., & Campbell, S. (1999). HIV-risk behaviors in adolescent substance abusers. *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, 16(2), 169-172.
- Deery, H. A., & Love, A. W. (1996). The effect of a moderate dose of alcohol on the traffic hazard perception profile of young drink-drivers. *Addiction*, *91*(6), 815-828.
- Dees, W. L., Srivastava, V. K., & Hiney, J. K. (2001). Alcohol and female puberty: the role of intraovarian systems. *Alcohol Research and Health*, *25* (4), 271-275.
- De la Rosa, M., Vega, R., & Radisch, M. A. (2000). The role of acculturation in the substance abuse behavior of African-American and Latino adolescents: Advances, issues, and recommendations. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 32(1), 33-42.
- De La Rosa, M., Holleran, L.K., Rugh, D., & MacMaster, S.A. (2005). Substance abuse among U.S. Latinos: A review of the literature. *Journal of Social Work Practice in the Addictions*, special edition, De la Rosa & Holleran (Eds.) Vol. 5(1/2), 1-21.
- Dembo, R. et al. (2002). Testing a longitudinal model of the relationships among high risk youthsÕ drug sales, drug use and participation in index crimes. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (3), 37-63.
- Dembo, R., Pacheco, K., Schmeidler, J., Fisher, L., & Cooper, S. (1997). Drug use and delinquent behavior among high risk youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 6(2), 1-26.
- Dembo, R., Schmeidler, J., Pacheco, K., Cooper, S., & Williams, L. W. (1997). The relationships between youths' identified substance use, mental health or other problems at a juvenile assessment center and their referrals to needed services. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 6(4), 23-54.
- Dermen, K. H., Cooper, M. L., & Agocha, V. B. (1998). Sex-related alcohol expectancies as moderators of the relationship between alcohol use and risky sex in adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *59*(1), 71-77.
- DeWit, D. J. (1998). Frequent childhood geographic relocation: Its impact on drug use initiation and the development of alcohol and other drug-related problems among adolescents and young adults. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 23(50),623-634.
- Diaz, T., Dusenbury, L., Botvin, G. J., & Farmer-Huselid, R. (1997). Factors associated with drug use among youth living in homeless shelters. *Journal of Child Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 6(1), 91-110.
- Dobkin, P. L., Charlebois, P., & Tremblay, R. E. (1997). Mother-son interactions in disruptive and nondisruptive adolescent sons of male alcoholics and controls. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 58(5), 546-553.

- Donohew, R. L., Hoyle, R.H., Clayton, R. R., Skinner, W. F., Colon, S. E., & Rice, R. E. (1999). Sensation seeking and drug use by adolescents and their friends: Models for marijuana and alcohol. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(5), 622-631.
- Donohue, B., Azrin. N. H., Lawson, H., Friedlander, J., Teichner, G., & Rindsberg, J. (1998). Improving initial session attendance of substance abusing and conduct disordered adolescents: A controlled study. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 8(1), 1-14.
- Donohue, B. Van Hasselt, V. B., & Hersen, M. (1999). Substance refusal skills in a population with conduct disorder and substance abuse. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 24(1), 37-46.
- Donohue, B., Van Hasselt, V.B., Hersen, M., & Perrin, S. (1999). Substance refusal skills in a population of adolescents diagnosed with conduct disorder and substance abuse. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 24(1), 37-46.
- Donovan, J. E. (1996). Problem-behavior theory and the explanation of adolescent marijuana use. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 26(2), 379-404.
- Donovan, J., Jessor, R. & Costa, F.M. (1999). Adolescent problem drinking: Stability of psychosocial and behavioral correlates across a generation. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(3), 352-361.
- Eggert, L. L., Herting, J. R., & Thompson, E. A. (1996). The drug involvement scale for adolescents (DISA). *Journal of Drug Education*, 26(2), 101-130.
- Ehlers, C. L., Wall, T. l., Garcia-Andrade, C., & Philips, E. (2001). Auditory P3 findings in mission Indian youth. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (5), 562-571.
- Ellickson, P. L., McGuigan, K. A., Adams, U., Bell, R. M., & Hays, R. D. (1996). Teenagers and alcohol misuse in the United States: By any definition. *Addiction*, *91*(10), 1489-1503.
- Ellickson, P. L., Tucker, J. S., Klein, D. J., & McGuigan, K. A. (2001). Prospective risk factors for alcohol misuse in late adolescence. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (6), 783-789.
- Engles, R., Knibbe, R. A., & Drop, M. J. (1997). Inconsistencies in adolescents' self-report of initiation of alcohol and tobacco use. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 22(5), 613-624.
- Epstein, J. A. & Botvin, G. J. (2002). The moderating role of risk-taking tendency and refusal assertiveness on social influences in alcohol use among inner-city adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *63* (4), 456-459.
- Epstein, J. A., Botvin, G. J., Baker, E., & Diaz, T. (1999). Impact of social influences and problem behavior on alcohol use among inner-city Hispanic and Black adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(5), 595-604.
- Epstein, J. A., Botvin, G. J., Griffin, K. W., & Diaz, T. (1999). Role of ethnicity and gender in polydrug use among a longitudinal sample of inner-city adolescents. *Journal of Alcohol and Drug Education*, 45(1), 1-12.
- Epstien, J. A., Botvin, G. J., Griffin, K. W., & Diaz, T. (2001). Protective factors buffer effects of risk factors on alcohol use among inner-city youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (1), 77-90.
- Epstein, J. A., Griffin, K. W., & Botvin, G. J. (2000). Role of general and specific compotence skills in protecting inner-city adolescents from alcohol use. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *61*(3), 379-386.

- Evans, K. (1995). Unprepared for adolescence. *Professional Counselor*, 10(5), 42-50.
- Farrow, J. A., Watts, H., Krohn, M. A., & Olson, H. C. (1999). Pregnant adolescents in chemical dependency treatment: Description and outcomes. *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, 16(2), 157-162.
- Fennema, J. S., Ameijden, E. J., Hoek, A., & Coutinho, R. A. (1998). Young and recent-onset injecting drug users are at higher risk for HIV. *Addiction*, *92*(11), 1457-1466.
- Ferdinand, R. F., Blum, M. & Verhulst, F. C. (2001). Psychopathology in adolescence predicts substance use in young adulthood. *Addiction*, *96* (6), 861-870.
- Fergusson, D. M., Lynskey, M. T., & Horwood, L. J. (1996). Alcohol misuse and juvenile offending in adolescence: A response to the commentaries. *Addiction*, *91*(4), 506-510.
- Finke, L. & Williams, J. (1999). Alcohol and drug use of inner-city versus rural school age children. *Journal of Drug Education*, 29(3), 279-291.
- Flescher, M.A., Tortolero, S.R., Baumler, E.R., Vernon, S.W., & Weller, N.F. (2002). Lifetime inhalant use among alternative high school students in Texas: Prevalence and characteristics of users. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 28 (3), 477-496.
- Fletcher, L. A., Toomey, T. L., Wagenaar, A. C., Short, B., & Willenbring, M. L. (2000). Alcohol home delivery services: A source of alcohol for underage drinkers. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *61*(1), 81-84.
- Flom, P. L., Friedman, S. R., Kottiri, B. J., Neaigus, A., & Curtis, R. (2001). Recalled adolescent peer norms towards drug use in young adulthood in a low-income, minority urban neighborhood. *Journal of Drug Issues*, *31* (2), 425-445.
- Forgays, D. K. (1998). An evaluation of the relationship between family bonding characteristics and adolescent alcohol use. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(4), 1-18.
- Forsyth, A., Barnard, M., & McKegancy, N. P. (1997). Musical preference as an indicator of adolescent drug use. *Addiction*, *92*(10), 1317-1326.
- Francis, L. J., & Mullen, K. (1997). Denominational and sectarian influence on adolescent attitude towards drug use in England and Wales. *Journal of Alcohol and Drug Education*, 42(3), 81-96.
- Friedman, A., & Ali, A. (1997). The interaction of SES, race/ethnicity and family organization (living arrangements) of adolescents, in relation to severity of use of drug and alcohol. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(2), 65-74.
- Friedman, A. S., & Terras, A. (1996). Psychic symptomatology as predictor to outcome of treatment for adolescent drug abusers. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 5(2), 81-90.
- Friedman, A. S., Terras, A., & Ali, A. (1998). Differences in characteristics of adolescent drug abuse clients that predict to improvement: For inpatient treatment versus outpatient treatment. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(3), 97-119.
- Fromme, K. & D'Amico, E. J. (2000). Measuring adolescent alcohol outcome expectancies. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 14(2), 206-212.
- Fulkerson, J. A., Harrison, P. A., & Beebe, T. J. (1999). DSM-IV substance abuse and dependence: Are there really two dimensions of substance use disorders in adolescents. *Addiction*, *94*(4), 495-506.

- Gabel, S., Stallings, M. C., Schmitz, S., Young, S. E., & Fulker, D. W. (1999). Personality dimensions and substance misuse: Relationships in adolescents, mothers, and fathers. *The American Journal on Addictions*, 8(2), 101-113.
- Gaffney, L. R., Thorpe, K., Young, R., Collett, R., & Occhipinti, S. (1998). Social skills, expectancies, and drinking in adolescents. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 23(5), 587-600.
- Giancola, P. R., Martin, C. S., Tarter, R. E., Pelham, W. E., & Moss, H. B. (1996). Executive cognitive functioning and aggressive behavior in preadolescent boys at high risk for substance abuse/dependence. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *57*(4), 352-359.
- Giancola, P. R. & Mezzich, A. C. (2000). Neuropsychological deficits in feamle adolescents with a substance use disorder: Better accounted for by conduct disorder? *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *61*(6), 809-817.
- Giancola, P. R. & Parker, A. M. (2001). A six-year prospective study of pathways toward drug use in adolescent boys with and without a family history of a substance use disorder. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (2), 166-178.
- Godley, M. D., Godley, S. H., Dennis, M. L., Funk, R. R., & Passetti, L. L. (2002). Preliminary outcomes from the assertive continuing care experiment for adolescents discharged from residential treatment. *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, 23 (1), 232.
- Godley, M. D., Godley, S. H., Funk, R. R., Dennis, M. L., & Loveland, D. (2001). Discharge status as a performance indicator: can it predict adolescent substance abuse treatment outcome? *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (1), 91-105.
- Goluo, A., Labouvie, E. & Johnson, B. D. (2000). Response reliability and the study of adolescent substance use progression. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 30(1), 103-118.
- Graham, N. (1997). A test of magnitude: Does the strength of predictors explain differences in drug use among adolescents? *Journal of Drug Education*, 27(1), 83-104.
- Griffin, K. W., Botvin, G. J., Epstein, J. A., Doyle, M. M., & Diaz, T. (2000). Psychosocial and behavioral factors in early adolescence as predictors of heavy drinking among high school seniors. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 61(4), 603-606.
- Griffin, K., Scheier, L., Botvin, G., & Diaz, T. (2001). Protective role of personal competence skills in adolescent substance use: psychological wellbeing as a mediating factor. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 15 (3), 194-203.
- Grube, J. W. & Agostinelli, G. E. (1999). Perceived consequences and adolescent drinking: Nonlinear and interactive models of alcohol expectancies. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 13(4), 303-312.
- Grube, J. W. & Nygaard, P. (2001). Adolescent drinking and alcohol policy. *Contemporary Drug Problems*, 28 (1), 87-132.
- Guba, G. J. (1998). School-agency collaboration nets psychic income. *Students Assistance Journal*, 10(4), 18-21.
- Guo, J., Hawkins, J. D., Hill, K. G., & Abbott, R. D. (2001). Childhood and adolescent predictors of alcohol abuse and dependence in young adulthood. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (6), 754-762.
- Guthmann, D., & Sandberg, K. (1995). Clinical approaches in substance abuse treatment for use with deaf and hard of hearing adolescents. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 4(3), 69-79.

- Han, C., McGue, M. K., & Iacono, W. G. (1999). Lifetime tobacco, alcohol, and other substance use in adolescent Minnesota twins: Univariate and multivariate behavioral genetic analyses. *Addiction*, *94*(7), 981-994.
- Harbach, R. L., & Jones, W. P. (1995). Family beliefs among adolescents at risk for substance abuse. *Journal of Drug Education*, 25(1), 1-10.
- Harford, T. C. & Muthen, B. O. (2000). Adolescent and young adult antisocial behavior and adult alcohol use disorders: A fourteen-year prospective follow-up in a national survey. *Journal on Alcohol Studies*, 61(4), 524-528.
- Harrier, L. K., Lambert, P. L., & Ramos, V. (2001). Indicators of adolescent drug users in a clinical population. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse, 10* (3), 71-88.
- Harrison, P. A. & Asche, S. E. (2001). Adolescent treatment for substance use disorders: outcomes and outcome predictors. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (2), 1-18.
- Harrison, P., Fulkerson, J., & Beehe, J. (1998). DSM-IV Substance use disorder criteria for adolescents: A critical examination based on a statewide school survey. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 155(4), 486-492.
- Hawke, J. M., Jainchill, N., & DeLeon, G. (2000). The prevalence of sexual abuse and its impact on the onset of drug use among adolescents in therapeutic community drug treatment. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 9(3), 35-50.
- Hawke, J.M., Jainchill, N., & DeLeon, G. (2000). Adolescent amphetamine users in treatment: Client profiles and treatment outcomes. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 32(1), 95-106.
- Hays, R. D., & Ellickson, P. L. (1996). Associations between drug use and deviant behavior in teenagers. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 29(3), 291-302.
- Hill, S. Y., & Yuan, H. (1999). Familial density of alcoholism and onset of adolescent drinking. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(1), 7-17.
- Hoffman, J. D. & Su, S. S. (1998). Parental substance use disorder, mediating variables, and adolescent drug use: A non-recursive model. *Addiction*, *93*(9), 1351-1364.
- Hoffman, J. H., Barnes, G. M., Welte, J. W., & Dintcheff, B. A. (2000). Trends in combinational use of alcohol and illicit drugs among minority adolescents, 1983-1994. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Use, 26*(2), 311-324.
- Hoffman, H. H., Welte, J. W., & Barnes, G. M. (2001). Co-occurence of alcohol and cigarette use among adolescents. *Addictive Behaviors*, 26(1), 63-78.
- Holleran Steiker, L.K. (2008). Making Drug and Alcohol Prevention Relevant: Adapting evidence-based curricula to unique adolescent cultures. *Family & Community Health*, 31(1S), S52-60.
- Holleran, L.K. (2005). Special topic: HIV/AIDS prevention practice with Latino/a substance abusers. *Journal of Social Work Practice in the Addictions*, *5*(1-2), 175-183.
- Holleran, L.K. & Jung, S. (2005). Acculturative stress, violence, and resilience in the lives of Mexican American youth. *Stress, Trauma and Crisis: An International Journal*, *8*, 107-130.
- Holleran, L.K., Reeves, L., Marsiglia, F. F., & Dustman, P. (2002). Creating culturally grounded videos for substance abuse prevention: A dual perspective on process. *Journal of Social Work Practice in the Addictions*, *2*(1), 55-78.

- Holleran, L.K., Taylor-Seehafer, M.A., Pomeroy, E. C., & Neff, J.A. (2005). Substance abuse prevention for high risk youth: Exploring culture and alcohol and drug use. *Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly*, 23 (2/3), 164-184.
- Holleran, L., & MacMaster, S.A. (2005). Applying a Cultural Competency Framework to Twelve Step Programs. *Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly*, *23*, (4), 107-120.
- Hopson, L.M & Holleran Steiker, L.K. (2010). The Effectiveness of Adapted Versions of an Evidence-Based Substance Abuse Prevention Program for Alternative School Students. *Children and Schools*, *32*(2), 81-92.
- Horn, K. & Kolbo, J. R. (2000). Application of a cumulative strategies model for drug abuse prevention: Exploring choices for high risk children. *Journal of Drug Education*, 30(3), 291-312.
- Houghton, S., Carroll, A., & Odgers, P. (1998). Young children, adolescents and alcohol--part I: Exploring knowledge and awareness of alcohol and related issues. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(3), 1-30.
- Houghton, S., Carroll, A., Odgers, P., & Allsop, S. (1998). Young children, adolescents and alcohol--part II: Reputation enhancement and self-concept. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(3), 31-56.
- Howard, M. O., & Jenson, J. M. (1999). Inhalant use among antisocial youth: Prevalence and correlates. *Addictive Behaviors*, 24(1), 59-74.
- Hsieh, S., Hoffmann, N. G., & Hollister, C. D. (1998). The relationship between pre-, during-, post-treatment factors, and adolescent substance abuse behaviors. *Addictive Behaviors*, 23(4), 477-488.
- Hudmon, K. S., Prokhorov, A. V., Koehly, L. M., DiClemente, C. C., & Gritz, E. R. (1997). Psychometric properties of the decisional balance scale and the temptations to try smoking inventory in adolescents. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *6*(3), 1-19.
- Hussong, A. M., & Chassin, L. (1994). The stress-negative affect model of adolescent alcohol use: Disaggregating negative affect. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 55(6), 707-718.
- Hussong, A. M., & Chassin, L. (1997). Substance use initiation among adolescent children of alcoholics: Testing protective factors. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *58*(3), 272-279.
- Iannotti, R. J., Bush, P. J., & Weinfurt, K. P. (1996). Perception of friends' use of alcohol, cigarettes, and marijuana among urban schoolchildren: A longitudinal analysis. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 21(5), 615-632.
- Irwin, D. D. (1999). The straight edge subculture: Examining the youths' drug-free way. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 29(2), 365-380.
- Jaccard, J & Turrisi, R. (1999). Parent-based intervention strategies to reduce adolescent alcohol-impaired driving. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *13*, 84-93.
- Jackson, C., Henriksen, L., & Dickinson, D. (1999). Alcohol-specific socialization, parenting behaviors, and alcohol use by children. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(3), 362-367.
- Jackson, K. M., Sher, K. J., Cooper, M. L., & Wood, P. K. (2002). Adolescent alcohol and tobacco use: onset, persistence and trajectories of use across two samples. *Addiction*, *97* (5), 517-532.

- Jackson, M. C., Hastings, G., Wheeler, C., Eadie, D., & Mackintosh, A. M. (2000). Marketing alcohol to young people: Implications for industry regulation and research policy. *Addiction*, *95*(4), 597-608.
- Jainchill, N., Hawke, J., DeLeon, G., & Yagelka, J. (2000). Adolescents in therapeutic communities: One-year posttreatment outcomes. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *32*(1), 81-94.
- James, W. H., & Moore, D. D. (1997). Adolescents and drug abuse: Clinical use of urine drug screening. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(2), 19-36.
- James, W. H. & Moore, D. D. (1999). Examining the relationship between gender and drug-using behavior in adolescents. *Journal of Drug Education*, 29(3), 235-250.
- James, W. H., Kim, J. R., & Armijo, E. (2000). The influence of ethnic identity on drug use among ethnic minority adolescents. *Journal of Drug Education*, 30(3), 291-312.
- James, W. H., Lonczak, H. S., & Moore, D. D. (1996). The role of denial and defensiveness in drug use among adolescents. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *5*(2), 17-42.
- Jeynes, W.H. (2002). The relationship between the consumption of various drugs by adolescents and their academic achievement. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 28 (1), 15-36.
- Johnson, P. B., Boles, S. M., & Kleber, H. D. (2000). The relationship between adolescent smoking and drinking and likelihood estimates of illicit drug use. *Journal of Addictive Diseases*, 19(2), 75-82.
- Kalteider, D. L., & St. Pierre, T. L. (1995). Beyond the schools: Strategies for implementing successful drug prevention programs in community youth-serving organization. *Journal of Drug Education*, 25(3), 223-238.
- Kaminer, Y., Blitz, C., Burleson, J. A., & Sussman, J. (1998). The teen treatment services review (T-TSR). *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, 15(4), 291-300.
- Kaminer, Y. & Burleson, J. A. (1999). Psychotherapies for adolescent substance abusers: 15 month follow-up of a pilot study. *The American Journal on Addictions*, 8(2), 114-119.
- Kandel, D. B. (1996). A longitudinal test of social learning theory: Adolescent smoking. *Journal of Drug Issues*, *26*(2), 317-344.
- Keller, T.E., Catalano, R.F., Haggerty, K.P., & Fleming, C.B. (2002). Parent figure transitions and delinquency and drug use among early adolescent children of substance abusers. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 28 (3), 399-428.
- Kelly, J. F., Myers, M. G. & Brown, S. A. (2000). A multi-variate process model of adolescent 12 step attendance and substance use outcome following inpatient treatment. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *14*(4), 376-389.
- Kelly, J. F., Myers, M. G., & Brown, S. A. (2002). Do adolescents affiliate with 12-step groups? A multi-variate process model of effects. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 63 (3), 293-304.
- Kenkel, D., Mathios, A. D., & Pacula, R. L. (2001). Economics of youth drug use, addiction, and gateway effects. *Addiction*, 96(1), 151-164.
- Killen, J. D., Hayward, C., Wilson, D. M., Haydel, K. F., Robinson, T. N., Taylor, C. B., Hammer, L. D., & Varady, A. (1996). Predicting onset of drinking in a community sample of adolescents: The role of expectancy and temperament. *Addictive Behaviors*, *21*(4), 473-480.

- Kindlundh, A. M. S., Isacson, D. G. L., Berglund, L., & Nyberg, F. (1999) Factors associated with adolescent use of doping agents: Anabolic-androgenic steroids. *Addiction*, *94*(4), 543-554.
- Kirillova, G. P. et al. (2001). Substance abuse in parents and their adolescent offspring: the role of sexual maturation and sensation seeking. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 10 (4), 77-90.
- Kirisci, L. & Tarter, R. (2001). Pyschometric validation of a multidimensional schema of substance use topology: discrimination of high and low risk youth and prediction of substance use disorder. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *10* (4), 23-34.
- Klesges, R. C., Robinson, L. A., & Zbikowski, S. M. (1998). Is smoking associated with lower body mass in adolescents?: A large-scale biracial investigation. *Addictive Behaviors*, 23(1), 109-114.
- Komro, K. A., Flay, B. R., Hu, F. B., Zelli, A., Rashid, J., & Amuwo, S. (1998). Urban pre-adolescents report perceptions of easy access to drugs and weapons. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 8(1), 77-90.
- Kirisci, L. & Tarter, R. (2001). Pyschometric validation of a multidimensional schema of substance use topology: discrimination of high and low risk youth and prediction of substance use disorder. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *10* (4), 23-34.
- Komro, K. A., Williams, C. L., Forster, J. L., Perry, C. L., Farbakhsh, K., & Stigler, M. H. (1999). The relationship between adolescent alcohol use and delinquent behaviors. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *9*(2), 13-28.
- Krahn, D., Piper, D., King, M., Olson, L., Kurth, C., & Moberg, D. P. (1996). Dieting in sixth grade predicts alcohol use in ninth grade. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, 8(3), 293-302.
- Kuperman, S. et al. (2001) Risk domains associated with adolescent alcohol dependence diagnosis. *Addiction*, 96 (4), 629-636.
- Kumpulainen, K. (2000). Psychiatric symptoms and deviance in early adolescence predict heavy alcohol use three years later. *Addiction*, 95(12), 1847-1857.
- Kutter, C. J., & McDermott, D. S. (1997). The role of the church in adolescent drug education. *Journal of Drug Education*, *27*(3), 293-306.
- Latimer, W., Winters, K., Stinchfield, R., & Traver, R. (2000). Demopgraphic, Individual, and Interpersonal predictors of adolescent alcohol and marijuana use following treatment. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *14* (2), 162-173.
- Laurent, J., Catazaro, S. J., & Kuenzi, C. M. (1997). Stress, alcohol-related expectancies and coping preference: A replication with adolescents of the Cooper et al. (1992) model. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *58*(6), 644-651.
- Lennings, C. J. (1999). An evaluation of the Leeds dependence questionnaire. Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse, 8(3), 73-87.
- Lewinson, P. M., Rohde, P., & Seeley, J. R. (1996). Alcohol consumption in high school adolescents: Frequency of use and dimensional structure of associated problems. *Addiction*, *91*(3), 375-390.
- Kuperman, S. et al. (2001) Risk domains associated with adolescent alcohol dependence diagnosis. *Addiction*, 96 (4), 629-636.
- Lo, C. C. (2000). Timing of drinking initiation: A trend study predicting drug use among high school seniors. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 30(3), 525-554.

- Lonczak, H. S. et al. (2001). The social predictors of adolescent alcohol misuse: a test of the social development model. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (2), 179-189.
- Long, W. & Vaughn, C. (1999). I've had too much done to my heart: The dilemma of addiction and recovery as seen through seven youngsters lives. *Journal of Drug education*, 29(4), 309-322.
- Lopes, J. R. (1997). Drug use among youth on probation: Differences in characteristics and explanatory factors. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(1), 45-62.
- Loveland-Cherry, C. J., Ross, L. T., & Kaufman, S. R. (1999). Effects of a home-based family intervention on adolescent alcohol use and misuse. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 13, 94-102.
- Mackesy-Amiti, M. E. & Fendrich, M. (1999). Inhalant use and delinquent behavior among adolescents: A comparison of inhalant users and other drug users. *Addiction*, *94*(4), 555-564.
- Mackesy-Amiti, M. E. & Fendrich, M. (2000). Trends in inhalant use among high school students in Illinois: 1993-1995. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, *26*(4), 569-590.
- MacMaster, S.A. & Holleran, L. K. (2005) Incorporating 12-Step Group Attendance in Addictions Courses: A Cross-Cultural Experience. *Journal of Teaching in the Addictions*, 4(2), 79-91.
- MacNeil, G., Kaufman, A. V., Dressler, W. W., & LeCroy, C. W. (1999). Psychosocial moderators of substance use among middle school-aged adolescents. *Journal of Drug Education*, *29*(1), 25-40.
- Maddi, S. R., Wadhwa, P., & Haier, R. J. (1996). Relationship of hardiness to alcohol and drug use in adolescents. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 22(2) 247-258.
- Maes, H. H., Woodard, C. E., Murrelle, L., Meyer, J. M. Silberg, J. L., et al. (1999). Tobbacco, alcohol, and drug use in eighteen to sixteen-year old twins: The Virginia study of adolescent behavioral development. *The Journal of Studies on Alcohol* 60(3), 293-305.
- Maher, R. A., & Rickwood, D. (1997). The theory of planned behavior, domain specific self-efficacy and adolescent smoking. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 6(3), 57-76.
- Maisto, S., Kaczynski, N., Lynch, K., Martin, C., & Ammerman, R. (2001) Course of functioning after one year after alcohol and other drug treatment. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 15 (1), 68-76.
- Maisto, S. A., Pollock, N. K., Lynch, K. G., Martin, C. S., & Ammerman, R. (2001). Course of functioning in adolescents after alcohol and other drug treatment. *The Professional Counselor*, *15*(1), 68-76.
- Marshall, S. (1999). The multi-generational treatment setting for the chemical dependent adolescent: Impact of cost, quality, and treatment outcomes. *Journal of Addictive Diseases*, 18(4), 13-28.
- Martin, C. S., Lynch, K. G., Pollock, N. K. & Clark, D. B. (2000). Gender differences and similarities in the personality correlates of adolescent alcohol problems. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *14*(2), 121-133.
- Martin, S.E. et al. (2002). Alcohol advertising and youth. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, 26 (6), 900-906.

- Martin, S. L. Clark, K. A., Lynch, S. R., Kupper, L. L., & Cilenti, D. (1999). Violence in the lives of pregnant teenage women: Associations with multiple substance use. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, *25*(3), 425-440.
- Martino, S., Grilo, C. M., & Fehon, D. C. (2000). Development of the drug abuse screening test for adolescents (DAST-A). *Addictive Behaviors*, 25(1), 57-70.
- Martinez, T. E., Gleghorn, A., Marx, R., Clements, K., Boman, M., & Katz, M. H. (1998). Psychosocial histories, social environment, and the HIV risk behaviors of injection and noninjection drug using among homeless youths. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *30*(1), 1-10.
- Mason, M. J., & Adger, Jr., H. (1997). Screening for drug abuse in an adolescent primary health care clinic. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(1), 33-44.
- Mason, W. A. & Windle, M. (2001). Family, religious, school, and peer influences on adolescent alcohol use: A longitudinal study. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62(1), 44-53.
- Matykiewicz, L., La Gange, L., Reyes, E., Vance, P., & Wang, M. (1997). Adolescent males, impulsive/aggressive behavior, and alcohol abuse: Biological correlates. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 6(2), 27-38.
- McArdle, P. et al. (2002). European adolescent substance use: the roles of family structure, function and gender. *Addiction*, 97 (3), 329-336.
- McGarvey, E. L., Canterbury, R. J., & Waite, D. (1996). Delinquency and family problems in incarcerated adolescents with and without a history of inhalant use. *Addictive Behaviors*, 21(4), 537-542.
- McGarvey, E. L., Clavet, G. J., Mason, W., & Waite, D. (1999). Adolescent inhalant abuse: Environments of use. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 25(4), 731-742.
- McGee, R., Williams, S., Poulton, R., & Moffitt, T. (2000). A longitudinal study of cannabis use and mental health from adolescence to early adulthood. *Addiction*, *95*(4), 491-504.
- McGee R., Williams S., & Stanton W. (1998). Is mental health in childhood a major predictor of smoking in adolescence? *Addiction*, *93*(12), 1869-1874.
- McGrath, G. E., Watson, A. L., & Chassin, L. (1999). Academic achievement in adolescent choldren of alcoholics. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol, 60*(1), 18-26.
- MacMaster, S.A., Holleran, L., & Chaffin, K. (2005). Empirical and theoretical support for non-abstinence-based prevention services for substance using adolescents. *Journal of Evidence-Based Social Work, 2* (1-2), 91-111.
- MacMaster, S.A., Holleran, L.K., Kostyk, L., & Chantus, D. (2005). Documenting Changes in the Delivery of Substance Abuse Services: The Status of the 100 Best Treatment Centers for Alcoholism and Drug Abuse of 1988. *Journal of Health and Social Policy*, 20 (3), 67-77.
- McNamara, K. (2000). Outcomes associated with service involvement among disengaged youth. *Journal of Drug Education*, 30(2), 229-246.
- McMorris, B. J., Tyler, K. A., Whitbeck, L. B., & Hoyt, D. R. (2002). Familial and "on-the Dstreet" risk factors associated with alcohol use among homeless and runaway adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 63 (1), 34-43.
- McNeal, R. B. & Hansen, W. B. (1999). Developmental patterns associated with the onset of drug use: Changes in postulated mediators during adolescence. *Journal of Drug Issues*, 29(2), 381-400.

- Melnick, G., De Leon, G., Hawke, J., Jainchill, N., & Kressel, D. (1997). Motivation and readiness for therapeutic community treatment among adolescents and adult substance abusers. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 23(4), 485-506.
- Mezzich, A. C., Giancola, P. R., Lu, S. Y., Parks, S. M., Ratica, G. M. & Dunn, M. (1999). Adolescent females with a substance use disorder: Affiliations with adult male sexual partners. *The American Journal on Addictions*, 8(3), 190-200.
- Migneault, J. P., Pallonen, U. E., & Velicer, W. F. (1997). Decisional balance and stage of change for adolescent drinking. *Addictive Behaviors*, 22(3), 339-351.
- Milberger, S., Faraone, S. V., Biederman, J., & Chu, M. P. (1999). Substance use disorders in high-risk adolescent offspring. *The American Journal on Addictions*, 8(3), 211-219.
- McArdle, P. et al. (2002). European adolescent substance use: the roles of family structure, function and gender. *Addiction*, 97 (3), 329-336.
- Molina, B. S. G., Smith, B. H., & Pelham, W. E. (1999). Interactive effects of ADHD and conduct disorder on early adolescent substance use. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *13*(4), 348-358.
- Moon, D. G., Jackson, K. M., & Hecht, M. L. (2000). Family risk and resiliency factors, substance use, and the drug resistance process in adolescence. *Journal of Drug Education*, 30(4), 373-398.
- Moore, S. (2002). Substance abuse treatment with adolescent African American males: Reality therapy with an Afrocentric approach. *Social Work Practice in the Addictions, 1* (2), 21-32.
- Moran, P. B., Davies, M. K., & Toray, T. (1994). Behavioral, emotional, and psychological outcomes among adolescents in a drug treatment program: A comparison of maltreated and non-maltreated youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *4*(1), 17-34.
- Mulhall, P. F., Stone, D., & Stome, B. (1996). Home alone: Is it a risk factor for middle school youth and drug use? *Journal of Drug Education*, 26(1), 39-48.
- Murray, D. M., & Short, B. J. (1997). Interclass correlation among measures related to tobacco use by adolescents: Estimates, correlates, and applications in intervention studies. *Addictive Behaviors*, 22(1), 1-12.
- Myers, M. G., & Brown, S. A. (1996). The Adolescent Relapse Coping Questionnaire: Psychometric validation. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *57*(1), 40-46.
- Myers, M. G., & Brown, S. A. (1997). Cigarette smoking four years following treatment for adolescent substance abuse. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(1), 1-16.
- Myers, M. G., Stice, E., & Wagner, E. F. (1999). Cross-validation of the temptation coping questionaire: Adolescent coping with the temptations to use alcohol and illicit drugs. *Journal on Alcohol Studies*, 60(5), 712-718.
- Nagel, L., McDougall, D., & Granby, C. (1996). Students' self-reported substance use by grade level and gender. *Journal of Drug Education*, 26(1), 49-56.
- Nagy, S. & Dunn, M. S. (1999) Alcohol behaviors and deviant behaviors among adolescents in a rural state. *Journal of Alcohol and Drug Education*, 44, 1-9.
- Neighbors, B. D., Clark, D. B., Donovan, J. E., & Brody, G. H. (2000). Difficult temperament, parental relationships, and adolescent alcohol use disorder symptoms. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 10(1), 69-86.

- Nelson, C. B., & Wittchen, H. (1998). DSM-IV alcohol disorders in general population sample of adolescents and young adolescents. *Addiction*, *93*(7), 1065-1078.
- Nishimura, S. T. et al. (2001). Prediction of DISC substance abuse and dependency for ethnically diverse adolescents. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, *13* (4), 597-609.
- O'Brien, M. (2001). Governing risk and drug use in juvenile justice settings. *Contemporary Drug Problems*, 28 (4), 625-651.
- Oetting, E. R., Deffenbacher, J. L., Taylor, M. J., Luther, N., Beauvais, F. & Edwards, R. W. (2000). Methamphetamine use by high school students: Recent trends, gender and ethnicity differences. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 10(1), 33-50.use among adolescents. *Alcohol Health and Research World*, 22(2), 85-94.
- O'Leary, T.A. et al. (2002). Treating adolescents together or individually? Issues in adolescent substance abuse interventions. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, 26 (6), 890-899.
- Ouellette, J. A., Gerrard, M., Gibbons, F. X., & Reis-Bergan, M. (1999). Parents, peers, and prototypes: Antecedents of alcohol expectancies, alcohol consumption, and alcohol-related life problems in rural youth. *Psychology of Addictive Behavior*, *13*(3), 183-197.
- Pallonen, U. E., Prochaska, J. O., Velicer, W. F., Prokhorov, A. V., & Smith, N. F. (1998). Stages of acquisition and cessation for adolescent smoking: An empirical integration. *Addictive Behaviors*, 23(3), 303-324.
- Park, H. S., Bauer, S., & Oescher, J. (2001). Religiousness as a predictor of alcohol use in high school students. *Journal of Drug Education*, *31* (3), 289-304.
- Park, H. S., Bauer, S., & Oescher, J. (2001). Religiousness as a predictor of alcohol use in high school students. *Journal of Drug Education*, *31* (3), 289-304.
- Paschall, M. J., Ringwalt, C. L., & Flewelling, R. L. (2002). Explaining higher levels of alcohol use among working adolescents: an analysis of potential explanatory variables. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 63 (2), 169-178.
- Perez, D. M. (2000). The relationship between physical abuse, sexual victimization, and adolescent illicit drug use. Journal of Drug Issues, 30(3), 641-662.
- Perkonigg, A., Lieb, R., Hofler, M., Schuster, P., Sonntag, H., & Wittchen, H.U. (1999). Patterns of cannabis use, abuse, and dependence over time: Incidence, progression, and stability in a sample of 1228 adolescents. *Addiction*, *94*(11), 1663-1678.
- Perreira, K. M. & Sloan, F. A. (2002). Adolescent part-time work and heavy drinking in Finland. *Addiction*, 97 (3), 301-310.
- Pluddeman, A., Theron, W. H., & Steel, H. R. (1999). The relationship between adolescent alcohol use and self-consciousness. *Journal of Alcohol and Drug Education*, 44(3), 10-20.
- Plunkett, M. & Mitchell, C. M. (2000). Substance use rates among American Indian adolescents: Regional comparisons with monitoring the future high school seniors. *Journal of Drug Issues*, *30*(3), 575-592.
- Pollack, N. K. Martin, C. S., & Langenbucher, J. W. (2000). Diagnostic concordance of DSM-III, DSM-III-R, DSM-IV, and ICD-10 alcohol diagnoses in adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *61*(3), 439-446.
- Perreira, K. M. & Sloan, F. A. (2002). Adolescent part-time work and heavy drinking in Finland. *Addiction*, 97 (3), 301-310.

- Prokhorov, A. V., Koehly, L. M., Pallonen, U. E., & Hudmon, K. S. (1998). Adolescent nicotine dependence measured by the modified Fagerstrom tolerance questionnaire at two time points. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(4), 35-48.
- Pugatch, D. (2001). Heroin use in adolescents and young adults admitted for drug detoxification. *Journal of Substance Abuse, 13* (3), 337-347.
- Pugatch, D., Ramratnam, M., Strong, L., Feller, A., Levesque, B. & Dickinson, B.P. (2000). Gender differences in HIV risk behaviors among young adults and adolescents entering a Massachusetts detoxification center. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, *21*(2), 79-86.
- Reeves, L. J., Dustman, P.A., Holleran, L. K., & Marsiglia, F. F. (2008). Creating culturally-grounded prevention videos: Defining moments in the journey to collaboration. *Journal of Social Work Practice in the Addictions*, 8(1), 65-94.
- Resnicow, K., Smith, M., Harrison, L., & Drucker, E. (1999). Correlates of occasional cigarette and marijuana use: Are teens harm reducing? *Addictive Behaviors*, 24(2), 251-266.
- Reifman, A., Barnes, G. M., Dintcheff, B. A., Farrell, M. P., & Uhteg, L. (1998). Parental and peer influences on the onset of heavier drinking among adolescents. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, *59*(3), 311-317.
- Reifman, A., Barnes, G., Dintcheff, B., Uhteg, L., & Farrell, M. (2001). Health values buffer social-environment risks for adolescent alcohol misuse. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 15 (3), 249-251.
- Rodell, D. E. & Benda, B. B. (1999). Alcohol and crime among religious youth. *Alcoholism Treatment Quarterly*, 17(4), 53-66.
- Rose, C. D. (1999). Peer cluster theory and adolescent alcohol use: An explanation of alcohol use and a comparative analysis between two causal models. *Journal of Drug Education*, *29*(3), 205-216.
- Rose, R., Kaprio, J., Winter, T., Koskenvuo, M., & Viken, R. (1999). Familial and socioregional environmental effect on abstinence from alcohol at age sixteen. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol, Supplement*, 13, 63-74.
- Rosenbaum, M. (1998). "Just say know" to teenagers and marijuana. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 30(2), 197-104.
- Rounds-Bryant, J. L, Kristiansen, P. L., & Hubbard, R. L. (1999). Drug abuse treatment outcome of adolescents: A comparison of client characteristics and pretreatment behaviors in three treatment modalities. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 25(4), 573-592.
- Rounds-Bryant, J. L., Kristiansen, P. L., Fairbank, J. A., & Hubbard, R. L. (1998). Substance use, mental disorders, abuse, and crime: Gender comparisons among a national sample of adolescent drug treatment clients. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(4), 19-34.
- Rowe, C. L., Liddle, H. A., & Dakof, G. A. (2001). Classifying clinically referred adolescent substance abusers by level of externalizing and internalizing symptoms. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (2), 41-66.
- Santisteban, D. A., Tejeda, M., Dominicis, C., & Szapocznik, J. (1999). An efficient tool for screening maladaptive family functioning in adolescent drug abusers: The problem oriented screening instrument for teenagers. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 25(2), 197-206.

- Scheier, L. M, & Botvin, G. J. (1996). Effects of early adolescent drug use on cognitive efficacy in early-late adolescence: A developmental structural model. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, 8(2), 271-274
- Scheier, L. M., Botvin, G. J., Diaz, T., & Griffin, K. W. (1999). Social skills, compotence, and drug refusal efficacy as predictors of adolescent alcohol use. *Journal of Drug Education*, 29(3), 251-278.
- Scheier, L. M. Botvin, G. J., Griffin, K. W., & Diaz, T. (1999). Latent growth models of drug refusal skills and adolescent alcohol use. *Journal of Alcohol and Drug Education*, 44(3), 21-48.
- Scheier, L. M., Botvin, G. J., & Miller, N. L. (1999). Life events, neighborhood stress, psychosocial functioning, and alcohol use among urban minority youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *9*(1), 19-50.
- Schulenberg, J. E. & Maggs, J. L. (2002). A developmental perspective on alcohol use and heavy drinking during adolescence and the transition to young adulthood. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol, Supplement 14*, 54-70.
- Schwartz, R. H., Farrow, J. A., Banks, B., & Giesel, A. E. (1998). Use of false ID cards and other deceptive methods to purchase alcoholic beverages during high school. *Journal of Addictive Diseases*, 17(3), 25-34.
- Scott, M. A., Snowden, L. R., & Libby, A. M. (2002). Alcohol and juvenile justice contacts: a comparison of fee-for-service and capitated Medicaid mental health services. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 63 (1), 44-48.
- Shien, S., Locke-Wellman, J., & Hill, S. Y. (2001). Adolescent alcohol expectancies in offspring from families at high risk for developing alcoholism. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (6), 763-772.
- Shillington, A.M. & Clapp, J.D. (2002). Beer and bongs: Differential problems experienced by older adolescents using alcohol only compared to combined alcohol and marijuana use. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 28 (2), 379.
- Shoal, G. D., & Giancola, P. R. (2001). Cognition, negative affectivity and substance use in adolescent boys with and without a family history of substance use disorder. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62 (5), 675-687.
- Simons-Morton, B., Haynie, D. L., Crump, A. D., Saylor, K. E., Eitel, P. & Yu, K. (1999). Expectancies and other psychosocial factors associated with alcohol use among early adolescent boys and girls. *Addictive Behaviors: An International Journal*, 24(2), 229-238.
- Siqueria, L., Diab, M., Bodian, C., & Rolnitzky, L. (2001). The relationship of stress and coping methods to adolescent marijuana use. *Substance Abuse*, 22 (3), 157-166.
- Slesnick, N. & Meade, M. (2001). System youth: a subgroup of substance-abusing homeless adolescents. *Journal of Substance Abuse, 13* (3), 367-384.
- Slesnick, N., Meyers, R.J., Meade, M., & Segelken, D.H. (2000). Bleak and hopeless no more: Engagement of reluctant substance-abusing runaway youth and their families. *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, 19(3), 215-223.
- Smart, R. G., & Stoduto, G. (1997). Treatment experience and need for treatment among students with serious alcohol and drug problems. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 7(1), 63-72.

- Snow, D. L., Tabes, J. K., & Ayers, T. S. (1997). Impact of two social-cognitive interventions to prevent adolescent substance use: Test of an amenability to treatment model. *Journal of Drug Education*, 27(1), 1-18.
- Spear, L. P. (2002). The adolescent brain and the college drinker: biological basis of propensity to use and misuse alcohol. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol, Supplement 14*, 71-81.
- Speiker, S., Gillmore, M., Lewis, S., Morrison, D., & Lohr, M. (2001). Psychological distress and substance abuse by adolescent mothers: associations with parenting attitudes and the quality of mother-child interaction. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *33* (1), 83-94.
- Spirito, A., Jelalien, E., Rasile, D., Rohrbeck, C., & Vinnick, L. (2000). Adolescent risk taking and self-reported injuries associated with substance use. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Use*, 26(1), 113-124.
- Spooner, C. (1999). Causes and correlates of adolescent drug abuse and implications for treatment. *Drug and Alcohol Review, 18*(4), 453-476.
- Spoth, R., Goldberg, C., Neppl, T., Trudeau, L., & Ramisetty-Mikler, S. (2001). Rural-urban differences in the distribution of parent-reported risk factors for substance abuse among young adolescents. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, *13* (4), 609-624.
- Srebnik, D. S., Kovalchick, D., & Elliot, L. (2002). Initial findings from parent party patrol: an intervention to reduce adolescent substance use through reduced involvement in unchaperoned parties. *Journal of Drug Education*, 32 (1), 13-24.
- Stewart, C. & Power, T. G. (2002). Identifying patterns of adolescent drinking: a tri-ethnic study. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 63 (2), 156-168.
- Stewart, S. H., Angelopoulos, M., Baker, J. M., & Boland, F. J. (2000). Relations between dietary restraint and patterns of alcohol use in young adult women. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 14 (1), 77-82.
- Srebnik, D. S., Kovalchick, D., & Elliot, L. (2002). Initial findings from parent party patrol: an intervention to reduce adolescent substance use through reduced involvement in unchaperoned parties. *Journal of Drug Education*, 32 (1), 13-24.
- Su, S. S. (1999). Stress and coping as a conceptual framework for studying alcohol and drug use among Asian American adolescents. *Drugs and Society*, *14*(1/2), 37-56.
- Sussman, S., Dent, C., & McCullar, W. (2000). Group self-identification as a prospective predictor of drug use and violence in high risk youth. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 14 (2), 192-196.
- Sussman, S., Dent, C. W., Craig, S., Ritt-Olsen, A., & McCuller, W. J. (2002). Development and immediate impact of a self-instruction curriculum for an adolescent indicated drug abuse prevention trial. *Journal of Drug Education*, 32 (2), 121-138.
- Sussman, S., Dent, C. W., & Leu, L. (2000). The one-year prospective prediction of substance abuse and dependence among high-risk adolescents. Journal of *Substance Abuse*, *12* (4), 373-386.
- Sussman, S., Dent, C. W. & McCullar, W. J. (2000). Group self-identification as a prospective predictor of drug use and violence in high-risk youth. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 14(2), 192-196.
- Sutherland, I. & Shepherd, J. P. (2001). Social dimensions of adolescent substance use. *Addiction*, *96* ((3), 445-459.

- Sutherland, I. & Shepherd, J. P. (2001). The prevalence of alcohol, cigarette and illicit drug use in a stratified sample of English adolescents. *Addiction*, *96* (4), 637-640.
- Sutherland, I., & Willner, P. (1998). Patterns of alcohol, cigarette and illicit drug use in English adolescents. *Addiction*, *93*(8), 1199-1208.
- Svensson, R. (2000). Risk factors for different dimensions of adolescent drug use. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *9*(3), 67-90.
- Swaim, R. C., Chen, J., Deffenbacher, J. L., & Newcomb, M. D. (2001). Negative affect and alcohol use among non-Hispanic white and Mexican American adolescents. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (1), 55-76.
- Systsma, N. S. (1999). Aftercare for recovering students. *Student Assistance Journal*, 11(4), 28-31.
- Tapert, S. F. & Brown, S. A. (2000). Substance dependence, family history of alcohol dependence, and neuropsychological functioning in adolescence. *Addiction*, *95*(7), 1043-1054.
- Tapert, S. F., Brown, S. A., Myers, M. G., & Granholm, E. (1999). The role of neurocognitive abilities in coping with adolescent relapse to alcohol and drug use. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(4), 500-508.
- Tarter, R.E. (2002). Etiology of adolescent substance abuse: A developmental perspective. *The American Journal on Addictions, 11* (3), 171-191.
- Taylor, J., & Carey, G. (1998). Antisocial behavior, substance use and somatization in families of adolescent drug abusers and adolescent controls. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, *24*(4), 635-646.
- Taylor-Seehafer, M., Jacobvitz, D., & Holleran Steiker, L. K. (2008). Patterns of Attachment Organization, Social Connectedness, and Substance Use in a Sample of Older Homeless Adolescents: Preliminary Findings. *Family & Community Health*, *31*(1S), S81-88.
- Texas Commission of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse. Score yourself test for teenagers. (reprinted by permission of McGraw-Hill Films).
- Turrisi, R. & Wiersma, K. (1999). Examination of judgements of drunkenness, binge drinking, and drunk driving tendencies in teens with and without a family history of alcohol abuse. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, 23(7), 1191-1198.
- Vakalahi, H. F. (2001). Adolescent substance use and family-based risk and protective factors: a literature review. *Journal of Drug Education*, 31 (1), 29-46.
- Vakalahi, H. F. (2002). Family-based predictors of adolescent substance use. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, 11 (3), 1-17.
- Vega, W. A. & Gil, A. G. (1999). A model for explaining drug use behavior among hispanic adolescents. *Drugs and Society*, 14(1/2), 57-76.
- Veit, F. (2000). Ethical issues in harm reduction for adolescent illicit drug users: The adolescent forensic health service approach. *Drug and Alcohol Review, 19*(4), 457-468.
- Wagner, E. F., Brown, S. A., Monti, P. M., Myers, M. G., & Waldron, H. B. (1999). Innovations in adolescent substance abuse intervention. *Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research*, 23(2), 236-249.
- Waiters, E. D., Treno, A. J., & Grube, J. W. (2001). Alcohol advertising and youth: a focus-group analysis of what young people find appealing in alcohol advertising. *Contemporary Drug Problems*, 28 (4), 695-718.

- Wallace, J. M. (1999). Explaining race differences in adolescent and young adult drug use: The role of racialized social systems. *Drugs and Society*, 14, (1/2), 21-36.
- Wallace, J. M., Forman, T. A., Guthrie, B. J. Bachman, J. G., O'Malley, P. M., & Johnston, L. D. (1999). The epidemiology of alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use among black youth. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 60(6), 800-809.
- Weiner, M. D., Sussman, S., McCuller, W. J., & Lichtman, K. (1999). Factors in marijuana cessation among high-risk youth. *Journal of Drug Education*, 29(4), 337-358.
- Werch, C. F., Carlson, J. M., Owen, D. M., DiClemente, C. C., & Carbonari, J. P. (2001). Effects of a stage-based alcohol preventive intervention for inner-city youth. *Journal of Drug Education*, *31* (2), 123-138.
- White, H., Xie, M., Thompson, W., Loeber, R., & Loeber, M. (2001). Psychopathology as a predictor of adolescent drug use trajectories. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, *15* (3), 210-218.
- White, W. (1999). A history of adolescent alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use in America. *Student Assistance Journal*, 11(5), 16-23.
- Wichstrom, L. & Pederson, W. (2001). Use of anabolic-androgenic steroids in adolescence: Winning, looking good or being bad? *Journal of Studies on Alcohol*, 62, 5-13.
- Williams, C. L. Perry, C. L., Farbakhsh, K., & Veblen-Mortenson, S. (1999). Project Northland: Comprehensive alcohol use prevention for young adolescents, their parents, schools, peers and communities. *Journal of Studies on Alcohol, Supplement*, (13), 112-124.
- Willis, T. A., Sandy, S. M., Shinar, O., & Yaegar, A. (1999). Contributions of positive and negative affect to adolescent substance use: Test of a bidimensional model in a longitudinal study. *Psychology of Addictive Behaviors*, 13(4), 327-338.
- Willner, P. (2000). Further validation and development of a screening instrument for the assessment of substance misuse in adolescents. *Addiction*, 95(11), 1691-1698.
- Willner, P., Hart, K., Binmore, J., Cavendish, M., & Dunphy, E. (2000). Alcohol sales to underage adolescents: An obtrusive observational field study and evaluation of a police intervention. *Addication*, *95*(9), 1373-1388.
- Winters, K. C. (1999). Treating adolescents with substance use disorders: An overview of practice issues and treatment outcome. *Journal of Substance Abuse*, 20(4), 203-226.
- Winters, K. C., Anderson, N., Bengston, P., Stinchfield, R. D., & Latimer, W. W. (2000). Development of a parent questionnaire for use in assessing adolescent drug abuse. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *32*(1), 3-14.
- Winters, K. C., Latimer, W., & Stichfield, R. D. (1999). The DSM-IV criteria for adolescent alcohol and cannabis use disorders. *The Journal of Studies on Alcohol, 60*(3), 337-344.
- Winters, K. C., Latimer, W. W., Stinchfield, R. D., & Henly, G. A. (1999) Examining psychosocial correlates of drug involvement among drug clinic referred youth. *Journal of Child and Adolescent Substance Abuse*, *9*(1), 1-18.
- Winter, K. C., Stinchfield, R. D., Opland, E., Weller, C., & Latimer, W. W. (2000). The effectiveness of the Minnesota model approach in the treatment of adolescent drug abusers. *Addiction*, 95(4), 601-612.
- Wright, J. D. & Pearl, L. (2000). Experience and knowledge of young people regarding illicit drug use, 1969-1999. *Addiction*, 95(8), 1225-1236.

Wu, P., Hoven, C.W., Tiet, Q., Kovalenko, P., & Wicks, J. (2002). Factors associated with adolescent utilization of alcohol treatment services. *The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse*, 28 (2), 353-370.

Yacoubian, G. (2002). Correlates of ecstasy use among tenth graders surveyed through monitoring the future. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *34* (2), 225-230.

Yacoubian, G., Arria, A., Fost, E., & Wish, E. (2002). Estimating the prevalence of ecstasy use among juvenile offenders. *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, *34* (2), 209-214.