# The University of Texas at Austin School of Social Work Contemporary Issues in Domestic Violence

Course Number:	393U/WGS393	Instructor:	Margaret Bassett
Semester:	Fall 2013	Contact Information:	512.573.0163 Cell mmbassett1@hotmail.com
Meeting Place:	SSW 2.132	Unique Numbers:	64515 and 47980
Meeting Times:	Fridays 1:00 – 8:30 pm August- 30 Sept- 6;13; 20; 27 Oct- 4	Office Hours: Friday mornings by appointment	

# I. Course Description

This course will survey theories regarding the causation of domestic violence, the history of the contemporary battered women's movement, international, national, state, and local policy issues, prevention and intervention practice models, as well as administrative, community practice, and research issues in the field.

Specific topics to be addressed include: the bio-psycho-social needs of battered women, legal and criminal justice issues, types of domestic violence including physical, emotional, sexual, economic, and the use of children as weapons, batterers treatment program, school-based prevention programs targeting children and teens, and services to special populations including women of color, lesbians and gays, persons with disabilities, older women and women who are recent immigrants.

As social workers and other human service workers may encounter families experiencing domestic violence in a variety of settings, this course provides an overview of contemporary issues in domestic violence, designed to empower future social work practitioners with the conceptual frameworks and knowledge base necessary for effective intervention.

## II. Course Objectives

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

- Use a variety of theoretical perspectives to understand domestic violence and its relationship to other forms of violence against women (harassment, stalking, sexual assault, homicide) and family violence (child, elder, sibling abuse)
- ➤ Understand the psychological, social, physical, legal, and financial consequences of domestic violence on battered women, their children, batterers, the community, and society as a whole.
- ldentify relevant social policies and its intended and unintended consequences for battered women and their families.
- Assess and identify appropriate individual, group, family, agency, community and societal interventions.
- ldentify the complex social service delivery system that has developed around services for families that are experiencing domestic violence.
- Understand the different issues and service delivery strategies with regards to providing services to battered women of color, lesbian and gays, older women, and women with disabilities.

Identify the ethical dilemma social workers and other health and human service professionals' face when addressing the needs of families experience domestic violence. In particular, the issues of social control, self-determination, and confidentiality will be examined.

#### III. Teaching Methods

The primary teaching approach in this course will be collaborative learning. Material in the course will be presented through a variety of teaching strategies. For example, case studies, discussions, videos, small group work, field trips, new articles, examinations, readings, and lectures will be considered. Videos will be used as tools for addressing key concepts in the course. The goal is to stimulate critical thinking, intellectual creativity, and sharing of knowledge and skills with and through the class. Students will be responsible for material presented through all these activities. Assigned readings are for the week in which they are listed and students should complete the readings prior to class and be prepared to discuss them. However, the instructor may not review all assigned readings in class.

# IV. Required and Recommended Readings

Students will be assigned a set of required readings for this course. Copies of the articles and books are available at the Learning Resource Center at the School of Social Work. Other assigned reads will be available on E-reserves.

- Quindlen, A. (1999). <u>Black and Blue.</u> Mass Market Media. This text can be purchased at any bookstore such as Co-Op, Borders, Barnes and Noble, or Amazon.com. IF YOU ORDER ON LINE BE SURE THAT THE SHIPPING WON"T BE DELAYED.
- Lockhart, L., & Danis, F. (Eds.) (2010). <u>Domestic violence: Intersectionality and culturally competent practice.</u> Columbia University Press: New York, NY.
- All other assigned readings are on library Ereserves.

The following text is recommended:

Gondolf, E. (1998). <u>Assessing woman battering in mental health services</u>. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

## V. Course Requirements

Course requirements consist of six graded assignments; a safety planning in-class group assignment, 3 reaction papers to field activities, assigned readings and individual presentation, a community-based group project and reaction paper. See Section of Description of Assignments for specific details.

Assignment 1	Safety Plan Assignment & Paper	20 points Due Friday Sept 27th
Assignment 2	Court Field Trip & Paper	15 points Due Monday Oct 14th
Assignment 3	Project Options & Paper	15 points Due Monday Oct 21th
Assignment 4	Life Anew Group & Paper	15 points Due Monday Oct 28th
Assignment 5	Assigned Readings & Presentation	15 points Due on day assigned
Assignment 6	Group Project & Paper	20 points Due Monday Nov 18th
Total Points		100 points

# VI. Grade Ranges Corresponding to Letter Grades

94. 0 and Above	Α
90.0 to 93.999	A-
87.0 to 89.999	B+
84.0 to 86.999	В
80.0 to 83.999	B-
677.0 to 79.999	C+
74.0 to 76.999	С
70.0 to 73.999	C-
67.0 to 69.999	D+
64.0 to 66.999	D
60.0 to 63.999	D-
Below 60.0	F

#### VII. Class Policies

- 1. Students are expected to attend **ALL** class meetings, to read **ALL** the assigned readings, and to participate in class discussions.
- 2. The professor expects students to act as professionals in class. This means students should arrive on time for class, be prepared to participate in the class discussion, and show respect for one another's opinions. We will not, nor should we, always agree with one another. In this environment we should be exposed to diverse ideas and opinions, and sometime we will not agree with the ideas expressed by others. However, the professor does require that students engage one another with respect and professionalism.
- 3. Submit all assignments in a hard copy—no email attachments unless specified in class.
- 4. Email is recognized as an official mode of university correspondence; therefore, students are responsible for reading their email for university and course-related information and announcements. Students are responsible to keep the university informed about changes to their e-mail address. Students should check their e-mail regularly and frequently—daily, but at minimum twice a week—to stay current with university-related communications, some of which may be time- sensitive. Students can find UT Austin's policies and instructions for updating their e-mail address at http://www.utexas.edu/its/policies/emailnotify.php.
- 5. There are no "excused" absences. Students missing more than one (1) class sessions may receive a 10% reduction in their overall course grade. Students missing one (1) or more class sessions may receive an "F" for the course. The instructor may use her discretion. Students should not register for this class if he/she has a conflict with the schedule, however emergencies are understandable. As soon as you know that you will not be attending class because of an emergency, please let me know by email. Coming to class late or leaving class early counts as an absence. Students missing one session will be required to complete an additional assignment. See section on additional assignment for guidelines and see me for approval.
- 6. By UT Austin policy, students must notify the professor of a pending absence at least fourteen days prior to the date of observance of a religious holy day. If the student must miss a class, an examination, a work assignment, or a project in order to observe a religious holy day, the professor will give the student an opportunity to complete the missed work within a reasonable time after the absence.

- 7. Assignments are to be submitted according to the schedule. All late assignments will receive a **five (5) percent penalty per day** (weekend days will be included). All assignments are due at the beginning of the class period—assignments turned in after the beginning of class will be considered late.
- 8. The Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (APA) is the style manual to be used for all assignments. Incorrect APA style will result a deduction of points on assignments.
- 9. Appropriate referencing is required. Failure to use quotation marks for direct quotes or citation for indirect quotations and/or others ideas may result in a "0" for the paper and/or an "F" for the course.
- 10. All papers are to be word-processed or typewritten, double-spaced, 10 12 point font, and "normal" margins.
- 11. The core values of The University of Texas at Austin are learning, discovery, freedom, leadership, individual opportunity, and responsibility. Each member of the university is expected to uphold these values through integrity, honesty, trust, fairness, and respect toward peers and community.
- 12. Students who violate University rules on scholastic dishonesty are subject to disciplinary penalties, including the possibility of failure in the course and/or dismissal from the University. Since such dishonesty harms the individual, all students, and the integrity of the University, policies on scholastic dishonesty will be strictly enforced. For further information, the student may refer to the Web Site of the Student Judicial Services, Office of the Dean of Students (http://deanofstudents.utexas.edu/sjs/).
- 13. Any modifications, amendments, or changes to the syllabus and or assignments are the discretion of the instructor. Changes will be announced in class. It is the responsibility of the student to inquire about any changes that might have been made in his/her absence.
- 14. As part of professional social work education, students may have assignments that involve working in agency settings and/or the community. As such, these assignments may present some risks. Sound choices and caution may lower risks inherent to the profession. It is the student's responsibility to be aware of and adhere to policies and practices related to agency and/or community safety. Students should notify the professor regarding any safety concerns.

## Issue of Confidentiality and Personal Disclosure

Personal disclosure is not an expectation or a requirement of this course. However, it might be appropriate for students to talk about personal information during class only as it relates to *our learning* about a particular topic. Given the prevalence of domestic violence, there are undoubtedly survivors among us. As such, students are expected to adhere to all professional standards of confidentiality during the semester. Whether or not you are a survivor, you may experience unexpected reactions to course readings, videos, discussions, and assignments. Please be sure to take care of yourself emotionally. I am glad to talk with you about your reactions and/or provide community or university resources. The classroom is a learning environment and I strive for it to be a safe environment. Even so, the classroom is not designed to be a therapeutic support group. I encourage you to seek support from your own networks and/or seek additional outside assistance.

UT Counseling Center 512. 471-3515 SSB 5th Floor Hours: Monday - Friday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. 24 hours a day - 7 days a week - 365 days a year 512-471-CALL (2255) (UT Students Only)

SafePlace 1.512.267.SAFE
National Domestic Violence Hotline 1.800.799.SAFE

## Policy on Social Media and Professional Communication

Public social networks are not private. Even when open only to approved or invited members, users cannot be certain that privacy will exist among the general membership of sites. If social work students choose to participate in such forums, please assume that anything posted can be seen, read, and critiqued. What is said, posted, linked to, commented on, uploaded, subscribed to, etc., can be accessed and archived, posing potential harm to professional reputations and prospective careers.

Social work students who use social media (i.e. Facebook, Twitter, etc.) and other forms of electronic communication (i.e. blogs, etc.) must be mindful of how their communication may be perceived by clients, colleagues, faculty, and others. Social work students are expected to make every effort to minimize material which could be considered inappropriate for a professional social worker in training. Because of this, social work students are advised to manage security settings at their most private levels and avoid posting information/photos or using any language that could jeopardize their professional image. Students are asked to consider the amount of personal information posted on these sites and are obliged to block any client access to involvement in the students' social networks. Client material should not be referred to in any form of electronic media, including *any* information that might lead to the identification of a client or compromise client confidentiality in *any* way. Additionally, students must critically evaluate any material that is posted regarding community agencies and professional relationships, as certain material could violate the standards set by the School of Social Work, the Texas Code of Conduct for Social Workers, and/or the NASW Code of Ethics.

Social work students should consider that they will be representing professional social work practice as well as the University of Texas at Austin School of Social Work program while in the classroom, the university community, and the broader area communities.

## **Behaviour Concerns Advice Line (BCAL)**

If students are worried about someone who is acting differently, they may use the Behavior Concerns Advice Line to discuss by phone their concerns about another individual's behavior. This service is provided through a partnership among the Office of the Dean of Students, the Counseling and Mental Health Center (CMHC), the Employee Assistance Program (EAP), and The University of Texas Police Department (UTPD). Call 512-232-5050 or visithttp://www.utexas.edu/safety/bcal.

#### **Emergency Evacuation Policy**

Occupants of buildings on the UT Austin campus are required to evacuate and assemble outside when a fire alarm is activated or an announcement is made. Please be aware of the following policies regarding evacuation:

- Familiarize yourself with all exit doors of the classroom and the building. Remember that the nearest exit door may not be the one you used when you entered the building.
- If you require assistance to evacuate, inform the professor in writing during the first week of class.
- In the event of an evacuation, follow the professor's instructions.
- Do not re-enter a building unless you are given instructions by the Austin Fire Department, the UT Austin Police Department, or the Fire Prevention Services office.

## VIII. Students with Special Learning Needs and Disabilities

Please let me know if you have a learning and/or another disability and if you require special accommodations. I am interested in this class being a productive learning experience for everybody.

Any student who requires special accommodations must obtain a letter that documents the disability from the Services for Students with Disabilities area of the Division of Diversity and Community Engagement (471- 6259 voice or 471-4641 TTY for users who are deaf or hard of hearing). Present the letter to the professor at the beginning of the semester so that needed accommodations can be discussed. The student should remind the professor of any testing accommodations no later than five business days before an exam. For more information, visithttp://www.utexas.edu/diversity/ddce/ssd/.

### IX. Assignment Descriptions

## Assignment # 1 Developing a Safety Plan (20 points)

Students will develop a safety plan for the main character in the assigned book, <u>Black and Blue</u> by Anna Quindlen. Students will be encouraged to reflect upon their own feelings and reactions in developing the safety plan and work with their colleagues to determine the most appropriate next steps for the character in this book.

This assignment is intended to familiarize students with the experience of and issues related to developing safety plans with battered women. A safety plan is viewed as an outcome of a mutual process between clients and their social work advocates. In this exercise, the safety plan is defined by the battered woman and may not always involve her leaving her violent relationship. The use of women's narratives assists students in understanding battered women's stories and more closely evaluating the barriers that battered women face. This assignment challenges the myth that leaving an abusive relationship ensures a woman's safety by examining circumstances where leaving actually increases her risk of harm. In situations where battered women define leaving as a primary goal of their safety plans, leaving will be viewed as a process rather than a one-time event. The students are reminded that a woman may identify goals in her safety plan that do not involve leaving her abusive relationship. The outline has been developed for Fran the main character in *Black and Blue*.

## **Learning Objectives**

- To engage in creative problem solving and seek innovative solutions to increase safety for women and children living in domestic violence.
- To be able to conduct an analysis of the risks to a women's safety through a careful assessment process.
- To be able to develop a safety plan that addresses the woman's unique risk factors, strengths and respects their individual choices and values.
- To better understand safety planning as a client-focused process that evolves over time with changes in the woman's goals and situation.

#### **Assignment Readings**

Davies, J. M. and E. Lyon (1998). <u>Safety planning with battered women: Complex lives/ difficult</u> choices. Thousand Oaks, Sage Publications. Chapters 5-7.

Quindlen, A. (1999). Black and Blue. Mass Market Media.

## **Outline for Safety Planning Assignment**

For the in class assignment, students will work in small groups to I, II, and III and will present on their discussion/decisions. Following the class discussion students will complete IV independently.

- I. Brief description of situation:
  - Describe the history of violence in Fran's marriage (i.e. types, severity, duration of the abuse).
  - Describe the circumstances under which the violence tends to occur.
  - Describe Fran's goals in terms of how they increase her safety and safety of her son. How will the two of you prioritize these goals?
  - Explain the specific risks Bobby poses to Fran and her son. What is she most worried about?
  - Discuss any additional risks that may be associated with Fran's life situation.
- II. Identify current safety plans

(protective, staying, and leaving strategies) and develop and implement a safety plan:

- Evaluate all the various safety planning options for Fran.
- List potential consequences of pursuing or not pursuing each particular option (both positive and negative consequences).
- Describe the internal and external resources needed to implement each option. What are the personal and public resources that are available to Fran?
- Anticipate Bobby's potential reaction to these strategies.
- Of all the options listed, discuss the *best* safety plan for Fran and her son.

Safety Plan Options	Potential Consequences	Bobby's Reaction	Resources Needed and Available
1.			
2.			
3.			

- III. Summarize the safety planning process experience:
  - As a social worker how you would imagine Fran to be feeling throughout this process?
  - In what ways is safety planning helpful? What are the shortcoming of this process (resources that needed to be available that were not, injustices, etc.)
  - Did you 'disagree' with any of Fran's decisions? Why or why not?
  - How did your group do working through the safety planning process?
- IV. Your Reaction—Individualized Response Paper
  - Described what you learned from this process.
  - Describe professional reactions that you experienced in completing the safety planning assignment. What were your strengths, challenges/concerns about your competency?
  - How was it for you personally to complete this assignment? What was comfortable, uncomfortable, confusing, clear, etc. for you?

This assignment should be typed, doubled spaces, and APA style. Grammar, spelling, and sentence structure, and organization are important and will be critiqued. See Criteria above for evaluating this assignment. This assignment is worth 20 points.

## **Assignment # 2 Reaction Paper to Court Visit (15 points)**

Each student is expected to write a response paper related visiting court and hearing cases related to the family. The paper should address the following:

- 1. What were the three most compelling points for you and why?
- 2. What were the three most surprising issues for you and why?
- 3. Based on your experiences, learning or reading in this class, what three suggestions do you have for improving services to battered women and their children?
- 4. What role(s) should/do social workers/allied professionals fulfill in this system?

Students are expected to attend a half-day session (three to four hours) in court. You may attend any court that deals with family/domestic violence related cases anywhere in the country. Your reaction paper will be based on this experience. Students should integrate the information from the readings, class discussions, and lectures into your paper. I suggest you highlight the salient points of videos, speakers, etc. and connect those examples to the information you observed in court. Also, be sure to include your professional and personal reactions.

Reyna Wilson is the legal advocate with SafePlace and works at the Travis County DV court. Protective Orders are usually heard on Friday mornings. Her number is 854-4251. Please be sure to introduce yourself to Reyna or another advocate and if possible, the judge. Often, Judge Denton will graciously ask you to his chambers and answer questions about the process. These are very busy people and court often keeps them from being able to return messages or emails. You will need to take initiative and action to complete this assignment. Please call Reyna and leave her a message before you plan to attend court and introduce yourself when you attend court. Please arrive by 8 am to the DV court on Fridays. Please dress professionally.

You may also find the Travis County court docket at http://www.co.travis.tx.us/district\_courts/pdffiles/CrimSettingsbyDefendant.pdf

Please note that although cases are scheduled they are very often postponed and set for another date for various legal reasons.

Evaluation criteria includes your ability to integrate and synthesize information, formulate a thoughtful position for discussion, develop a convincing, coherent, and well-supportive argument/points, and scholarly writing.

This assignment should be typed, doubled spaces, and APA style. Follow the outline above and use page numbers and titles as well as opening (introduction) and closing paragraphs (summary). This outline may be modified after our in-class discussions. Grammar, spelling, and sentence structure, and organization are important and will be critiqued.

See Criteria above for evaluating this assignment. This assignment is worth 15 points.

## Assignment # 3 Reaction Paper to Project Options (15 points)

Each student is expected to write a response paper related to observing group and in-class presentation. The paper should address the following:

- 1. What were the three most compelling points for you and why?
- 2. What were the three most surprising issues for you and why?
- 3. Based on your experiences, learning or reading in this class, what three suggestions do you have for improving services to abusers, battered women and their children?
- 4. What role(s) should/do social workers/allied professionals fulfill in this system?

Students are expected to attend one group meeting. Your reaction paper will be based on this experience as well as the in-class presentation. Students should integrate the information from the readings, class discussions, and lectures into their paper. I suggest you highlight the salient points of videos, speakers, etc. and connect those examples to the information you observed in group. Also, be sure to include your professional and personal reactions.

Karrie Key is one of the group facilitators for Project Options. She can be reached on her cell (512) 507-1456 or at SafePlace (512) 267-7233. Please let her know you are a student in this class and would like to observe group. Groups are held at the Granger Building downtown, 11th and Guadalupe St.

### Assignment # 4 Reaction Paper to Life Anew (15 points)

Each student is expected to write a response paper related to observing group and the in-class presentation. The paper should address the following:

- 1. What were the three most compelling points for you and why?
- 2. What were the three most surprising issues for you and why?
- 3. Based on your experiences, learning or reading in this class, what three suggestions do you have for improving services to abusers, battered women and their children?
- 4. What role(s) should/do social workers/allied professionals fulfill in this system?

Students are expected to attend one group meeting. Your reaction paper will be based on this experience as well as the in-class presentation. Students should integrate the information from the readings, class discussions, and lectures into their paper. I suggest you highlight the salient points of videos, speakers, etc. and connect those examples to the information you observed in group. Also, be sure to include your professional and personal reactions.

Kim Conley-Patton, M.A. is the Executive Director of Life Anew. You will need to speak with her to arrange a time to observe the group. She can be reached at (512) 297-3183. The groups are held at 1504 East 51<sup>st</sup> St, Austin, TX, 78721.

Evaluation criteria include your ability to integrate and synthesize information, formulate a thoughtful position for discussion, develop convincing, coherent, and well-supportive argument/points, and scholarly writing.

This assignment should be typed, doubled spaces, and APA style. Follow the outline above and use page numbers and titles as well as opening (introduction) and closing paragraphs (summary). This outline may be modified after our in-class discussions. Grammar, spelling, and sentence structure, and organization are important and will be critiqued.

See Criteria above for evaluating this assignment. This assignment is worth 15 points.

## Assignment # 5 Assigned Readings & Presentation (15 points)

Each student will be responsible for summarizing assigned readings.

Directions: Summarize each article/chapter in about a paragraph. This summary should also include a list of 15 - 20 of the most salient points of the reading. These points may be written in bullet form, but should be complete sentences.

Your handout should be a <u>maximum</u> of 2 pages. Your handout should include full citations of all the articles/chapters at the beginning of each summary. Be sure to your include your name on the handout, too.

You should bring enough copies to distribute to the class or I am glad to make copies for you and bring them to class for you. In this case, email or give me your summary handout on the Thursday evening prior to your presentation.

Students will also be responsible for leading the class discussion for the day the chapter/article is assigned. To lead the discussion, students should give a brief summary of the discussion points. **Please do not simply read your handout to the class**. Rather, talk about the topics under discussion. To facilitate the discussion, start by offering several questions on the topic(s) and information that the literature has suggested. You might also highlight questions that have not been examined. **All students are expected have read the materials and be engaged in the in-class discussions.** Presentations will be approximately 30 - 45 minutes per topic. Topics will be randomly chosen.

Students will be evaluated by the instructors and by her/his peers. See Criteria for Criteria for Evaluating Chapter Summary and Presentations in sections X and XI, respectively. This assignment is worth 15 points of the overall grade. Peer evaluations will be averaged and account for 5% each and the instructor's evaluation will account for 10% each.

#### Assignment #6 Small Group Project with a Local Agency (20 points)

Students will be required to work collaboratively on an issue that is locally relevant to the Texas Council on Family Violence, SafePlace, Women's Advocacy, Travis County Task Force, Lifeworks, etc. all agencies serving survivors of domestic and sexual assault. Details of this project will be addressed in class including tasks, responsibilities, and grading criteria.

This assignment is worth 20 points. Students may earn the same or different points on this assignment. Topics are to be determined. Once the project is submitted and graded, final grades will be calculated and submitted to the registrar. Because of the structure of this accelerated course and this assignment, extensions for this project may be granted. If an extension is granted students will be assigned an "incomplete" until the final project is submitted. However, for students that need a final grade (incomplete grades may not be given if you are graduating or for financial aid, etc.) an extension may not be possible. Therefore, the project must be submitted by the original deadline.

If a paper is assigned, the paper should be organized in a logical sequence and subheadings should clearly delineate sub-topics. For all written work be sure to use introductory sentences with each paragraph and introductory and closing paragraphs in your paper. The underlined phrases above should be identified as your paper's subheadings. Grammar, spelling, organization, critical thinking, etc. all count. For more grading

information see the Criteria for Grading Written Work later in this syllabus. An example an outline for a paper includes:

- Introduction to the issue/Nature and scope of the issue. Define the issue(s); number of people
  affected or institutions affected; economic and social consequences of the issue. How widespread
  is the problem? What are the historical antecedents of the problem/issue? Who specifically is
  affected and how? What are the known or suspected causes of the issues/problem? Are other
  localities, communities, states, countries facing a similar issue? What are they doing about it? (5 –
  8 pages)
- 2. <u>Literature Review.</u> What does the academic, media, and the advocacy community tell us about the issue? Is there empirical research on the topic? Is there antidotal information? (5 8 pages)
- 3. <u>Methodology</u>. How was data collected? What were the research questions? Describe the participants and survey. Etc. (3 4 pages)
- 4. <u>Findings or Analysis of Stakeholders.</u> What did the data show? What were the results? Or, who are the major stakeholders involved in this issue—how are they involved? What do they say should happen to address the issue? Identify proponents and opponents, if appropriate. (2 –4 pages)
- 5. <u>Conclusions and Recommendations.</u> What are your recommendations regarding the issue? How would you suggest the community address the issue? How would you improve understanding, services, etc.? (2 4 pages)

This assignment might involve the collect information through literature review, Internet searches, agency visits, in-person or telephone interviews, etc. where appropriate. Because of the cutting edge nature of this assignment, you might gather information from organizational information, experts, and the media.

#### **Simulation Exercise**

This teaching technique is designed to sensitize and train social work and human service practitioners for their future work with battered women The unit has five sub-components; a simulation exercise, individual reflection period, a large group debriefing period, a lecture on empowerment practice, and a small group problem solving exercise. The simulation exercise puts the student in the role of a battered woman that involves daily struggles and challenges a battered woman may encounter. The individual and group debriefing periods serve as processing sessions about the simulation experience. The lecture component seeks to clarify the misconceptions and myths about battered women and domestic violence, investigates the affects of trauma on women, presents models for understanding battering, and address appropriate social work interventions. The focus of the lecture is empowerment practice theory and techniques. The small group exercise provides the students with a problem solve opportunity to intervene on the behalf of battered women at an individual and group, community, and theory building levels.

Students are expected to participate in the simulation exercise. However, students may choose to, for a period of time, suspend their "play." Detailed information will be provided prior to the simulation exercise and on the day it is scheduled.

## Extra Assignment

Students who miss one or more class meetings **will be required** to complete an extra assignment. The student must write a 20 page paper related to domestic violence, battered women, children in abusive homes, or perpetrators. The scholarly paper must be APA style, type written, and turned in the last class meeting. You should use references from scholarly journals, books, and periodicals other than our required course materials. **The instructor must approve your topic in advance and the student must check in with the instructor about the absence before or in the case of emergencies as soon as possible.** 

# X. Special Topics

There are many other special topic areas that are of concern in studying about domestic violence (Native American women, men as victims, domestic violence in the military, etc.). However, given our time constraints, it is not possible to study all topic areas in-depth. However, it is likely that we will cover many of these topics during class discussions, during video presentations, with guest speakers, etc. I encourage students to seek out readings and resources specific to special topic areas of their interest.

## XI. Course Calendar

Day & Date	Topic/Focus	Reading Assignments	Written & Other
Friday August 30	Broad Overview DV	Lockhart & Danis Introduction & Chapter 1	Assignments Syllabus Discussion Video
	Empowerment Practice and Advocacy	On Blackboard: Hotlines and Other Resources; Prevalence of DV in TX; Instruments for DV TIPS Series;	Simulation Exercise
Friday Sept 6	Theories, Concepts, History of the DV Movement	Lockhart & Danis Chapters 1 & 9	Discussion Presentations Video
	Family Violence Law and Legal Responses	On Blackboard TX Family Violence Laws; Family Law for Legal Advocates	Speaker
Friday Sept 13	Safety Planning and Intervention	Black and Blue On Blackboard : Davies Chapters 5, 6, & 7	Discussion Presentations Book Discussion on Black and Blue
Friday Sept 20	African American Women Asian Women Women with Disabilities Immigrants and Refugees Latinas Same Sex Abuse	Lockhart & Danis Chapters 3, 4, 5, 6 & 8 On Blackboard: TCFV report on Hispanic Texans	Discussion Presentations Video
Friday Sept 27	Women in Later Life Military Responses Islam and Abuse Religion and DV Impact on Children  Native American Women Appalachia Teen Abuse	Lockhart & Danis Chapters 7, 10, & 12 On Blackboard : Bancroft (2004) Chapters 4 & 5 Lockhart & Danis Chapter 11, 13, & 14	Discussion Video Presentations (Safety Planning paper due)
Friday Oct 4	Batterers Supporting Friends and Family	On Blackboard: Bancroft (2002) Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, & 14; Wilson Chapter 8 When Someone You Know; Bancroft (2004) Chapter 16;	Panel Discussion Presentations
	Ending DV		Possible Guest Speaker

Criteria for Evaluating In-Class Reading & F	Presentation Assig	nment by Instructo	<u>or</u>	
Name				
	Inadequate Or Poor	Adequate	Good	Excellent
Broad understanding of readings				
Recapitulation readings without reading				
summary points				
Relevance of summary points				
Ability to lead discussion				
Creativity of discussion questions/activity				
Follow syllabus instructions				
Overall presentation				
Strengths of the Presentation:				
1.				
2.				
3.				
Suggestions for Improvement:				
1.				
2.				
3.				
Total Points: of 15				
Comments:				

# Criteria for Evaluating In-Class Reading & Presentation Assignment by Self & Peers

Presenter's Name check here for self evaluation				
Broad understanding of literature				
Recapitulation readings without reading summary points				
Relevance of summary points on handout				
Ability to lead discussion				
Creativity of discussion questions				
Added to my learning of this topic				
Overall presentation				
Strengths of the Presentation:				
1.				
2.				
3.				
Suggestions for Improvement:				
1.				
2.				
3.				
Total Points: (1 – 5; where 5 is high)				
Other Comments:				

#### Criteria for Evaluation of Written Work

## 1. Completeness and thoroughness

How fully has the issue been addressed? When appropriate, has the issue been sufficiently researched using library resources, interview, and other means in order to gain differing perspectives and full knowledge of the issue? Has the theoretical and empirical literature on the subject been incorporated in the paper? Does the paper leave the reader with the impression that major questions have been considered, or are important issues left unaddressed? Has the paper been carefully proofread?

## 2. Organization and clarity

Is the paper well written and organized in a logical manner? Are there appropriate transitions between sentences, paragraphs, and sections? Are the sentence structure, syntax, and grammar of appropriate quality? Have headings and subheading been used to improve organization? Has the student addressed issues in a way that can be understood by someone unfamiliar with the issues as wee as by someone knowledgeable about the issues?

## 3. Referencing

Are there a sufficient number of appropriate references? Has referencing been done appropriately and according to the style of the American Psychological Association? Are the references well integrated in the text? Were the references obtained from various sources (scholarly, Internet, interviews, etc.)? Are short direct quotations noted in quotation marks; are longer direct quotations indented, and are page numbers indicated for all direct quotations? Are indirect quotes paraphrased sufficiently? Were interviews of those who are involved with the creation or setting of policy and those impacted by the policy included in the analytical discuss of the policy?

### 4. Originality and Creativity

Have different viewpoints been compared and contrasted in a way that shows that the writer has a thorough understanding of the issues? Has the writer used his or her analytical skills in a way that suggests more than a restatement of what other have said about this issue? Has the student suggested points that have not been addressed by others?

Criteria for Evaluation of Written Work

		applicable to this assignment)	
Consistent	Consistent throughout	Not consistent throughout	
throughout paper (Yes)	most of paper	the paperneeds work (Not	
	(Mostly)	enough)	
			Issue fully addressed
			Sufficiently researched*
			Theoretical & empirical
			literature incorporated*
			Major questions have been
			addressed
			Carefully proofread
	y (some criteria not applicable		
Consistent	Consistent throughout	Not consistent throughout	
throughout paper (Yes)	most of paper	the paper needs work	
	(Mostly)	(Not Enough)	
			Well written & organized
			Appropriate transitions
			Sentence structure, syntax,
			and grammar
			Headings and subheadings
			Understandable to
			unfamiliar reader
			Understandable to familiar
			reader
	ria not applicable to this assig		
Consistent	Consistent throughout	Not consistent throughout	
throughout paper (Yes)	most of paper	the paper needs work	
	(Mostly)	(Not Enough)	
			Sufficient Number of
			References *
			APA style utilized
			References well integrated
			References from various
			sources *
			Correct use of quotations
			Indirect quotes
			paraphrased sufficiently
			Interviews included in
			analysis *
	ty (some criteria not applicable		<u></u>
Consistent	Consistent throughout	Not consistent throughout	
throughout paper	most of paper	the paperneeds work (Not	
(Yes)	(Mostly)	Enough)	Diff.
			Different viewpoints
	+		compared and contrasted
			Use of own analytical skills
			not just restatement
			Suggested points not been
Assissment O. (II. D.)			addressed by others
Assignment Outline Point		noints need more denth explar	antina andinavastas
VAS	no	nomis need more denin explai	INDOCATION OF A SCHEENING

#### References

- Ammerman, R., & Hersen, M. (Eds.) (1992). <u>Assessment of Family Violence: A Clinical and Legal</u> Sourcebook. New York, NY: A Wiley-Interscience Publication.
- Austin Family Magazine (2002). [Internet]. Retreived July 3, 2002, 2002, from the World Wide Web: http://www.austinfamily.com/resource.htm
- Baker, E. A., Homan, S., Schonhoffb. R., & Kreuter, M. (1999). Principles of practice for academic/practice/community research partnerships. *American Journal of Preventive Medicine*, 16(3), 86-93.
- Bancroft, L. (2004). When dad hurts mom: Helping your children heal the wounds of witnessing abuse. Putnam, New York, NY.
- Bancroft, L. (2002). Why does he do that? Inside the minds of angry and controlling men. New York, NY: G. P. Putman's Sons.
- Barrett, M., & Wolfer, T. (2001). Reducing anxiety through a structured writing intervention: A single-system evaluation. Families in Society: *The Journal of Contemporary Human Services*, 82 (4), 355-362.
- Barnett, O., Miller-Perrin, C. & Perrin, R. (2005). <u>Family violence across the lifespan: An introduction, second edition.</u> Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Begun, A. (2003). Characteristics of Safe At Home Instrument for Assessing Readiness to Change Intimate Partner Violence, *Research on Social Work Practice*, 13\_(1), 80 107.
- Brandwein, R. (1999). (Ed.). <u>Battered women, children, and welfare reform: The ties that bind.</u> Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Breidel, Jan (2001). *Child Protective Services: Learning the Basics.* Department of Health and Family Services, Madison, WI.
- Breidel, Jan and Hanusa, Darald. <u>Domestic Violence and Child Welfare Practice.</u> National Clearinghouse on Child Abuse and Neglect, Fairfax, VA.
- Buchanan, B. (2003). Family violence laws (ed. McLendon, B.) Texas Council on Family Violence Buel, S. (1999). Fifty obstacles to leaving, aka, why abuse victims stay. The Colorado Lawyer, 28, (10/19), 19 28.
- Burman, S. (2003). Battered women: Stages of change and other treatment models that instigate and sustain leaving. *Brief Treatment and Crisis Intervention*, 3 (1), 83 98.
- Child Abuse and Domestic Violence: Creating Community Partnerships for Safe Families . Suggested Components of an Effective Child Welfare Response to Domestic Violence by Janet Carter and Susan Schecter of the Family Violence Prevention Fund. (November, 1997);
- "Child Abuse and Domestic Violence: Legal Connections and Controversies" by Howard A. Davidson from Family Law Quarterly, Vol. 29, No. 2, Summer 1995;

- "Child Protective Workers and Battered Women's Advocates: A Strategy for Family Violence Intervention" by Nina Cummings and Andrea Mooney from the Journal Response, Vol. 11, No.2, 1998;
- Cover copy and table of contents Child Maltreatment Journal of the American Professional Society on the Abuse of Children:
- Dalton, C., & Schneider, E. (2001). Battered women and the law. New York, NY: Foundation Press
- Daro, D., & McCurdy, K. (1994). Preventing child abuse and neglect: Programmatic interventions. *Child Welfare*, 73(5), 405-426.
- Diao, M. (2002). Representative Capps lauded for introducing new legislation on domestic violence screening. Resources Newsdesk Family Violence Prevention Fund, March 20, 2002.
- Domestic Violence Protocol for CPS by the Massachusetts Department of Social Services Domestic Violence Unit. (February, 1995);
- Domestic Violence Protocol: A guide for Child Protective Service Workers and Domestic Violence Advocates protocol from the Artemis Center for Alternatives to Domestic Violence, Montgomery County Ohio (1996);
- Davies, J.M. & Lyon, E. (1988). <u>Safety planning with battered women: Complex lives/difficult choices</u>. Thousand Oaks, Sage Publications.
- Dutton, D. (1998). <u>The abusive personality: Violence and control in intimate relationships.</u> New York, NY: The Guilford Press.
- Dykstra, C. "Domestic Violence and Child Abuse: Related Links in the Chain of Violence." *Protecting Children*, Vol 11 (3), 3-5, 1995.
- Edelson, J. L. (1999a). The overlap between child maltreatment and woman battering, *Violence Against Women*, 5(2), 134-154.
- Edelson, J. L. (1999b). Children's witnessing of adult domestic violence. *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*, 14(8), 839-870.
- "Failure to Protect and it's Impact on Battered Women" by Jill Davis, J.D. from *Courts and Communities:*Confronting Violence in the Family" Vol.1, No1.3., The National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges;
- Family Violence Prevention Fund (2001). Guidelines for Conducting Family Team Conferences When There Is A History Of Domestic Violence, San Francisco, CA.
- Family Violence Prevention Fund (2002). <u>Policy Talks: A Forum for Practitioners in the Field of Domestic</u> Violence, Child Welfare, and Family Law. Vol. 1 Issue 1., San Francisco, CA.
- Finding Common Ground: Michigan's Domestic Violence/Child Welfare Collaboration by Janet E. Findlater and Susan Kelly. (1996)
- Fazzone, P.A., Kingsley Holton, J., Glover Reed, B. (n.d.) Substance abuse treatment and domestic violence: Treatment improvement protocol (TIP) series

- Finn, M. & Stalans, L. (1997). The Influence of Gender and Mental Decisions on Police Decisions in Domestic Assault Cases. Pp. 157 177.
- Fowler, D. & Hill, H. (2003). Social support and spirituality as culturally relevant factors in coping among African American women survivors of partner abuse, Violence Against Women, 9, X, pp. 1-16.
- Ganley Ph.D., Anne, Schechter, Susan, *Domestic Violence: A National Curriculum For Child Protection Services* Family Violence Prevention Fund, 1996.
- Gelles, R. (1997). Intimate violence in families. (3rd ed.) Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Gerlock, A. (2001). A profile of who completes and who drops out of domestic violence rehabilitation, *Issues* in Mental Health Nursing, 22, pp. 379 400.
- Gondolf, E. (1998). Procedures for assessing women battering. <u>Assessing woman battering in mental health services</u>. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications. (pp. 65-94).
- Gondolf, E. (2002). Batterer interventions systems: Issues, outcomes and recommendations. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Hilton, N. Z. (1993). (Ed.) <u>Legal responses to wife assault: Current trends and evaluation.</u> Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications.
- "In the Best Interest of Women and Children: A Call for Collaboration Between Child Welfare and Domestic Violence Constituencies" by Susan Schechter and Jeffrey L. Edleson from the University of Minnesota web site at <a href="http://www.mincava.umn.edu">http://www.mincava.umn.edu</a> (1994).
- "Introduction to the Commentary. Battered Women and Abused Children: The Question of Responsibility" by Lucy Berliner for the *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*, Vol. 13, No.2, April 1998;
- Jaffe, Peter, Wolfe, David, David, and Wilson, Susan *Children of Battered Women*, Sage Publications, Newbury Park, California, 1990
- Jenkins, R. R., & Hutchison, J. G. (1996). The public health model of violence prevention: A partnership in medicine and education. *Journal of Negro Education*, 65(3), 255-266.
- Kerney, M. (1999). <u>Understanding women's recovery from illness and trauma</u>. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Lemon, Nancy, Jaffe, Peter, Domestic Violence and Children: Resolving Custody and Visitation Disputes A National Judicial Curriculum Family Violence Prevention Fund, 1995.
- Leventhal, J. M. (2001). The prevention of child abuse and neglect: Successfully out of the blocks. *Child Abuse & Neglect*. 25(4), 431-439.
- Lonergan, L. C. G. J. (2002). *Child Abuse: The role of radiology* [internet]. Retrieved 2002,2002, from the World Wide Web:

- Markward, M. (1997). The impact of domestic violence on children. Families in Society: <u>The Journal of Contemporary Human Services</u>, pp. 66-70.
- McGuigan, W. M., & Pratta, C. C. (2001). The predictive impact of domestic violence on three types of child maltreatment. *Child Abuse & Neglect*, 25(7), 869-883.
- McKay, M. M. "The Link Between Domestic Violence and Child Abuse: Assessment and Treatment Considerations" *Child Welfare*, Vol 73, (1), 29-39, 1994.
- McWilliams, M. ( ) Violence against women in societies under stress. In Dobash & Dobash (Eds.) Rethinking Violence Against Women, Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- Miller, B. and Downs, W. (2000). Violence against women. Chapter 42. Women and Health. Buffalo, NY: Academic Press. (pp. 529-540).
- Miller, B., Wilsnack, S. & Cunradi, C. (2000). Family violence and victimization: Treatment issues for women with alcohol problems, <u>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</u>, Vol. 24, No. 8, pp. 1287-1297.
- Mills, L. G. "Integrating Domestic Violence Assessment into Child Protective Services Intervention: Policy and Practice Intervention." *Battered Women and Their Families*, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. By Roberts, A. (Ed), Springer Publishing Co., New York, 1998.
- Mouton, C. (2003, December). Intimate partner violence and health status among older women, <u>Violence Against Women</u>, Vol. 9, 12, pp.1465-1477.
- National Association of Public Child Welfare Administrators (2001). <u>Guidelines for Public Child Welfare Agencies Serving Children and Families Experiencing Domestic violence</u>. Washington, D.C.
- National Clearinghouse on Child Abuse and Neglect. (2002). *National Child Abuse and Neglect Data*System (NCANDS) Summary of Key Findings from Calendar Year 2000 [internet]. Retrieved July 2002, 2002, from the World Wide Web: www.calib.com/nccanch/pubs/factsheets/canstats.cfm
- National Coalition of Anti-Violence Programs: National Report on Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Domestic Violence, pp. 1 20.
- National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges (1999). <u>Effective intervention in domestic violence</u> and child maltreatment: <u>Guidelines for policy and practice.</u> Reno, NV.
- National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges (1998). <u>Family Violence: Emerging programs for battered mothers and their children.</u> Reno, NV.
- O'Leary, K.D., & Maiuro, R. (Eds.) (2001). Psychological abuse in violent domestic relationships. New York,
- Peled, Einat, Jaffe, Peter, and Edleson, Jeffrey, *Ending The Cycle Of Violence* Sage Publications, Thousand Oaks, California, 1995.
- "Problems Associated with Children Witnessing Domestic Violence" by Jeffrey L. Edelson for VAWnet at <a href="http://www.vaw.umn.edu">http://www.vaw.umn.edu</a> (April, 1997);
- Program List: abuse/neglect child/youth (2002). [internet]. Retrieved July 3, 2002, 2002, from the World Wide Web: <a href="http://www.irissoft.com">http://www.irissoft.com</a>

- Program List: abuse/neglect family violence (2002). [internet]. Retrieved July 3, 2002, 2002, from the World Wide Web: http://www.irissoft.com
- Ptacek, J. (1999). Battered women in the courtroom: The power of judicial responses. Northeaster University Press, Boston.
- Renzetti, C., Edelson, J., & Bergen, R. K. (2001). (Eds) <u>Sourcebook on violence against women.</u> Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- "Responsible Mothers and Invisible Men: Child Protection in the Case of Adult Domestic Violence" by Jeffrey L. Edelson for the *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*. Vol. 13. No. 2. April 1998.
- Riger, S., Bennett, L., Wasco, S., Schewe, P. Frohmann, L., Camacho, J., & Campbell, R. (2002).
- Evaluating Services for Survivors of Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Roberts, A. (1996). (Ed.) <u>Helping battered women and their families: New perspectives and remedies.</u> New York: Oxford University Press.
- Robinson, A. (2002). <u>There's a Stranger in This House</u>. African American Lesbians and Domestic Violence, pp. 125- 132.
- Rudman, W. (2002). Coding and documentation of domestic violence. Family Violence Prevention Fund.
- Saunders, D. G., "Child Custody Decisions in Families Experiencing Woman Abuse" *Social Work*, Vol. 39 (1), 51-59, 1994.
- Schechter, Susan, Ganley, Ph.D., Anne, *Domestic Violence: A National Curriculum For Family Preservation Practitioners* Family Violence Prevention Fund, 1995.
- Schneider, E. (2000). Battered Women and Feminist Lawmaking. New Haven, CN: Yale University Press.
- "Sec. 409. Duties of Children's Protective Services" from the *Model Code on Domestic and Family Violence*, National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges. (1994);
- "Section F. Children's Protective Services" from *Family Violence: Improving Court Practice* by the National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges Family Violence Project (1990);
- Spears, Linda (2000). <u>Building Bridges Between Domestic Violence Organizations and Child Protective</u> Services. National Resource Center on Domestic Violence
- Stout, K. & McPhail, B. (1998). Confronting sexism and violence against women: A challenge for social work. New York: Addison Wesley Longman, Inc.
- The Administration for Children and Families. (2002). *Children's Bureau* [internet]. Retrieved July 2002, from the World Wide Web: www.acf.dhhd.gov/programs/cb/
- "The Overlap Between Child Maltreatment and Women Abuse" by Jeffrey L. Edleson for VAWnet at <a href="http://www.vaw.umn.edu">http://www.vaw.umn.edu</a>

- Tower, C. C. (2002). *Understanding child abuse and neglect* (fifth ed.). Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- Turner, S., & Sahpiro, C. (1986). Battered women: Mourning the death of a relationship. <u>Social Work,</u> September-October, pp. 372-376.
- U. S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2002). *The Administration for Children and Families* [internet]. Retrieved July 3, 2002, from the World Wide Web: www.acf.dhhs.gov/index.html
- Walker, L. (2000). The battered woman syndrome. New York, NY: Springer.
- Wallace, H. (1996). Gay and lesbian abuse (pp 237-248). In H. Wallace <u>Family Violence: Legal medical, and</u> social perspectives. Boston, MA: Allyn & Bacon.
- Wallace, H. (1996). Family Violence: Legal medical, and social perspectives. Boston, MA: Allyn & Bacon.
- Websdale, N. (1998). <u>Rural woman battering and the justice system: An ethnography.</u> Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications
- Wekerle, C., & Wall, A. M. (2002). <u>The violence and addiction equation</u>: Theoretical and clinical issues in substance abuse and relationship violence. New York, NY: Brunner-Routledge.
- West, C. (2002). Violence in the lives of black women: Battered black and blue
- White, E. (1994). <u>Chain Chain Change: For Black women in abusive relationships.</u> (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Seattle, WA: Seal Press.
- Williams Crenshaw, K. (1994). <u>Mapping the Margins: Intersectionality, Identity, Politics, and Violence Against Women of Color, pp. 93 118.</u>

## Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Crime Victims, Child Abuse Websites

American Bar Association Commission on Domestic Violence:

www.aba.net/org/domviol/home.html

Advocates for Abused and Battered Lesbians: www.aabl.org

Asian Against Domestic Abuse (AADA): www.aadainc.org/about.htm

Asian & Pacific Islander Institute on Domestic Violence (AAPI)

www.apiahf.org/apidvinstitute/default.htm

Asian Task Force Against Domestic Violence www.atask.org

Aid to Victims of Domestic Abuse www.avda-tx.org

Center for Disease Control and Prevention: www.cdc.gov

Center for the Prevention of Sexual Assault & Domestic Violence: www.cpsdv.org

Child Sexual Assault Info: www.prevent-abuse-now.com

Children's Rights Council: <a href="https://www.vix.com/crc">www.vix.com/crc</a>
Daya www.dayahouston.org/index daya.htm

Domestic Violence and Violence Related Research Resources:

www.growing.com/nonviolentresearch/dv/links/htm

Domestic Violence Coordinating Council www.dvcc.state.de.us/immigrationdir.html

Domestic Violence, Family Violence, Child Abuse Page: www.famvi.com

Domestic Violence in Lesbian Relationships:

Elder Abuse Prevention: <a href="http://www.oaktrees.org/elder">http://www.oaktrees.org/elder</a>

Elder Law Sites-Legal Assistance for the Elderly:www.aoa.dhhs.gov/aoa/webros/legal.htm

Family Violence Prevention Fund (FVPF) endabuse.org/

Institute on Domestic Violence in the African-American Community: www.dvinstitute.org

Jennifer Hope http://www.jennifershope.org/news.php

Minnesota Center Against Violence and Abuse (MINCAVA) www.mincava.umn.edu/

Men Stopping Violence: www.athens.net\~rblum\msvindex.html

Narika (Referral for South Asian Women):

www.umiacs.umd.edu\users\sawweb\sunnet\narika html

National Center for Victims of Crime: www.nvc.org

National Center on Elder Abuse: www.gwjapan.com/NCEA

National Children's Alliance: www.nncac.org

National Clearinghouse on Child Abuse/Neglect: www.calib.com/nccanch/index.htm

National Clearinghouse for Defense of Battered Women: www.feminist.org

National Coalition Against Domestic Violence: www.ncadv.org

National Council of Juvenile & Family Court Judges: www.ncjfcj.unr.edu

National Electronic Network on Violence Against Women (VAWnet) www.vawnet.org

National & International Domestic Violence Organizations: www.ilj.org/dv/national.html

National Organization of Victim Assistance: www.try-nova.org

National Partnership for Women & Families: www.nationalpartnership.org

National Women's Health Information Center: www.4woman.gov

Parents & Loved Ones of Abuse & Rape Survivors: www.geocities.comlHotsprings/2656/

Pennsylvania Coalition Against Domestic Violence www.pcadv.org

Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network: www.rainn.org

Resource (National) Center on Child Custody: www.ncifci.unr.edu

Sacred Circle (National Center to End Abuse Against Native Women):

www.scircle@sacred-circle.com

Safer Society Foundation: www.safersocietv.org

Saheli for Asian Families www.saheli-austin.org

South Asian Women's NETwork (SAWNET) sawnet.org

South Carolina Coalition Against Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault: www.sccadvasa.org

South Carolina Family Violence Intervention Agencies: www.familypreservation.com

Stalking: www.antistalking.com

Stalking Victims Sanctuary: www.stalkingvictims.com

Stop Violence Against Women (STOPVAW) www.stopvaw.org

Texas Council on Family Violence (TCFV) www.tcfv.org

Toolkit to End Violence Against Women toolkit.ncjrs.org

Victim Services Worldwide Domestic Violence Resource page: www.dvshelter.org/links.html

Violence Against Women Act of 1994: www.usdoj.gov/vawo/vawa.hlm

Violence Policy Center: www.vpc.org